This publication is not a contract or offer to contract. The Board of Trustees, University executive officers, and their agents reserve the right to change information contained herein without notice when circumstances warrant such action.
This Issue . . . .

of the Southern Illinois University Announcements covers in detail questions concerning the undergraduate program and applies to the Edwardsville Campus. It supersedes Volume 12, Number 8 of the Southern Illinois University Bulletin.

THE FOLLOWING ISSUES of the Southern Illinois University Announcements may be obtained free from Central Publications, Southern Illinois University, Edwardsville, Illinois 62025.

Graduate School Catalog.
Guidelines for Prospective Students.
Schedule of Classes. Please specify quarter (fall, winter, spring, or summer).
Undergraduate Catalog. The catalog is available for examination in high school guidance offices and libraries throughout Illinois and in some other states. Copies will be furnished free to educational institutions upon request and to new students upon matriculation. A copy of the catalog may be purchased at the University Bookstore for $1; mail orders should be sent to Central Publications and must include remittance payable to Southern Illinois University.
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University Calendar

SPRING, 1971
Quarter Begins: Monday, March 29 *
Memorial Day Holiday: Monday, May 31
Final Examinations: Saturday–Friday, June 5–11
Commencement (Edwardsville): Friday, June 11
Commencement (Carbondale): Saturday, June 12

SUMMER, 1971
Quarter Begins: Monday, June 21 *
Independence Day Holiday: Monday, July 5
Final Examinations: Monday–Friday, August 30–September 3
Commencement (Edwardsville): Friday, September 3
Commencement (Carbondale): Saturday, September 4

FALL, 1971
New Student Days: Sunday–Tuesday, September 19–21
Quarter Begins: Tuesday, September 21 *
Thanksgiving Vacation: Tuesday, 10 P.M.–Monday, 8 A.M., November 23–29
Final Examinations: Saturday–Friday, December 11–17

WINTER, 1972
Quarter Begins: Monday, January 3 *
Washington's Birthday Holiday: Monday, February 21
Final Examinations: Saturday–Friday, March 11–17

SPRING, 1972
Quarter Begins: Monday, March 27 *
Memorial Day Holiday: Monday, May 29
Final Examinations: Saturday–Friday, June 3–9
Commencement (Carbondale): Friday, June 9
Commencement (Edwardsville): Saturday, June 10

* Classes begin with the evening classes after 5:30 P.M. on the Carbondale Campus and with the evening classes after 4:30 P.M. on the Edwardsville Campus.
## Board of Trustees and Officers of Administration

### Board of Trustees

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Term Expires</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Harold R. Fischer, <em>Chairman</em>, Granite City</td>
<td>1975</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ivan A. Elliott, Jr., <em>Vice-Chairman</em>, Carmi</td>
<td>1973</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Martin V. Brown, <em>Secretary</em>, Carbondale</td>
<td>1973</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>William W. Allen, Bloomington</td>
<td>1975</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edwin O. Berry, Chicago</td>
<td>1977</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harris Rowe, Jacksonville</td>
<td>1977</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Earl E. Walker, Harrisburg</td>
<td>1977</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Michael J. Bakalis (<em>Ex-officio</em>), Springfield</td>
<td>1977</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alice Griffin, <em>Assistant Secretary</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Officers of Administration

- John S. Rendleman, Chancellor
- Andrew J. Kochman, Vice-Chancellor
- Robert M. Bruker, Registrar and Director of Admissions
The University

Southern Illinois University is a multi-purpose and diversified university that, since its establishment in 1869, has sought to meet the educational needs of the times for the people which it serves as a public institution. It is fully accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools.

Though the student population has increased manifold from its beginning, the formation of schools, colleges, divisions, and departments within the University enables the institution to concentrate on the special interests of its individual students. The University in total size now ranks seventeenth in the nation. It offers facilities and faculty to give general and professional training to students ranging from two-year programs leading to associate degrees to the doctoral degree level.

Because of the growing demand for educational opportunities in the Madison–St. Clair counties area, the University established the Alton Residence Center and the East St. Louis Residence Center in 1957, the former on the campus of what used to be Shurtleff College, the latter in a senior high school building.

During the year 1958–59, communities in Madison and St. Clair counties launched a drive that helped acquire a large central campus site on the outskirts of Edwardsville, Illinois, approximately twenty miles east of St. Louis, Missouri. From what was once farm land has now risen a complex of uniquely designed buildings which constitute the Edwardsville Campus.

Thus, though Southern Illinois University is a single university, it has several campuses with the major designations being the Carbondale Campus, with its Vocational-Technical Institute and Little Grassy Lake installation, and the Edwardsville Campus, the latter including the East St. Louis Center, the Alton Center, and the campus at Edwardsville.

Edwardsville Campus

The general administrative offices for the Edwardsville Campus are located on the central campus, which is comprised of 2,600 acres of rolling farm land and wooded valleys along the bluffs flanking the Mississippi River southwest of Edwardsville, Illinois.

The master plan for the Edwardsville site provides facilities for a daily commuting student body of 18,000.

Buildings now occupied are Lovejoy Library, Peck Classroom Building, Communications Building, Science Laboratory Building, the University Center, and the General Office Building. In the planning stages are buildings for physical education and theater and fine arts.

The facilities of the former Shurtleff College have been leased by the University for the operation of the Alton Center. Eight permanent build-
ings form the nucleus of this 40-acre campus. Nine additional buildings have been prepared on a temporary basis to meet current needs. The School of Dental Medicine is located at the Alton Center.

The East St. Louis Center is located on Ohio Street at Ninth and Tenth. This site contains facilities for the Experiment in Higher Education and the Performing Arts Training Center and Dynamic Museum.

The University Libraries

The Elijah P. Lovejoy Library contains about 475,000 volumes; 225,000 United States, Illinois, and international organization government document items; 75,000 maps; 10,000 phonograph records; and a number of special research collections. About 50,000 volumes are added annually and 5,000 periodicals are subscribed to. The Alton and East St. Louis Libraries also contain about 20,000 volumes each, mostly chosen to support the General Studies programs at those locations. In addition, the resources of the Morris Library at Carbondale, over a million volumes, are available to faculty and graduate students. A printed catalog and other aids are available for the identification of materials which may be borrowed. Similarly accessible are the 2,000,000 volumes of the Center for Research Libraries, Chicago. Special memberships also permit faculty and graduate students to use the St. Louis Mercantile Library and the Missouri Historical Society Library.

Other areas of particular strength include:

2. Files of Negro newspapers on microfilm.
3. A collection of documents on more than one hundred reels of microfilm on the history of the Mormons in Illinois.
4. Over 101,000 items of sheet music and scores of American popular music.
5. A Slavic and East European collection of about 9,000 volumes which includes a large number of rare Czech-American imprints.
6. Several thousand books, pamphlets, newspaper issues and periodicals, many of them in German, on the history of Nazism and related movements in the United States.
7. A collection of about 3,000 anti-slavery pamphlets on microcards, which is part of the Library's larger collection devoted to abolitionist literature and to both historical and contemporary civil rights literature.

The Lovejoy Library is also a major source of materials on the history of the region which the Edwardsville Campus serves.

Lists of current periodicals and other serials are also available.
Admission, Advisement, and Registration

In order to attend classes at Southern Illinois University, one must gain official admission to the University and must complete the registration process, which includes specialized testing, advisement, sectioning, and payment of fees.

Admission

Applications for admission to the University are accepted any time during the calendar year but should be initiated in ample time to permit the necessary work of processing to be completed.

Admission of Freshmen

To be considered for admission, a person must be either a graduate of a recognized high school (graduates of non-recognized high schools may be admitted by the Director of Admissions by examination) or must have passed the General Educational Development Test. A person seeking admission through the latter procedure will be considered only after his high school class would have graduated.

In-state high school graduates who rank in the upper half of their graduating class based upon class rank or by scores on the American College Test (A.C.T.) will be permitted to enter any quarter, while those who rank in the lower half of their graduating class will be permitted to enter with a condition of Scholastic Warning for the summer quarter only. Please see pages 11–12 for further information.

Out-of-state high school graduates who rank in the upper forty percent of their graduating class based upon class rank or by scores on the American College Test (A.C.T.) will be permitted to enter any quarter, while those in the upper half of their graduating class but not in the upper forty percent will be permitted to enter conditionally during the summer quarter only.

Both in-state and out-of-state lower-ranking students who elect to enter during the summer quarter can qualify for fall quarter attendance by carrying a minimum academic load of 8 hours and completing them with at least a C average.

Students will be considered for admission after completion of the sixth semester of high school. All prospective freshmen must submit high school records and furnish A.C.T. scores prior to being admitted to Southern Illinois University.

All admissions granted students while in high school are subject to the completion of high school work and maintenance of rank upon which the admission was made.

A student entering the University as a freshman seeking a bachelor’s degree is enrolled in the General Studies Division.
Admission of Transfer Students

For academic purposes an undergraduate applicant for admission to Southern Illinois University is considered to be a new freshman provided he presents fewer than 12 quarter hours of graded work for transfer consideration; otherwise he is considered to be a transfer student.

Students applying as undergraduate transfer students from four-year institutions are admissible to any quarter provided they had a 3.00 grade point average at the institution of last attendance. Students who do not have a 3.00 grade-point average at the institution of last attendance but are eligible to continue at that institution will be considered for admission on probation for summer, winter and spring quarters. Those who are not eligible to continue at their last institution will be considered for admission on probation for the summer and spring quarters provided there has been an interruption of schooling of at least two quarters duration and there is tangible evidence that additional education can be successfully completed by the student.

In the event a student has attended more than one institution, the institution of last attendance is considered to be the one last attended on a full-time basis for at least one quarter or semester. Twelve hours is considered as full-time for this purpose.

Students applying for admission from two-year institutions are subject to the same conditions specified above for transfer from four-year institutions. However, a student who did not meet the University's admission requirements to enter as a freshman from high school during the regular year and who elected to enter a two-year institution will not be considered for admission as a transfer student until he has completed one year of attendance at the two-year institution as a full-time student. This means an academic year or 36 quarter or 24 semester hours. Also, students who have graduated with an associate degree in a baccalaureate-oriented program from a two-year institution may enter Southern Illinois University any quarter without regard to their average provided they have not taken additional college-parallel work since their graduation. If they have, their admission will be considered from the same standpoint as a student transferring from a four-year institution.

Transfer students who have been suspended for any reason other than academic failure must be cleared by the Dean of Students Office before admission will be granted by the Director of Admissions.

Transfer credit from baccalaureate programs is evaluated for acceptance towards University and General Studies requirements by the Registrar's Office after the admission decision has been made. The evaluation toward satisfaction of specific curriculum requirements is done by the department or agency directing the specific curriculum. General principles governing the acceptance of transfer work are as follows:

1. All transfer work is entered on the student's official record of academic work maintained in the Registrar's Office and continues to be applied to the student's total academic record.

2. The number of $D$ hours accepted from each institution is equal to one-third the $A$, $B$, and $C$ hours. Any $D$ work not so accepted, however, may be used to satisfy general University, academic unit, or specific program course requirements when applicable.

3. Credit transferred on or after June 1, 1967, from an accredited two-year institution is limited only by the provision that the student must earn
the last 96 quarter hours required for the degree at Southern Illinois University or at any other approved four-year institution, except that the student must meet the residence requirement for a degree from the University. These requirements can be found elsewhere in this catalog. Conditions governing the acceptance of credit from four-year higher educational institutions also apply to acceptance of credit from two-year institutions.

Further information on the application of transfer work towards satisfying General Studies and graduation requirements may be found elsewhere in this catalog.

Transfer students from baccalaureate programs presenting fewer than 64 quarter hours of acceptable work are enrolled in the General Studies Division as are those with 64 to 90 hours whose areas of concentration are undetermined. Others are enrolled in the appropriate upper division academic unit in keeping with their expressed educational objective.

**Admission of Foreign Students**

In addition to the standard admissions procedures outlined above, each foreign applicant must submit a “Questionnaire for Foreign Students” which lists all previous schooling. Individual marks sheets (transcripts) from the applicant’s secondary or middle schools are also required. In the case of a transfer applicant from a foreign university, the candidate must provide, in addition to transcripts per se, a detailed description (syllabus) of the content of the individual courses for which he seeks transfer credit before any evaluation of credits will be performed. All documentation must be in English, and it is the applicant’s responsibility to provide any translations required. All translations must be accompanied by the signed certification of the translator, attesting that the translation is a veritable representation of the contents of the original.

The applicant is required to provide scores on the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL), unless English is the traditionally recognized native language of his homeland. No other language examination is considered an acceptable alternate, nor will successful completion of an intensive training course in English as a second language remove the requirement. The student must make provision for his own financial need, and is required to certify his financial stability before his application is considered. The University assumes no financial obligation to the student because of the fact of admission.

Basically, the same admissions limitations prevail as are imposed upon other out-of-state students for the fall quarter, except that all documentation must be on file no later than two months prior to the beginning of the quarter into which the candidate seeks admission.

**Admission of Former Students**

A former student of Southern Illinois University not in attendance on a campus at the close of the quarter preceding application for admission must apply to the Admissions Office for re-entrance prior to registration.

A former student who is not in good standing must clear his status before the Admissions Office will prepare his registration permit. It is advisable for such a student to initiate re-entrance clearance early so that all inquiries may be answered and so that the applicant can find time to complete any requirements that may be imposed upon him. (See Scholastic Probation and Suspension elsewhere in this bulletin.)
Applying for Admission

A student may start his admission process at any time. High school students who rank sufficiently high to be eligible for admission to any quarter are urged to initiate action during their seventh semester in high school. Others may apply at that time but decision will be delayed until after the end of the seventh semester. Transfer students should initiate the process during the last semester or quarter of attendance at the previous school if they plan to transfer without interruption. Students who delay their admission processing until the start of the quarter which they wish to enter, while they will be admitted if eligible, are subject to late registration fees and may be confronted with having to accept less desirable class schedules than would otherwise be the case.

The admission process is started by writing the Admissions Office, Southern Illinois University, Edwardsville, Illinois 62025, indicating a desire to apply and requesting admission materials. The materials that are sent contain the application and related forms that need to be completed along with procedural instructions.

Documents Required for Admission

Among the items required by the University before admission is completed are the following:

1. The completed application form from the student.
2. Transcripts of previous educational experience. For the high school student the request is for two copies of the high school transcript. For the transfer student the request is for an official transcript from each institution previously attended sent directly to this University from the previously attended school. In addition, transfer students presenting fewer than 42 quarter hours (28 semester hours) of completed work must provide to the University a copy of their high school transcript.
3. University entrance examination scores. All students applying for admission directly from high school and all transfer students who have completed fewer than 42 quarter hours (28 semester hours) must have their official A.C.T. scores sent to the University from the American College Testing Program, Box 451, Iowa City, Iowa 52240.

Advisement

After a student has been admitted to Southern Illinois University, he should talk with an adviser about his educational plans and complete his registration for the quarter he expects to enter the University.

To insure that an undergraduate student is properly advised concerning the choice of a course which will fulfill the requirements of the University and prepare him for his chosen career, academic advisement has been made the special responsibility of a group selected from the teaching faculty. During his first two years the student will receive prime advice from an adviser responsible to the Dean of General Studies. If he chooses to declare a special field of interest then, his General Studies adviser will refer him to someone representing his special field of interest for secondary advice; but formal admission to a specific field will be deferred until the student completes 64 hours of General Studies credit. All students in General Studies must initiate transfer into their chosen unit before enrolling again, after completion of 96 hours of credit.
After admission to some special field, the student will receive prime advice from a representative of that field. For example, students enrolling in the Experiment in Higher Education or the Performing Arts Training Center will be advised at appropriate sites in East St. Louis.

Physical Examination

Each new student desiring to enroll at Southern Illinois University is required to have a physical examination completed prior to his initial registration for classes. A special medical form is provided which is to be completed by the student and his personal physician and returned to the University Health Service.

Registration

At Southern Illinois University, a system of advance registration is in operation. The period of time from the third through the tenth week of each quarter is used for advisement for the following quarter. For example, a student who plans to attend during the winter quarter may be advised between the third and tenth week, inclusive, of the fall quarter. A new student may also register on the opening day of each quarter. All students are urged to take advantage of the advance registration period.

Registration for any session of the University is contingent upon being eligible for registration. Thus, a registration including the payment of tuition and fees may be considered invalid if the student is declared to be ineligible to register due to scholastic reasons. The same situation may exist due to financial or disciplinary reasons if certified to the Registrar by the Dean of Students.

Detailed information about the dates and procedures for advisement and registration appears in the Schedule of Classes, available from Central Publications.

Tuition and Other Fees

The fees charged students are established by the Board of Trustees and are subject to change whenever conditions make changes necessary. At present, fees per quarter for undergraduate students are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Not more than 5 hrs.</th>
<th>More than 5, less than 11</th>
<th>11 or more</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tuition Fee—Illinois Resident</td>
<td>$39.00</td>
<td>$78.00</td>
<td>$117.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tuition Fee—Out of State</td>
<td>(133.00)</td>
<td>(265.00)</td>
<td>(398.00)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Welfare and Recreation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Building Trust Fund Fee</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td>15.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Athletic Fee</td>
<td>3.00</td>
<td>6.50</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Book Rental Fee</td>
<td>3.00</td>
<td>6.00</td>
<td>8.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Activity Fee</td>
<td>3.50</td>
<td>7.00</td>
<td>10.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>University Center Fee</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total—Illinois Resident</strong></td>
<td><strong>$58.50</strong></td>
<td><strong>$112.50</strong></td>
<td><strong>$165.50</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total—Out of State Resident</strong></td>
<td><strong>(152.50)</strong></td>
<td><strong>(299.50)</strong></td>
<td><strong>(446.50)</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In addition to the above fees, a student is subject to certain other charges under the following conditions:

1. A late registration fee of $5.00 when a student registers after the regular registration period has ended.
2. A $2.00 program change charge whenever a student changes his program from the one for which he originally registered, unless the change is made for the convenience of the University.

3. A graduation fee of $17.00.

Students holding valid state scholarships are exempt from the above fees to the extent provided by the terms of the specific scholarship held. An Illinois State Teacher Education Scholarship, an Illinois Military Scholarship, or an Illinois General Assembly Scholarship exempts the student from the paying of tuition, the student activity fee, and the graduation fee.

The student activity fee includes the fees for limited hospitalization, entertainment, athletics, student publications, and such other privileges as may be provided.

Faculty members and university civil service employees taking courses are not charged tuition and activity fees. However, they pay all other appropriate fees.

Extension course fees are $6.00 per hour plus a $1.05 book rental fee per course. (Graduate students must purchase their textbooks.)

Adult education course fees are computed on the basis of approximately sixty cents per contact hour.

Other charges which a student may incur are those for departmental field trips, library fines, and excess breakage. Also, a student taking a course involving use of materials, as distinct from equipment, will ordinarily pay for such materials.

A student registering for work on an audit basis is assessed fees on the same basis as when registering on a credit basis.

A student is entitled to a free transcript of his university record each time he has added academically to his record through work taken at this University, provided he has fulfilled all his financial obligations to the University. There is a charge of $1.00 for each additional transcript.

PAYMENT AND REFUNDING OF FEES

All fees are payable at the time of registration and are subject to changes whenever conditions necessitate changes.

Refunding of fees is possible only if a student has withdrawn from school, officially, within the first ten days of a quarter and only if the application for a refund is received in the Registrar’s Office within ten school days following the last regular registration day. (See Registration Calendar in the Schedule of Classes for specific dates.) This means that for quarters starting on a Monday the withdrawal from school must have been officially made within the first two calendar weeks of the quarter and the refund application received by Monday of the third week. No refunding of fees is made for a withdrawal occurring after the first two weeks.

A student who originally pays full fees and then finds that he must reduce his program to fewer hours may receive a refund of the tuition and book rental fee equivalent to the number of hours remaining as indicated in the fee schedule, provided the reduction is officially made during the first ten days of the quarter.

Academic Load

The normal academic load for a student is 16 hours. The maximum is 18 hours.
A student with a 4.25 grade-point average or above for the preceding quarter may be allowed by the head of his academic unit to take as many as 21 hours. In no case may a student carry, or be credited with, more than 21 hours in any quarter.

A student on scholastic probation may not take more than 14 hours without approval of the dean of his division. A student employed full-time should not register for more than 8 hours.

Ordinarily, a student must carry 12 or more hours per quarter to be considered a full-time student. However, a number of programs may carry different requirements and a student attending the University under a scholarship, loan, or other type of program requiring full-time enrollment, should check to make certain that he is meeting the requirements of his specific program. For example, Public Law 358 (the new GI Bill) requires 14 hours on the undergraduate level for full-time, 10 to 13 is considered three-quarter load, and 7 to 9 hours, half load. A student concerned with Selective Service on the undergraduate level needs to carry 12 hours to be considered full-time. However, for Selective Service purposes, a student must also be making satisfactory progress. Therefore, he needs to accumulate 48 passing hours each year. Because of this, he must consider 12 hours as only a minimum load for full-time purposes with 16 hours per quarter as the average load he must maintain throughout the year. Further information on both Public Law 358 and Selective Service is available in the Registrar’s Office.

Unit of Credit

Southern Illinois University operates on the quarter system. Therefore, references to hours of credit mean quarter hours rather than semester hours. One quarter hour of credit is equivalent to two-thirds of a semester hour. One quarter hour of credit represents the work done by a student in a lecture course attended fifty minutes per week for one quarter, and, in the case of laboratory and activity courses, the stated additional time.

Class Standing

An undergraduate student is classified as a freshman, sophomore, junior, or senior, depending upon the number of hours he has successfully completed toward the degree. A freshman is a student who has completed fewer than 42 hours; a sophomore, from 42 through 89; a junior, from 90 through 137; and a senior, 138 or more.

Course Numbering System

Generally, those courses which are numbered at the 100- and 200-level are for freshmen and sophomores. The 300-level courses are for juniors and seniors. Only students who have graduate standing or more than 96 hours of undergraduate credit may register in a 400-level course. Courses numbered 500 or higher are open to graduate students only.

Grading System

The following grading symbols are used for undergraduate work:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>GRADE POINTS PER HOUR</th>
<th>GRADE POINTS PER HOUR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A—Excellent.</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B—Good.</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

...
C—Satisfactory. (This is the grade for average performance.) .. 3
D—Poor. ...................................................... 2
E—Failure. ................................................... 1
W—Authorized withdrawal with no basis for evaluation established.
   Work may not be completed.
WP—Authorized withdrawal with passing grade. Work may not be
   completed.
WE—Authorized withdrawal with failing grade. Work may not be
   completed.
INC—Incomplete. Has permission of instructor to be completed.
DEF—Deferred. Used only for graduate courses of an individual, con-
   tining nature such as thesis or research.
ABS—Unauthorized withdrawal. Same as E for academic retention
   purposes.
S—Satisfactory. Used only for non-credit courses.
U—Unsatisfactory. Used only for non-credit courses.
AU—Audit. No grade or credit hours earned.
PASS—Credit toward graduation. No grade.
FAIL—No credit toward graduation. No grade.

All complete grades and the grades of WE and ABS are included in
determining student grade-point averages for academic retention purposes.

Authorized course withdrawals made through the program change
process do not receive grades when made during the first four weeks of a
quarter. Thereafter, authorized withdrawals receive WP for withdrawal
with a passing grade, WE for withdrawal with a failing grade, or W when
no basis for evaluation has been established.

Unauthorized course withdrawals which are made through failure of the
students to continue in attendance receive a grade of ABS. An ABS grade
for a student may be changed to a W in unusual circumstances upon the
recommendation of the head of the student’s academic unit.

An INC grade may be changed to a completed grade within a time
period to be designated by the instructor, not to exceed one year from
the close of the quarter in which the course was taken; otherwise it re-
mains as an INC grade and is not included in grade-point computation.

A DEF grade for course work of an individual nature such as research,
thesis, or dissertation is changed to a completed grade when the project
has been completed.

The grades of S and U are used to indicate satisfactory or unsatisfa-
tory completion of a non-credit course.

A student registering for a course on an audit basis receives no letter
grade and no credit hours. An auditor’s registration card must be marked
accordingly and he pays the same fees as though he were registering for
credit. He is expected to attend regularly and is to determine from the in-
structor the amount of work expected of him. If an auditing student does
not attend regularly, the instructor may determine that the student should
not have the audited course placed on his record card maintained in the
Registrar’s Office. A student registering for a course for audit or credit
may change to a credit status or vice versa through the official program
change method during the first four weeks of a quarter. Thereafter the
change may not be made.

The official record of a student’s academic work is maintained in the
Registrar’s Office.
Scholastic Standards

A student is expected to make satisfactory progress toward a degree, certificate, or other approved objective in order to be eligible to continue attendance at the University. A student making a 3.000 grade-point average for a quarter is eligible to continue attendance for the subsequent quarter.

To insure making satisfactory progress towards his educational objective, a student is required to maintain both a 3.000 grade-point average on a quarter-to-quarter basis, and a progressively improving grade-point average as he accumulates specified numbers of hours to his record. Otherwise, he will be placed in categories other than Good Standing and may be required to discontinue attendance at the University for a period of time.

SCHOLASTIC WARNING

A student who is on Good Standing will be placed on Scholastic Warning at the end of any quarter in which he fails to make a 3.000 average for that quarter, and he has:

a. Fewer than 90 hours calculated and a grade-point average below 3.000.
b. 90 but fewer than 138 hours calculated and a grade-point average below 3.100.
c. 138 or more calculated hours and a grade-point average below 3.150.

A student on Scholastic Warning who fails to earn a 3.000 grade-point average for a quarter is placed on Scholastic Probation. A student who does earn a 3.000 grade-point average or better for the quarter will remain on Scholastic Warning until his grade-point average meets the minimal requirements specified in a, b, or c.

SCHOLASTIC PROBATION AND SUSPENSION

A student on Scholastic Probation who fails to earn a 3.000 grade-point average for his next quarter of attendance is placed on ScholasticSuspension, and may be subject to suspension from the University for scholastic reasons. An exception to this rule shall prevail for those students in categories b and c whose over-all grade-point averages have not fallen below 3.000. These students will remain on Scholastic Probation until their grade-point averages rise above the minimal levels specified, in which case they will move to Good Standing. If their grade-point averages fall below 3.000, they will be placed on Scholastic Suspension. A student on Scholastic Probation will remain on Scholastic Probation so long as he continues to earn 3.000 grade-point or better for each quarter until such time as his over-all grade-point average moves above the minimal requirement as specified in a, b, or c, in which case he moves to Good Standing.

A transfer student is subject to the above grade-point averages as applied to his academic record earned only at this University and to his over-all academic record.

In addition to the above quarter-to-quarter scholastic requirements, a student is expected to maintain a progressively improving accumulated grade-point average to insure his making progress towards the 3,000 grade-point average required for graduation. To meet this requirement a student must meet the required grade-point averages specified below according to the number of hours he has calculated at the end of a spring quarter.
When a student earns less than a 3.000 grade-point average during a spring quarter, he will be scholastically suspended from the University if his grade-point average falls below that figure at the right for the corresponding number of cumulative hours listed at the left in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>QUARTER HOURS</th>
<th>REQUIRED AVERAGE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>42- 89</td>
<td>2.600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90-113</td>
<td>2.700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>114-137</td>
<td>2.800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>138-153</td>
<td>2.900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>154-</td>
<td>2.950</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

He may seek reinstatement after a minimum of two quarters' interruption but must furnish tangible evidence that additional education can be successfully undertaken.

A student who earned a 3.000 grade-point average during a spring quarter but whose grade-point average falls below the levels indicated above is placed on Scholastic Probation and is subject to the conditions governing a student on Scholastic Probation.

A transfer student is subject to the above grade-point averages as applied to his academic record earned only at this University and to his over-all academic record.

**Honors Day**

In recognition of high scholarship, an Honors Day convocation is held each spring. A candidate for a bachelor's degree in June or August who has maintained a grade-point average of 4.25 or more for all of his work through the winter quarter of his senior year receives special honor. Each junior having a 4.25 grade-point average and each sophomore and freshman having a 4.50 grade-point average is also honored at the convocation. Except in the case of a graduating senior, a student must be attending full time to be eligible. A transfer student must have earned the average indicated for work at Southern Illinois University only, as well as for the total record. Graduating seniors are also recognized at Commencement on the graduation program, and their diplomas designate honors granted on the basis of Highest Honors (4.90 or higher); High Honors (4.75-4.89); and Honors (4.50-4.74).

**Special Programs for Credit**

**Credit for Military Experience**

Students who have had more than one year of acceptable military service may receive 3 hours of credit for physical education and 3 hours of credit in health education. Such credit satisfies the General Studies requirements in Area E. Applications for credit for military service may be made through the Registrar's Office.

**Extension and Correspondence**

A maximum of one-half of the number of hours required for the bachelor's degree, or 96 hours, may be taken by extension and correspondence courses combined. Of this total, not more than 48 hours may be taken in correspondence courses.

While Southern Illinois University does not maintain a correspondence division, courses taken by correspondence from institutions which are ac-
credited by their appropriate regional accreditation association are regularly accepted if the grade earned is $C$ or above.

**The Deans College**

The Deans College has been created to help outstanding students find an academic program that is more relevant to their needs and perhaps may carry them further along the road to professional competence than the usual undergraduate programs.

In general, a 4.5 grade-point average is required for admission to the Deans College, but students with outstanding high school records, and others highly recommended by reason of talent by a teacher, may be admitted directly from high school. Students selected for the Deans College must complete the usual 192 hours for the bachelor's degree.

Each Deans College student is assigned a senior faculty adviser who is a member of the Deans College, and whose field of interest reflects that of the student. The student works out with his adviser a program of studies based upon the student's needs and capabilities. This program, assigned on the authority of the adviser and the Deans College Coordinator, substitutes for all other University and divisional requirements. With the adviser's cooperation, a student may take up to 4 hours of honors work each quarter of full-time enrollment.

Interested students seeking additional information concerning the Deans College should write or call the Deans College Coordinator.
General Studies

Students who expect to receive the baccalaureate degree from this University with the exception of those in the Deans College must complete the General Studies Program. A General Studies Committee, composed of faculty representatives, student representatives, and administrators, is responsible for determining broad policies and approving specific courses and sequences of courses to be offered. The Dean of the General Studies Division is responsible for the implementation of these policies. The individual courses are taught by the academic division for which the courses were approved.

In order to graduate from the University with a bachelor's degree, a student must satisfy the General Studies requirements which are explained in this chapter. He must also satisfy the requirements for an area of concentration (major), and in many cases, a secondary concentration (minor). If the student plans to teach in an elementary or a secondary school, he should meet the requirements for teacher certification. There are also specific requirements for graduation for each degree. For graduation requirements other than General Studies, the student should examine the related sections of this catalog.

Aims and Purposes of the General Studies Program

The education of an enlightened people through the transmission of the culture of our times is a basic objective of higher education. Specialists themselves realize that rigid concentration within any field of study may deprive them of broader understandings so important for participation in life as citizens and parents. Our educational efforts, therefore, must produce individuals with an ability to use knowledge in a way which also advances social and cultural life. Our kind of free and democratic society cannot endure without such citizens.

General Studies are only part, not the whole, of man's education. While General Studies can conceivably help a student in his choice of occupation and can contribute to his success in a given occupation, their principal objective is not to develop vocational skills. They comprise that portion of the total curriculum which is concerned with the common needs of man and which assist the student to be more at home in a world that increasingly demands more of all men in terms of the intellectual, spiritual, and social. It is necessary to prepare each student to assume his proper responsibilities in a world of rapidly expanding knowledge, rapidly expanding population, technological advance, and consequent changes.

There is a basic unity of knowledge which the General Studies Program attempts to exhibit. The General Studies Program tries to lay a foundation upon which the student will build a superstructure of understanding and achievement. Such a background should complement the specialized studies which the student undertakes in pursuing his concentration.
An opportunity is provided for the student to gain experience in several subjects and, hopefully, to make an unhurried selection of a professional goal and an area of concentration for his total educational program. If a student has made a tentative choice of his educational goal, he may carry courses in his area of special interest concurrently with the basic courses of the General Studies curriculum.

The General Studies curriculum at Southern Illinois University is one of unique quality, and accommodates many different levels of preparation for college. This philosophy permits the greatest possible number of persons an opportunity to reach their fullest potential while concurrently directing their efforts towards a stronger and happier democratic society.

The Five General Studies Areas

The General Studies Program utilizes a classification of knowledge into five comprehensive areas, each of which has a special contribution to make toward the development of the individual. A man, to be truly educated, should have some familiarity with each of these areas. Each area is designated by a particular letter.

Area A—Man’s Physical Environment and Biological Inheritance—includes the subjects generally called “science.” The General Studies science courses aim to provide the student with an understanding of the structure of the sciences, the conceptual schemes they employ, the forms of reasoning used to reach their conclusions, and the procedures used to verify their validity. Improved understanding should lead to interest in the sciences and appreciation of the role of the sciences in human experience. The student who approaches the study of science with an appropriate attitude should find that discovery is a delightful intellectual experience.

Area B—Man’s Social Inheritance and Social Responsibilities—is concerned with those subjects generally referred to as the “social” sciences. It is the aim of the courses in this area to help the students develop an awareness of man’s role in society, an ability to think intelligently about their environment, and an alertness to the complexities of the modern world. The courses in Area B should assist the students in understanding the way men are shaped by the social processes. Study in the area should make students aware that their attempt to define these processes may increase their ability to determine their own destinies. It is easy to see the importance of the great technological advances of the industrial revolution. But, it should not be overlooked that all scientific and mechanical innovations must attain their significance in a setting of human interrelationships and responsibilities.

Area C—Man’s Insights and Appreciations—includes the subjects usually referred to as “humanities” and “fine arts.” Amid all the changes in history, man in many basic ways is the same as he has always been. Human beings today experience the same basic desires and hopes, the same fears and failures, that they did in ancient times. And it is with these human constants that Man’s Insights and Appreciations is most concerned. Of course, it is also concerned with the changing ways that these unchanging elements have been dealt with, with the unique ways man has expressed himself about them, but underneath is the permanency of the human experience itself. The title Man’s Insights and Appreciations aptly describes the concepts to be studied in this area. The student
has an opportunity to enrich his own insights and appreciations. It is further hoped that he will be able to develop his own sense of values. For example, in philosophy and design, one can discover fundamental connections among various areas of human experience. In literature and philosophy one confronts various problems of good and evil and may be stimulated to clarify his own values. In the study of the various arts one ought to be able to come to a better appreciation of the creativity of others and even share directly in this experience. All told, it is hoped that this kind of study contributes to what in an earlier time of history was spoken of as “wisdom.”

Area D—Organization and Communication of Ideas—deals with the general area of communication in a broad sense. Subjects like English, speech, foreign languages, and mathematics are included. Effective communication of ideas is basic to organized society. Transmission of information from one human being to another enables the second person to benefit from the experiences and insights of the first. Mutual exchange of ideas can be quite helpful. The experience of centuries can be communicated to those who live in the present. Language, whether oral, written, or symbolic, is the fundamental means of communication.

Area E—Health and Physical Development—includes the subjects of physical education and hygiene. Because life does put such a demand on self-discipline, compulsion of performance, and in many cases rigid standardization of programs, many students need and seek an outlet for a healthy expression in some recreational activity. Health is the foundation for all of one's activities. Health does not mean merely that the individual is free from illness. Rather, it implies a positive state of complete physical, mental, and social well-being.

**General Studies Requirements**

The specific requirements in General Studies are listed and explained in this section. These general statements must be qualified in many cases by the variations and exceptions explained in the section following this one. Since each student has a third-level waiver, he should check that section.

The General Studies courses are classified into the five previously-listed areas. Within each area, there may be as many as three levels—100, 200, and 300.

In the following, a listing such as GSA 101–8 (5,3) (physics-chemistry) refers to the course sequence numbered 101; 8 refers to the total of the two parts, in this case a and c, in General Studies Area A which carries 5 hours' and 3 hours' credit with the general subject matter listed. The listing GSC 151–3 Introduction to Poetry refers to the course numbered 151 in Area C and indicates that it carries 3 hours of credit and consists of only one part. See Chapter 8 in which the courses are described in detail.

Area A—Each student must meet a requirement of 22 hours. He must complete an 8-hour sequence on the first level. The two sequences currently offered are GSA 101–8 (5,3) (physics-chemistry) and GSA 110–8 (4,4) (earth science).

On the second level he must complete 8 hours, including GSA 204–4 Man’s Biological Inheritance.

On the third level, 6 hours are required (unless the student is entitled to a waiver in this area). This requirement is met by taking any two of
the third-level courses in Area A (not necessarily a sequence), with the exception that GSA 330 and GSA 331 may not both be counted toward the requirement.

Area B—The requirement in Area B is 22 hours. Each student must complete an 8-hour sequence at the first level. At present the three sequences available are GSB 101–8 (4,4) (history), GSB 103–8 (4,4) (sociology-economics), and GSB 105–8 (4,4) (black experience).

At the second level a sequence of 8 hours is required. At present the two sequences available are GSB 201–8 (4,4) (anthropology, psychology) and GSB 203–8 (4,4) (government, geography).

At the third level, the student may select any two GSB courses numbered 300–399 for 6 hours of credit. (Note the exception if this is the area of the student's waiver.)

Area C—The Area C requirement is 22 hours. At the first level, the student must complete 8 hours. As presently constituted, the student must complete GSC 151–3 (poetry) and one of the courses GSC 155–5 (art), GSC 156–5 (music), GSC 157–5 (dramatic media), or 158–5 (fine arts).

At the second level the student takes GSC 252–4 (logic) and one of the courses GSC 253–4 (literary masterpieces) or GSC 254–4 (philosophical masterpieces).

Third-level requirements are completed by any two GSC courses numbered 300–399 for 6 hours of credit. (See note about waiver.)

Area D—This area requires 18 hours. Nine of these are satisfied by GSD 101–6 (3,3) (English composition) and GSD 103–3 (speech). The remaining 9 hours are met by completing either a sequence of three General Studies courses in one foreign language or a sequence of 9 hours in General Studies courses in mathematics. Foreign language courses now being offered are: GSD 123–9 (3,3,3) (French); GSD 126–9 (3,3,3) (German); GSD 136–9 (3,3,3) (Russian); GSD 140–9 (3,3,3) (Spanish); GSD 144–9 (3,3,3) (Italian).

Mathematics sequences which may be selected are GSD 112–9 (4,5) (Introduction to Mathematics) or GSD 114–9 (5,4) (algebra, trigonometry) or GSD 114–9 (5,4) (algebra, statistics). In making the choice between foreign language or mathematics, the student should note that some concentrations and degrees have specific requirements in these subjects. The student should check those requirements before he makes his selection. Students having had high school foreign language or mathematics should see a General Studies adviser for exemption or advanced standing.

Area E—The requirement for Area E is 6 hours. On the first level of Area E, each student is required to take GSE 116a–1 (swimming), and GSE 102–1 (physical fitness—men) or GSE 112–1 (basic body movement—women) plus 1 additional hour of General Studies physical education courses, thus making a total of 3 hours. A student who passes a swim test or for whom no swimming facilities are provided must take 102 or 112 and 2 hours from 117 or 118. Until adequate facilities are available, each student, for General Studies purposes, is excused from 1 hour of the physical education requirement for each quarter of attendance in which more than one-half of his credit hours are taken at Edwardsville.

On the second level, each student is required to take GSE 201–3 (health education).

In summary, the student must satisfy a total of 84 hours of credit in General Studies.
In each of the Areas A, B, and C he presents 22 hours except for the area of his waiver (see the following section on the third-level waiver) in which he presents 16 hours. Area D requires 18 hours and Area E requires 6 hours.

Flexibility, Variations, and Exceptions

The total requirements of General Studies may be partially satisfied, reduced, or modified by several considerations which are discussed in this section.

The Third-Level Waiver

Each student is entitled to waive the third-level courses in the area (A, B, or C only) most closely related to the area in which he will concentrate his work. The following third-level waivers have been approved:

Area A—applied science, biology, chemistry, engineering, general science and mathematics, mathematics, medical technology, nursing, physical education, physical science, and physics.

Area B—American studies (B or C), anthropology, business administration, business teacher education, economics, geography, government, history, human services, psychology, sociology, and speech pathology and audiology (B or C).

Area C—American studies (B or C), art, art education, elementary education, English, foreign language, mass communications, music, philosophy, professional writing, special education, speech, speech pathology and audiology (B or C), and theater.

Advanced Standing

It is possible for a student to gain advanced standing (that is, to by-pass certain requirements without credit in the corresponding courses) in some areas. Eligibility for advanced standing is determined upon the basis of high school preparation in the area, scores on the A.C.T. test, and/or scores on special advanced standing examinations. The student should consult his General Studies adviser about specific possibilities for advanced standing. Following are the current criteria or qualifications for advanced standing for certain General Studies courses in each area. (The A.C.T. percentiles used are college-bound percentiles.)

AREA A

101a–5 Introduction to Physical Science (physics). One year of high school physics, 25th percentile on A.C.T. mathematics test, and 85th percentile on A.C.T. natural science test; or by examination.

101c–3 Introduction to Physical Science (chemistry). One semester of high school chemistry, 25th percentile on A.C.T. mathematics test, and 85th percentile on A.C.T. natural science test; or by examination.

110a–4 The Earth and Its Environment (earth science). One course of earth science in high school, 85th percentile on A.C.T. natural science test; or by examination.

110a,b–8 The Earth and Its Environment (earth science). One year of earth science in high school, 85th percentile on A.C.T. natural science test; or by examination.
204-4  Man's Biological Inheritance (biology).
       One year of high school biology; 85th percentile on A.C.T. natural
       science test.
205-4  Man and His Diseases.
or
206-4  Life: Ecology and Diversity.
       Two years of high school biology with a minimum grade of B,
       85th percentile on A.C.T. natural science test.

AREA B
101b,c-8  Survey of Western Tradition (history).
        One year of world, western, or European history in high school,
        90th percentile on A.C.T. social science test; or by examination.
103a-4  Sociology-Economics (sociology).
        A course in sociology in high school, 90th percentile on A.C.T.
        social science test; or by examination.
103b-4  Sociology-Economics (economics).
        A course in economics in high school, 90th percentile on A.C.T.
        social science test.
201c-4  The Individual and His Cultural Environment (psychology).
        A course in psychology in high school, minimum grade of B,
        85th percentile on both the natural science and social science
        sections of A.C.T.
203a-4  American Politics in the World Environment (government)
        A course in American government in high school, 90th percentile
        on A.C.T. social science test. (Advanced standing will not
        meet the Constitution requirement.)
203b-4  American Politics in the World Environment (geography).
        A course in geography in high school, 90th percentile on both
        the social science and the natural science sections of the A.C.T.;
        or by examination.
300a,b,c-9  History of the United States.
        One year of U.S. history in high school with a grade of B, 90th
        percentile on A.C.T. social science test.

AREA C
151-3  Introduction to Poetry (composition and poetry).
       By examination only.
253-4  Literary Masterpieces of Antiquity.
       By examination only.
254-4  Philosophical Masterpieces.
       By examination only.

AREA D
101a-3  English Composition (composition and literature).
       Minimum ranking of 60th percentile on English section of A.C.T.
       and 80th percentile on E.T.S. Reading Comprehension Test (ad-
       ministered on campus).
101b-3  English Composition (composition and literature).
       By examination only.
103-3  Oral Communication of Ideas (speech).
       A course in speech in high school, 85th percentile on A.C.T. Eng-
       lish test; or by examination.
123–144 Foreign Languages.
Student is exempted from the 9-hour sequence if he has had two years of foreign language in high school; or by examination.

114a–5 College Algebra.
Seven semesters of college preparatory mathematics (equivalent to two years of algebra, one year of plane geometry, and one-half year of trigonometry) with a C average and no failing grade, 75th percentile on A.C.T. mathematics test; or by examination.

114c–4 Trigonometry.
Seven semesters of college preparatory mathematics (equivalent to two years of algebra, one year of plane geometry, and one-half year of trigonometry) with better than C average and no grade below C, 85th percentile on A.C.T. mathematics test; or by examination.

Proficiency Examinations
Students with superior backgrounds in certain subjects may qualify to receive credit in related courses by demonstrating their achievement through proficiency examinations. These examinations are available in all General Studies courses as well as certain courses in other subjects.

The Proficiency Examination Program (including non-General Studies courses as well as General Studies courses) is administered by the Dean of the General Studies Division.

A student who desires to take a proficiency examination should initiate the procedure with a General Studies adviser. The adviser has the student fill out the form for requesting the examination, and furnishes related information if requested to do so. In most cases, course guides and reading lists are available for persons interested in taking the proficiency examination.

Any student may take any available proficiency examination subject to the following limitations: (a) A maximum of 48 hours, including credit earned through the College Entrance Examination Board's Advanced Placement Program, may be gained through proficiency examinations. (b) A student may not take a proficiency examination for a specific course more than once, nor may he take a proficiency examination in a course in which he has previously received a grade, nor in a course which is a prerequisite for a more advanced course which the student has already completed. (c) No credit granted by proficiency examination may be recorded until the student has earned at least 16 hours' credit of C grade or above in residence at this University.

After a student has completed a proficiency examination, he shall be granted credits and grade-points according to the grade achieved on the test, as follows: (a) If a student receives a grade of A or B on a proficiency examination, his record shows the name of the course, hours of credit granted, the grade earned, and a notation “credit granted by proficiency examination” and the grade earned counts in the grade-point average. (b) If a student receives a grade of C on a proficiency examination, his record shows the name of the course, the hours of credit granted, and a notation, “credit granted by proficiency examination,” and the grade earned does not count in the student's grade-point average. (c) If a student receives a grade of D or E on a proficiency examination, he does not receive credit and his record shows nothing re-
Substitution

In a limited number of cases, a student may be permitted to substitute courses in other disciplines for the regularly prescribed General Studies courses. The following substitutions have been approved for students whose concentration is in the Science and Technology Division or in the Division of Nursing: Physics 206a,b–10 for GSA 101a–5; Physics 206a,c–10 for GSA 101a–5; Physics 206a,b–10 for GSA 101a–5; Chemistry 110–4 for GSA 101c–3; Chemistry 111a–5 (no longer offered) or Chemistry 105–5 for GSA 101c–3; Chemistry 111b–5 (no longer offered) or Chemistry 125a–5 for GSA 101c–3; Biology 200–4 for GSA 204–4; Biology 301a, 302a, 303a for either GSA 205–4 or 206–4; Mathematics 111a,b–10 (no longer offered) for GSD 114a,c–9; Mathematics 111a,b–10 (no longer offered) for GSD 114a–5; Mathematics 410–8 for GSD 114d–4.

Students concentrating in art and design may substitute Art 225a,b,c–9 for one of the General Studies courses: GSC 155, 156, 157, or 158.

Students who complete a concentration in nursing are exempted from the requirement GSE 201–3 Healthful Living.

Students may upon the approval of the Dean of General Studies apply up to 8 hours of Student Colloquium credit toward meeting the requirements of the General Studies Program. See page 41.

College Entrance Examination Board

A high school student who is qualified through registration in an advanced placement course in his high school or through other special educational experience may apply for advanced placement and college credit through the Advanced Placement Program of the College Entrance Examination Board, 475 Riverside Drive, New York, New York 10027.

Advanced classes which qualify for this purpose are offered in many high schools in specific subjects, such as English composition, a foreign language, history, biology, chemistry, mathematics, or physics. A national examination is given in each subject, administered through the Educational Testing Service, which is intended to measure the achievement of the student, and determine at what point the student should begin college study of that subject. Each examination is prepared by a national committee of high school and college teachers. Grades are assigned as follows: 5, high honors; 4, honors; 3, creditable; 2, pass; and 1, fail. The marked papers are sent to the university which the student has indicated that he will attend. To receive credit, a person must normally earn a grade of 5, 4, or 3 on the examination provided by the College Entrance Examination Board at the completion of the high school course.

Ordinarily, the maximum credit granted through the CEEB examinations is 16 hours. It is non-resident credit, does not carry a grade, and is not used in computing the student's grade average. Credit granted at another accredited college or university under this plan is transferable to this University up to a maximum of 16 hours. A student may appeal to his academic dean to be granted more than 16 hours.

The following courses are those in which a student may currently earn credit through the Advanced Placement Examination of the College Entrance Examination Board.
General Studies

College Entrance Examination Board / 23

(2) Chemistry: Chemistry 105–5, 125a–5, 125b–5, GSA 101c–3.
(6) Foreign Languages: French: GSD 123–9, French 123–3, French 201–3; German: GSD 126–9, German 126–3, German 201–3; Spanish: GSD 140–9, Spanish 140–3, Spanish 201–3.

As previously indicated, students who achieve a grade of 5, 4, or 3 on the CEEB Advanced Placement Examinations receive credit for the appropriate courses, except in chemistry where a score of 3 does not provide credit.

College Level Examination Program

Southern Illinois University will grant credit to both currently enrolled and prospective students for successful completion of the College Level Examination Program (CLEP) Tests under the following conditions:

1. A maximum of 48 units (hours) can be earned through CLEP. This credit is applicable toward the Bachelor of Science or Bachelor of Arts degree or to undergraduate certificates offered by the University.

2. The score on each test must equal or exceed the 50th percentile on the national college sophomore norm which is a scaled score of approximately 500. Separate scores are reported for each of the tests comprising the General Examinations. Credit, therefore, will be allowed for the tests individually.

3. Credit will be awarded in Subject Examinations when approved by the Faculty offering comparable courses. General Studies advisors will be able to furnish information regarding Subject Examinations which have been approved for credit.

4. Test credit will not be allowed when a student previously has received credit in comparable courses. For example, credit via the Mathematics Test of the General Examinations will not be allowed when credit in College Algebra has been established previously. In addition, test credit will not be granted when a student is currently enrolled in a comparable course.

5. Students will be permitted to take examinations for which comparable credit has not been established previously, regardless of the total amount of credit earned to date.

6. An individual may take the tests prior to enrollment in this University and still receive credit. Final recording of credit upon the Permanent Record Card, however, is contingent upon satisfactory completion of at least 9 units of degree credit work in Southern Illinois University. The test credit is then entered on the student’s Permanent Record Card.

7. All individuals who desire to have CLEP Test scores evaluated for credit must complete the Request to Determine Eligibility form. This should be done prior to taking the examination but can be done later. Final decisions on credit for those passing examinations cannot be made, however, until the form has been completed and, if indicated, transcripts furnished. Individuals whose eligibility to take the tests for credit has been established will be notified whether or not any credit has been granted approximately one month after the date of the tests.
The tests are administered locally at the official CLEP Testing Center at the Forest Park Community College in St. Louis. The tests will be given on the third Saturday of each month. For further information contact: Dean of Student Personnel Services, 5600 Oakland Avenue, St. Louis, Missouri 63110; or telephone: 644-3300, Station 333.

Individuals who take the tests and who wish to apply for credit through Southern Illinois University should have the results sent to: Admissions Office, Southern Illinois University, Edwardsville, Illinois 62025.

GENERAL EXAMINATIONS

The following amount of credit is offered for the corresponding General Examination: English Composition—6 units; Humanities—4 units; Mathematics—4 units; Science—8 units; Social Science-History—4 units.

SUBJECT EXAMINATIONS

When approved by the Faculty offering the courses for which Subject Examinations have been taken, credit will be awarded on the basis of the number of credit hours in the pertinent courses.

Modifications of the Original General Studies Program

Students who matriculated under the original General Studies Program (1962-1966) may be able to benefit by utilizing certain provisions of the revised program.

If the student chooses, and the faculty of his concentration approves in writing, he may exercise a third-level waiver under the new pattern instead of a first-level waiver as under the original pattern.

If the student did not have a waiver originally, he now has one as far as General Studies is concerned.

A student under the original General Studies Program may now be able to meet a first- or second-level sequence requirement with new courses in an 8-hour sequence instead of the previously required 9 hours. If the student has an incompleted sequence, he should discuss with a General Studies adviser the appropriate means of completing the sequence.

Effect of Concentration Requirements

The student should be careful to note that certain areas of concentration (as described elsewhere in this catalog) have specific requirements which have the effect of reducing the choices the student normally has in General Studies. For example, the area of concentration may require a specific General Studies course or sequence whereas the General Studies requirements provide an option or a waiver. It should be clear to the student that these are requirements of the concentration, not of General Studies.

Transfer Credit

See the section, General Studies and the Transfer Student, at the end of this chapter.

The General Studies Advisement Office

The General Studies Division maintains a General Studies Advisement Office at the Edwardsville and Alton Centers for the assistance of students.

Each student in the Division is required to be advised by a General Studies adviser for each term of attendance. Appointments for such ad-
Advisement should normally be made early in the preceding quarter, well in advance of the registration period for the quarter in which the student plans to attend. Appointments may be made with the General Studies Advisement Office at Alton or at Edwardsville regardless of which center the student plans to attend. New students are sometimes advised as part of a group orientation procedure and should not make individual appointments for advisement if the group orientation and advisement is being provided.

If a student has made a tentative selection of his educational goal, the adviser assists the student in selecting courses in his area of special interest if it is appropriate to do so. The adviser can refer a student to other sources of assistance, including concentration advisers, if more detailed information about specific programs is needed. Questions related to the specific applications of the General Studies requirements should be clarified with a General Studies adviser while the student is in the General Studies Division.

The General Studies Advisement Office does the initial processing for declarations of concentration, change of concentration, requests for proficiency examinations, advanced standing, etc.

**Probationary Students**

The General Studies Advisement Office advises those students who are on probation and have not yet officially declared a concentration. Advisement for probationary students with officially declared concentrations is the responsibility of the students' own academic units.

A student on probation may not take more than 14 hours without special permission. If a probationary student is employed full-time, 7 hours is the normal maximum.

It is especially important that students on probation understand the rules relating to scholastic standing as summarized on pages 11–12.

**Transition from the General Studies Division to Another Division**

A student ordinarily is classified into the General Studies Division until he officially declares an area of concentration. In order to do this, he must have completed 64 quarter hours of credit. He is required to make this declaration before he enrolls for his 97th hour. The student initiates his declaration of concentration in the General Studies Advisement Office. After a student has officially declared a concentration, he is classified into the academic division which grants the degree sought by the student. If a student is going into an associate degree curriculum, however, he may declare his concentration and be classified into the appropriate division without having completed any hours. In fact, it is desirable for such a student to make his declaration as early as possible.

The student should not confuse the official declaration of concentration with the indication of interest forms used while the student remains in the General Studies Division.

A student who wishes to change his area of concentration should return to the General Studies Advisement Office to initiate a new declaration of concentration.

A transfer student entering with 96 or more hours must make an official declaration of concentration with the General Studies Advisement Office before he registers for classes.
General Studies and the Transfer Student

Students who transfer to Southern Illinois University from an accredited university, college, or junior college have their work evaluated for purposes of meeting the general degree requirements, including the General Studies requirements. The number of \( D \) hours accepted from each institution is equal to one-third the \( A, B, \) and \( C \) hours. All grades earned at other institutions are used in determining the student's grade-point average. In general, equivalent work in appropriate areas is applied to meet the requirements. Other courses may be accepted for general credit and may apply toward concentration or other requirements. Students now attending another college who intend to transfer to Southern Illinois University should plan their courses to complete specific sequences if possible.

Semester hours transferred are computed on the basis of 3 quarter hours' credit for each 2 semester hours accepted. A student transferring a 3 semester hour course, for example, will receive 4.5 quarter hours' credit.

If, at the time of original entry into the University, the transfer student is given no credit for course work in one of the General Studies Areas \( A, B, \) or \( C \), he must complete the requirements of that area, sequence by sequence, in the same manner as regular students.

If the transfer student is given credit for previous work in an area of General Studies, he must complete the requirements of the area by taking General Studies courses so that his total university and college experience meets the following standards.

For Area \( A \), he must complete 22 hours in science (physics, chemistry, biology, earth science, etc.). A minimum of three specific fields which includes work in both the physical and the biological sciences must be included. A maximum of 6 hours' credit at the third level may be applied toward the area requirement.

For Area \( B \), he must complete 22 hours in the social sciences (geography, history, economics, government, sociology, psychology, anthropology, etc.). At least three specific fields must be included. A maximum of 6 hours at the third level may be applied toward the area requirement.

For Area \( C \), he must complete 22 hours in the humanities and fine arts (art, music, literature, philosophy, logic, etc.). At least three distinct fields must be included. A maximum of 6 hours at the third level may be applied toward the area requirement.

The 22-hour requirement is reduced to 16 hours in the area of the student's third-level waiver (\( A, B, \) or \( C \)).

For Areas \( D \) and \( E \), he must complete courses essentially equivalent to those required of the regular student. If a student has taken 9 quarter hours (or 6 semester hours) of Freshman English (combined composition and literature, or composition only) at another university or college, those credits are normally applied to this University's requirement of GSD 101a,b and GSC 151. If the student's average grade in such a sequence is less than \( C \), he may not receive full transfer credit for the sequence.
4 Instructional Units

General Studies Division

S. D. Lovell, Dean

Man's Physical Environment and Biological Inheritance; Man's Social Inheritance and Social Responsibilities; Man's Insights and Appreciations; Organization and Communication of Ideas; Health and Physical Development

The General Studies Division administers and coordinates the General Studies Program. It is also responsible for the academic advisement of freshmen and sophomores who are working toward a baccalaureate degree. (See preceding chapter which discusses in detail the General Studies Program.)

Business Division

John W. Leonard, Dean

Accounting; Business Administration; Business Education; Economics; Finance; Management Science; Marketing; Personnel and Industrial Relations; Production

The Business Division provides educational preparation for young men and women who plan careers in business and in the related professional fields of economics and business education. In addition to meeting the University requirements for graduation, students enrolled in the Business Division must meet two additional requirements of the Business Division: (1) all business courses taken for credit toward graduation must be taken in regularly scheduled classes (not by extension); (2) the senior year requirement of 48 hours credit must be taken in residence. It is also the general policy of the Business Division to limit to lower division credit the transfer of credit for business courses taken at the lower level at an institution other than Southern Illinois University at Edwardsville or an equivalent degree-granting institution. The following degree programs are offered:

Business Administration—The Bachelor of Science degree with a concentration in business administration is granted by the division. Students supplement the general program in business with a sequence of courses in one of the following specializations: accounting, general; accounting, professional; business administration, general; economics; management systems; marketing; and personnel and industrial relations.

Economics—Two somewhat different degree programs are granted by the division, the Bachelor of Science degree with a concentration in economics and the Bachelor of Arts degree with a concentration in economics. In addition, the Education Division offers a degree program in which students may choose to specialize in economics.
Business Education—The Bachelor of Science degree with a concentration in secretarial and office administration is offered by the Business Division. In addition, the Bachelor of Science degree with a concentration in business-teacher education is granted by the Education Division. The first of these degree programs is intended for students who will enter business directly, and the second for those planning to enter the teaching profession.

A General Philosophy

The General Studies Program of the University reinforces each of the degrees offered by the Business Division and assures the student of a broad base in the cultural heritage of this society as well as in the scientific and technological foundations of this dynamic age. Beyond these considerations, the Business Division has the following general objectives:

1. To encourage recognition of the transitory nature of even the best of present theory and practice in each of its fields, and to this end to anticipate and facilitate scientific, technological, and cultural advancement rather than to disparage and resist it.

2. To identify and emphasize that which is fundamental to each of its disciplines, and to this end to stress conceptual and analytical capability rather than the power to recall facts or to repeat routines.

3. To encourage an inquiring mind, a constructive skepticism, and a creative outlook; and to this end to sharpen the ability both to perceive problems and to transform them into opportunities for positive action.

4. To emphasize the importance of communicating facts, concepts, analyses, and proposals clearly and succinctly, whether in oral or written form, and before large groups as well as small, and to strengthen skills pertaining thereto.

5. To advance the concept that an individual’s education can be and should be a continuing process; to encourage both formal and informal programs of post-graduate development as technology advances and individual responsibilities grow.

6. Above all, to temper the carefully calculated response with consideration for one’s fellowmen and to hold to a high standard of personal integrity and social responsibility both in professional and personal life.

These general objectives impinge both upon the Business Division’s curriculum, or choice of subject matter, and its pedagogy, or choice of teaching method. In respect to the latter, the Business Division endeavors to use the methods of teaching which consider the students as active participants in an on-going learning process rather than as passive vessels into which a certain quantity of knowledge is to be poured at daily lectures and measured at quarterly intervals. It follows that the quality of the student’s intellectual processes, as well as his knowledge of particular subject matter, are factors of vital concern to the Business Division.

Education Division

W. D. Wiley, Dean
Counselor Education; Early Childhood Education; Educational Administration; Elementary Education; Foundations of Education; Health Education; Instructional Technology, Physical Education; Psychology; Secondary Education; Special Education
The general objective of the Education Division is to contribute to the State of Illinois' general effort to expand and improve all levels of educational opportunity available to residents of the area surrounding the campus. The Division, therefore, steadily addresses itself to the changing educational dimension of the overall development problems of the immediate service area and the State. The region's educational needs thus shape the Division's programs of instruction, research activities, and field services.

**Education Division Programs**

In order to pursue a program offered by the Education Division, a student will need to fulfill both the general requirement of the University and those of the Education Division. Formal request for admission to one of the Division's programs is filed in the Education Division Office of Student Teaching where an education adviser assists in planning a student's program. It is necessary to hold an approved program in order to register for Education Division courses leading to either a degree or to teacher certification.

All students are encouraged to secure general information concerning the teaching profession before completing 64 hours of studies. Most students will find it useful to know about the levels and fields where there are teaching opportunities, aptitudes recommended for teachers, the general characteristics of teaching careers, and the teacher certification requirements of the State of Illinois. Substandard credentials and provisional certification can be avoided with the proper information in hand. The education advisers also provide the student with the requirements of public schools accredited by the North Central Association and can explain the importance of graduating from undergraduate programs of students approved by the National Council for Accreditation of Teacher Education.

**Admission Procedure**

1. Upon completion of 64 quarter hours of the General Studies Program a student fills out a Declaration of Concentration form obtained from and submitted to the General Studies Office. This form insures the transfer of the students official records to the Education Division.

2. As soon after 64 quarter hours as is convenient and no later than 90 hours, formal application for admission to the Education Division is made on appropriate forms filed with the Education Division Office of Student Teaching.

3. The student is assigned an education adviser who interviews the student and evaluates the student's transcript. Unconditional admission to teacher education programs is granted to students having 64 to 102 quarter hours of course work completed with a 3.0 grade-point average. Students with 102 to 143 quarter hours of course work need 3.10 cumulative grade-point average. Students concentrating in either psychology or teacher education who satisfy the entrance requirements are given an approved program of studies authorized by the adviser in consultation with the student. After completing this step, the teacher education student is eligible to receive a Permit to Register card for the first course in the Education Division required sequence of courses common to all teacher education programs.
Professional Education Programs

The Education Division offers programs of study leading to the Bachelor of Science degree. The major areas for which there are distinctive undergraduate programs are art education, business education, early childhood education, general elementary education, physical education, secondary education (with teaching fields listed on page 80), and special education. These concentrations are designed to prepare students for positions in the public schools at a variety of levels and in numerous teaching fields. Since one of the conditions for obtaining a permanent position in the public school is the holding of a state certificate, the programs have been planned so that students will obtain certification upon their completion.

All Bachelor of Science degree programs show GSB 203a or GSB 300a, thereby fulfilling the state of Illinois’ requirement for a course in either American history or government. While there is no foreign language requirement for the degree, some competence in a second language is highly desirable.

It is increasingly clear that there is a growing demand across the country for teachers who have completed master’s degree level studies. The faculty of the Education Division urges students to view the Bachelor of Science degree as the first phase of their formal studies and to plan to pursue graduate work.

Accreditation

The programs of the Education Division have been fully accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools. In addition, the professional education programs have been accredited by the National Council for Accreditation of Teacher Education and approved for certification purposes by the State of Illinois Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Research and Instructional Facilities

The Education Division maintains the following facilities which offer research and instructional resources to both the campus and the University’s service area.

Instructional Resources Development Center. The Center has facilities and professional staff which contribute to the development of instructional materials. Students in education and media specialists utilize the Center. Innovative instructional systems are encouraged, and facilities of the Center are available for the systematic evaluation of these innovations.

Interdisciplinary Teacher Education Program (ITEP). An interdisciplinary program is available to undergraduate students as an alternate to the regular teacher training program. Block course sequence and integration of materials and content are two of the characteristics of this program. A team of students and faculty work together through the junior and senior years. Emphasis is placed upon early and direct classroom experience. Interested students should contact the Education Division Student Teaching Office for information.

Practicum Facilities. The school maintains facilities that are devoted to the practical experience of the student. Video-tape equipment located in areas with one-way viewing rooms allows students to practice skills in a natural setting. These experiences are then available for re-evaluation by the student and the instructor. Facilities with sophisticated instrumenta-
tion are available for individual testing, small group work, and larger gatherings.

Psychology Laboratories. Two psychology laboratories with modern equipment provide a setting for the development of experimental programs. These laboratories, along with calculator facilities for training and research, and the University computer facilities provide on-campus experience in the instructional and research program. Students are encouraged to become familiar with and use these facilities, which make a direct contribution to all of the programs in the Education Division.

The Reading Center. The Reading Center is a well-equipped laboratory of diagnostic and instructional materials and equipment used in diagnosing and correcting reading deficiencies. Students enrolled in the sequence of reading courses get practical experience in the Center working with disabled readers who are transported to campus from the surrounding elementary and secondary schools. The Reading Center also serves the public and parochial schools of the area by providing a facility where current materials can be studied and evaluated.

Teaching Techniques Laboratory. The Education Division recently instituted a Teaching Techniques Laboratory. The purpose of the laboratory is to provide students opportunities to practice specific teaching skills prior to student teaching. At the present stage, the laboratory consists of video recording studios in which students present short lessons to small groups of pupils. Tapes of the lessons are analyzed and critiqued by the students and their university instructors. Laboratory assignments comprise part of the requirements in professional education courses. In addition to the training function, the laboratory enables faculty and students to study the teaching process under controlled conditions.

Student Teaching Office

The Student Teaching Office of the Education Division was created and staffed to provide Education Division students with academic assistance not otherwise available through courses. Students are invited to bring to the office whatever matter they wish. The staff either directly assists the student or makes an appropriate referral. The Student Teaching staff is also responsible for the coordination of the student teaching program, including the placing of student teachers in schools and their supervision.

If a question about certification requirements arises, whether for Illinois or another state, students can obtain an answer from the office. The office also makes arrangements for students who wish to make visits in the schools whether in connection with course work or not. Career counseling in the field of professional education can be obtained from the education staff. The staff also assists students in the formation of professionally oriented clubs or interest groups and serves as headquarters for the Education Division student organizations. For further information, see detailed instructions for Student Teaching, pages 83–85.

Fine Arts Division

HOLMES L. WHITE, Dean
Art and Design; Mass Communications; Music; Speech and Theater

The objectives of the Fine Arts Division are to broaden and intensify experiences in the fine arts and communicative arts and related sciences in
the area served by the University; to impart to all University students an awareness of the cultural values of the arts; in visual and plastic art and design, music, speech, theater, speech pathology and audiology, radio, television, journalism, and film; to provide facilities for the creative and scholarly pursuit of the arts; and to offer specialized courses of study to serve the ends of liberal and professional education. The performing arts are emphasized through exhibitions, concerts, lectures, and theatrical productions.

**Humanities Division**

Gerald J. T. Runkle, Dean

American Studies; Comparative Literature; English Language and Literature; Foreign Languages and Literature; Philosophy; Professional Writing

The Humanities Division provides instruction in the intellectual disciplines of English and other languages, of literature, and of ideas. The Division is concerned with instruction in the reading, writing, and speaking of English and other languages, the development of an understanding and appreciation of literature, and the concomitant recognition of its civilizing values. The Division guides advanced students in methods of studying and arriving at comparative evaluations regarding the works, men, and movements that make up literary and intellectual history. All students are encouraged to think and to write rationally, imaginatively, and responsibly as they learn to identify persistent human problems and their classic and current solutions.

**Science and Technology Division**

Laurence R. McAneny, Dean

Biology; Chemistry; Engineering; Mathematics; Physics; Science and Technology

The Science and Technology Division offers courses of study in mathematics, the natural sciences, and engineering.

Candidates for the Bachelor of Arts or the Bachelor of Science degree with concentrations in any of the disciplines in the Science and Technology Division must meet the following requirements:

1. At least 48 hours of credit in one area of concentration with a minimum grade-point average of 3.00.
2. A minimum grade-point average of 3.00 for all courses in the area of concentration numbered above 299.
3. At least 9 hours of credit in the area of concentration in courses numbered above 299 must be earned at Southern Illinois University within two years preceding the completion of requirements for the degree being sought.
4. Upon completion of 64 hours of credit, each student in the division must file a tentative curriculum outline with his division adviser.

Candidates for the Bachelor of Science degree in education who select an area of concentration within the Science and Technology Division must have at least 48 hours (or 36, if two 27-hour concentrations are completed in other areas of study) in that area with a minimum grade-point average of 3.00 overall and for all courses numbered above 299.

A secondary concentration within the Science and Technology Division
must include at least 27 hours of credit with a minimum grade-point average of 3.00. Specific requirements, if any, are listed in this catalog under the heading Secondary Concentration for the particular discipline.

To qualify for honors in an area of Science and Technology, one must complete at least 48 hours of credit, or the equivalent, in that area including successful completion of 9 hours of the corresponding honors program.

Social Sciences Division

EARL S. BEARD, Dean
American Studies; Anthropology; Geography; Government;
History; Sociology

The Social Sciences Division offers courses designed to enable the student to achieve an understanding and appreciation of civilization viewed in historical perspective, and to gain, through the various social sciences, an awareness of the society of which he is a part and of his role in it. His studies give him insights and understandings which enable him to live more constructively with others in his family, community, and nation and which provide him with a better understanding of social organizations, technologies, and the nature and variety of human beliefs and attitudes.

Division of Nursing

LUCILLE MCCLELLAND, Dean

The Division of Nursing shares and functions within the philosophy of the University which promotes the ideal of respect for man, acceptance of responsibility, the pursuit of knowledge, and the development of self direction.

The faculty subscribes to the belief that nursing is a dynamic, therapeutic process that recognizes the intrinsic value of man. Professional nursing is the comprehension of and the ability to apply scientific principles and techniques from the natural and behavioral sciences and the capacity to become therapeutically involved in a variety of human situations.

The program of the Division of Nursing is approved by the Illinois Department of Registration and Education and accredited by the North Central Accrediting Agency. Graduates of the program are eligible to take the licensing examination for registered nurses.

Applicants to the program may be either high school graduates or registered nurses. Applicants must meet all of the requirements for admission to the University. (See pages 72-73.) Opportunities exist for students who have completed approved nursing courses elsewhere to accelerate their education by taking specified proficiency examinations.

Throughout the nursing program there are additional expenses for uniforms and incidentals. Students may live at home, in residence halls, or in University-approved off-campus housing.

Various hospitals and community agencies are used for clinical laboratory experience. Students are responsible for providing their own transportation and appropriate automobile insurance. In addition students are required to have nursing malpractice insurance prior to the first clinical experience, and it must be maintained throughout the entire nursing program.
Aerospace Studies

LT. COLONEL JAMES F. EBERWINE, Commander

The objective of the Air Force Reserve Officers Training Corps program is to qualify students for appointment as Second Lieutenants in the United States Air Force. The Air Force ROTC unit at Southern Illinois University, Edwardsville, is a senior division unit established in September 1965. It is administered by commissioned officers of the USAF who have been assigned by Department of the Air Force with approval of the University.

The Air Force ROTC program at Edwardsville is a two-year course of study. To compete for entry into the program an applicant must qualify competitively on a written exam, pass a physical examination, and be selected by an interview board of Air Force Officers. Selected applicants must first successfully complete a six-week field training course conducted at an Air Force base prior to entry into the two-year program. The applicant must have two academic years of undergraduate or graduate study or combination of the two remaining. Upon completion of the two-year program, the Professional Officer Course, and the institutional requirements for a degree, the cadet is commissioned as a Second Lieutenant in the U.S. Air Force. Unless he is granted an educational delay to pursue or continue graduate work, the new officer enters active duty shortly after graduation.

The six Professional Officer Courses (POC) are designed to provide the fundamental training, both personal and professional, which will best equip a cadet to become an effective junior Air Force Officer possessing a high growth potential and, if qualified, to develop and stimulate a growing desire on his part to enter the Air Force Flight Instruction Program. Emphasis is given, both in theory and practice, to outlining the leadership and managerial responsibilities of squadron-level officers, to improving oral and written expression, and to learning techniques of the problem-solving process. Field trips to Air Force bases supplement classroom instruction by familiarizing the cadet with Air Force operations and organization.

Qualified senior Air Force ROTC cadets interested in becoming Air Force pilots participate in the Flight Instruction Program. Each FIP student receives thirty-six and one-half flying hours of free flight instruction at the Parks Aeronautical College flying school.

The 18 academic hours (six courses of 3 hours each) of the Professional Officer Course are allowable toward a bachelor's degree.

Six non-credit hours of Corps Training (six courses meeting one hour per week each quarter) are taken concurrently with the Professional Officer Course. These courses provide leadership training experiences which will improve a cadet's ability to perform later as a USAF officer.

Air Force ROTC textbooks will be loaned to all ROTC students.

Selection of students for application and/or enrollment will be made by the Professor of Aerospace Studies as provided in Public Law 88-647 from qualified applicants as follows:

1. Personal qualifications.
   a. The applicant must qualify competitively on the Air Force Officer Qualification Test.
b. The physical standards prescribed for appointment to the United States Air Force Reserve in AFM 160-1 will apply.
c. The applicant must be accepted as a student in Southern Illinois University and be in good academic standing.
d. A flying applicant must be scheduled for commissioning prior to reaching age 26½; a non-flying applicant must be scheduled for commissioning prior to reaching age 30.
e. An applicant must have:
   (1) been selected and successfully completed six weeks field training; or,
   (2) completed the General Military Course. This is for transfer students from institutions which offer the Air Force ROTC four-year program; or,
   (3) had previous training or honorable service. On the basis of previous service in the Air Force, Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard a cadet may request a waiver for the General Military Course.

f. At the time of acceptance, the applicant must have two academic years remaining either at the undergraduate or graduate level or a combination of the two.

2. Condition of Service. All POC students will become members of the Obligated Air Force Reserve and will be under contract with the Government. The contract will contain the following provisions:
a. The student agrees:
   (1) unless sooner released for the convenience of the Government to complete the POC.
   (2) to accept an appointment as Second Lieutenant, United States Air Force Reserve, if and when tendered.
b. The Department of the Air Force agrees to pay the student a retention fee at a monthly rate as announced. The current rate is $50 per month for a maximum period of twenty months.

3. In addition to the monetary emoluments listed above, the POC cadet receives:
a. An officer-type uniform. The uniform remains in the possession of the cadet during his two-year enrollment and becomes his property upon the successful completion of the Air Force ROTC program.
b. In excess of $125 for the six-week training course and a travel allowance to and from that place of training.

**Air Force ROTC Awards**

Awards are presented to outstanding cadets during each academic year. Details concerning such awards are announced at appropriate times.

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**University Extension Services**

RAYMOND H. DEY, Dean

H. BRUCE BRUBAKER, Assistant Dean

The University Extension Services is an all-university agency with offices on both the Carbondale and Edwardsville Campuses. Its major function is to impart knowledge to persons not in regular attendance at the University. This is done in two ways: (1) The Extension Class Program, and (2) The Educational Conference Program.
Extension classes, which offer college credit and are identical to similar classes offered on the campus, are scheduled in the various communities in the southern half of the state of Illinois or are offered by radio or television for Southern Illinois residents, where there is a need for them. Classes are also scheduled in foreign countries when there are definite advantages to having them offered there.

The Educational Conference Program is conducted on both campuses of the University and occasionally off campus in nearby cities and towns. Assistance is not only given for local conferences but for state and national conferences. Persons attend these conferences from Illinois, from all parts of the country, and in some instances from all over the world.

The University Extension Services, in its programs, uses professional faculty members, distinguished visiting authorities, library facilities, various teaching aids, and many other resources of the University in carrying out its function.

Policies and Procedures of the Extension Class Program

CLASS MEETINGS

Three-hour Extension classes meet weekly for a period of 12 weeks, each meeting being 2.5 hours in length unless otherwise stated. Four-hour Extension classes meet weekly for a period of 16 weeks, each meeting being 2.5 hours in length, or weekly for 12 weeks with 4 extra meetings being arranged by the instructor and the group, with the exception that 4-hour graduate classes meet weekly for 12 weeks.

FIRST CLASS MEETING

The date of the first meeting of an Extension class is arbitrarily set by the Extension dean. The instructor and the group, at the first meeting of the class, decide upon which day of the week subsequent meetings are to be held if the instructor has other days available.

TUITION AND FEES

Tuition is $6.00 per quarter hour of credit plus a $1.05 textbook rental fee. These fees are subject to change. The textbook rental fee must be paid by all students, including holders of military scholarships, except graduate students who must purchase, or make other arrangements for, their books. (The instructor has the privilege of requiring the purchase of additional books and materials.)

REGISTRATION

Registration for Extension classes will be conducted by the instructor during the first and second meetings of the class. Students are urged to register at the first meeting. Students registering after the second meeting of the class must have unusually good reasons for doing so which must be approved by the dean of University Extension Services. A late registration fee of $5.00 will also be charged.

All Extension students must have their Social Security numbers with them in order to complete their registration at the first class meeting.

AUDITING

Persons not interested in receiving credit may audit courses, if facilities are available, by receiving permission from the instructor. Auditors pay the same fee as those who register for credit.
TEXTBOOKS
Undergraduate students will be able to obtain rented textbooks at the first meeting of the class. Graduate students may either purchase books at the first meeting of the class or complete a form for ordering them. In this case, the books ordered will be available at the second class meeting.

LIBRARY FACILITIES
Each instructor may, if he so desires, take a number of supplemental reading books, perhaps thirty or forty, to his Extension class. These books are readily available to the student, as they are kept in the room where the class is conducted. Students are also issued a Library Permit which enables them to use any of the libraries at any of the centers. There is no charge for these services.

EXTENSION CREDIT APPLICABLE TO THE BACHELOR'S AND MASTER'S DEGREES
Extension credit may be applied to meet graduation requirements or towards a master's degree. University policy provides, however, that not more than one-half of the total credit required for graduation, or 96 hours, may be obtained in off-campus courses. Sixteen hours of Extension credit may be applied toward a master's degree.

SCHEDULING EXTENSION CLASSES
Extension courses will be scheduled under the following three conditions: (1) Where it is apparent that there is a need present and adequate enrollments to justify scheduling the class; (2) When it is possible to obtain a faculty member to teach the class; and (3) When adequate laboratory and library facilities are available.

Educational Conference Program
PURPOSE OF THE PROGRAM
The Educational Conference Program was established to provide professional aid in planning and conducting conferences, institutes, workshops, short courses, and other special events held on the Southern Illinois University campus. Through conferences and other special events, the resources and facilities of the University can be utilized to meet the continuing educational needs of adults.

ORIGIN OF CONFERENCE
The idea of a conference may originate from one or more persons who are members of one of our academic departments or divisions, from one or more persons with similar interests off-campus, from a member of the University Extension Services, or by a combination of these as well as other persons.
A call to the University Extension Services will set in motion the process which results in a specific conference.

CONFERENCE PLANNING
A conference planning group is usually desirable in order to determine if there is a real need for a conference, to better define this need, and to discuss the best personnel and conference techniques to meet this need throughout the academic year.
ASSISTANCE PROVIDED BY THE UNIVERSITY EXTENSION SERVICES

In addition to helping determine and assemble a conference planning group, to advise this group of conference techniques which will probably be most successful for this particular conference, and to perform other details incidental to planning, many other activities are often carried on by the University Extension Services. Some of these activities are as follows:

1. Make arrangements for persons to appear on the conference program, including subject matter specialists as well as representatives from the University Administration.
2. Assemble the conference program and have it printed.
3. Determine a mailing list and send invitations.
4. Arrange for publicity about the conference through a number of media.
5. Reserve auditoriums and other meeting rooms.
6. Arrange for coffee hours, luncheons, and banquets.
7. Requisition microphones, movie and slide projectors, and other paraphernalia of this type.
8. Arrange for registering persons attending the conference.
9. Make any special parking arrangements needed.
10. Make arrangements for lodging for conferees.
11. Arrange tours of campus and other facilities.
12. Arrange social hours for spouses of those attending the conference.
13. Meet trains and airplanes where necessary.
14. Type and distribute copies of speeches and any other material presented at the conference.
15. Perform a number of other activities often necessary for a particular conference.

COSTS

A conference registration fee is often assessed to cover some of the conference costs. On some occasions other sources of funds are used to pay for bringing outstanding authorities to the conference and to cover other expenses.

Division of Technical and Adult Education

E. R. Cassstevens, Assistant Dean

The Division of Technical and Adult Education supervises all associate degree programs and noncredit courses offered by Southern Illinois University. The associate degree programs serve adults and high school graduates interested in obtaining a college-level course of instruction of a shorter duration than the usual four-year college program qualifying them for employment at the semi-professional and technical level in industry and business. The purpose of the noncredit courses is to serve the needs of the community for educational programs that will improve the economic and social standards and provide new interests for the people of the community.

The associate degree programs offered by Southern Illinois University are listed at the end of Chapter 5 in this bulletin. Course descriptions for associate degree programs are given at the end of Chapter 8 in this bulletin.
**Adult Education**

The fundamental purposes of adult education are to help strengthen communication skills; to help adults increase their ability and desire to change in a changing world; to improve human relations; to participate as responsible citizens; to facilitate personal growth; to develop creativity in leisure time; and to seek ways of spending time productively. Program brochures specifying the required courses are available from the Office of the Division of Technical and Adult Education.

**Industrial Management Program**

The Industrial Management Program is designed to give present and future foremen and supervisors some of the skills and information they need for improved job performance. This program leads to the two-year certificate in industrial management. Successful completion of eight courses is required for a certificate in industrial management. They are offered once each week for ten weeks.

**In-Plant**

On request from industry, courses from the Industrial Management Program may be offered in-plant to accommodate foremen or supervisors who cannot attend the evening program. Special programs may be developed to meet the unique problems of a particular industry, or present courses or programs may be adapted for presentation in-plant. Consultation and advice on the total training needs of personnel in industrial plants are given on request.

**Traffic Management Program**

The Traffic Management Program is a course of study with its purpose to improve the knowledge of people who now hold jobs in transportation and to prepare them for advancement. It emphasizes a knowledge of Interstate Commerce Commission activities. This is a certificate program.

**Development Program for Middle Management**

The Development Program for Middle Management is a program for department heads, superintendents, general foremen, and the heads of small businesses which are production-oriented. These men meet on Fridays and Saturdays for discussions with recognized authorities. The subjects are grouped into four broad categories and are tied together by a coordinator into an integrated program.

The purpose of the program is to assist companies in the development of middle managers in a changing environment. This program is designed to sharpen management skills, especially the decision-making skill; to provide opportunity for the practice of newly-developed techniques for handling quantified data; and to review the fundamentals of management.

**Executive Development Program**

The purpose of the Executive Development Program is to provide business executives at near top management levels with an educational experience and a broadened outlook to the job of managing and directing men and resources for the total business activity.

The Executive Development Program provides opportunities to review new developments in business management, through the vehicle of busi-
ness games, case studies, and other techniques to expand their capabilities for decision-making. Participants in the program are provided with an opportunity to exchange ideas with other executives; to engage in creative and reflecting thinking; and to improve their managerial skills.

Special Courses, Programs, and Conferences
To meet special needs for continuing education, additional courses, programs, and conferences are developed for those with unique situations.

Policies and Procedures of the Technical and Adult Education Program

ADMISSION

A student must be officially admitted to the University before registering for courses in an associate degree program. The student, to be permitted to attend classes at Southern Illinois University, must have completed registration, which includes admission, advisement, sectioning, and payment of fees.

ADVISEMENT

At the initial counseling interview the candidate for the associate degree must declare his intention and select his field of concentration and so indicate on the form provided (Student Declaration of Concentration). After the student has completed the Student Declaration of Concentration, advisement will be the responsibility of the Division of Technical and Adult Education.

PLACEMENT SERVICES

Upon the completion of 80 quarter hours, the associate degree student may register with University Placement Services. The student is encouraged to register early to take advantage of the opportunities for interviews with the representatives of various companies. There is no fee.

GRADUATION

No later than the beginning of a student's last quarter, he must apply for graduation. At this time his courses and grades are reviewed by the Registrar to determine whether the requirements of the University have been met and by the Division of Technical and Adult Education to determine whether requirements for the associate degree have been met.

Center for the Study of Crime, Delinquency, and Corrections

CHARLES V. MATTHEWS, Director

The Center for the Study of Crime, Delinquency, and Corrections spans both campuses of the University—the Carbondale Campus, emphasizing adult corrections; and the Edwardsville Campus, focusing on the problems of delinquent youth.

The Delinquency Study and Youth Development Project, located on the Edwardsville Campus, is a federal training center under the joint sponsorship of Southern Illinois University and the President's Committee on Juvenile Delinquency and Youth Crime. This Project, funded annually, is made possible by a federal grant of $115,988 plus a Southern Illinois University matching grant of $134,035. These grants were awarded under the provisions of Public Law 87-274.
The staff of the project consists of an inter-disciplinary team of social scientists working at problems of youth. In the three years of its existence it has both studied the problems of youth—especially youth from urban slums—and helped train those who work with them. Demonstrative programming for youth, in-service training of professionals and para-professionals, regional conferences, and action research have been typical project activities.

The project offers course work in the behavioral sciences, and graduate assistantships are available for students working toward a degree in the “helping professions.”

**Labor Institute**

**JOHN M. MCDERMOTT, Director**

**NORMAN JOHNSON, Assistant Director**

The function of the Labor Institute is to promote harmony and cooperation between labor and management by encouraging the training of students and others interested in labor and industrial relations and to provide advice on the technical aspects of labor and industrial relations to labor, to industry, and to the public.

**Business Institute / Business Division**

**JOHN E. MEGLEY III, Director**

The Business Institute, utilizing the resources of the Business Division, provides professional development programs for the publics served by Southern Illinois University at Edwardsville. Programs, conferences, seminars, and research projects are designed and developed to facilitate the economic and professional growth of business, industrial, educational, and governmental organizations and institutions. The Institute serves as a catalyst in the interpretation and application of business and economic concepts as effective management tools for these organizational entities.

**Student Colloquium**

The Student Colloquium is a program in which a group of students may themselves develop a course of study and receive credit for completion of the course. The group selects a student leader and before the beginning of the quarter files, with the Colloquium Coordinator and the Registrar, the title and outline of the course of study or activity to be pursued. A student may obtain up to 12 hours of credit in the program, but 4 hours is the maximum he may take for Colloquium credit in any one quarter. The hours may be used for general (elective) credit, or for General Studies credit to the extent of 8 hours (with the approval of the Dean of General Studies), or for departmental credit to the extent of 8 hours (with the approval of the faculty chairman). Grades (Pass or Fail) are determined by the participating students, and are submitted to the Registrar at the end of the course. A minimum of five students must complete the course and participate in the determination of the final grades. A report, including the list of topics taken up in the course, the methods and approaches used in study and presentation, comments relating to problems encountered, and names of participants shall be filed with the Registrar and either the Dean of General Studies or the appropriate faculty chairman.
Areas of Concentration

Fields of Study

Below are the fields of study in which Southern Illinois University offers course work leading to bachelor's degrees to Edwardsville Campus students. Also appearing in this chapter is information on biochemistry, dentistry, instructional technology, secondary education, and student teaching. A bachelor's degree normally requires four years of study.

American Studies  
Anthropology  
Art  
Biology  
Business Administration  
Business Education  
Chemistry  
Comparative Literature  
Economics  
Elementary Education  
Engineering  
English  
Foreign Languages  
Geography  
Government  
Health Education  
History

Latin American Studies  
Mass Communications  
Mathematics  
Music  
Nursing  
Philosophy  
Physical Education  
Physical Science  
Physics  
Professional Writing  
Psychology  
Sociology  
Special Education  
Speech  
Speech Pathology and Audiology  
Theater

Below are the fields of specialization in which Southern Illinois University grants associate degrees to Edwardsville Campus students. An associate degree normally requires two years of study.

Accounting  
Child Care Services  
Industrial Management  
Secretarial Studies

Abbreviations Used in This Chapter

Three-digit numerals are used to identify specific courses. The first numeral of the three indicates the level of that course. A letter following an identification number indicates a part of a course (a means first part, b means second part, etc.). A numeral separated from the identification number by a dash indicates the number of hours required in the course. For example, History 306-9 indicates a third-level course of 9 hours in the Social Sciences Division, and History of Rome 306a,b,c indicates that the course has at least three parts.

The five areas of General Studies are referred to as GSA, GSB, GSC, GSD, and GSE. The three-digit numerals following these abbreviations

1 Secondary concentration only.
function similarly to those noted above. Numerals 1, 2, or 3 following one of these abbreviations and separated by a dash indicate the level requirement in that area. For example, GSA–3 indicates the third-level requirement in General Studies Area A.

Numerals in parentheses in columns of figures pertain to course hours which satisfy more than one requirement. They are in parentheses to avoid their being added into the total of the column which would be a duplication of hours required. For example, under Economics, GSB 311 satisfies part of the General Studies requirements and contributes 3 hours toward the 84 hours required. It also satisfies one of the requirements for the concentration in economics but does not contribute to the printed total of 68 hours.

**American Studies**

American Studies is an interdisciplinary approach to a study of American culture, past and present. Its roots are in American history, literature, and philosophy, but it branches into the fine arts, the American character, folklore, political science, economics, popular culture, and many other areas of study.

**Bachelor of Arts Degree, Humanities Division**

*General Studies Requirements* (See Chapter 3. Waive GSB–3 or GSC–3.) .................................................. 84

*Requirements for Concentration in American Studies* .............................. 74

- GSB 314–3 or GSC 314–3 .................................................. 3
- GSB 300–9 ...................................................................... 9
- American Studies 398 ..................................................... 4
- English 309–8 ................................................................. 8
- Foreign Language (two years on the college level or the equivalent) ........... 10
- Philosophy 385c,d, or e .................................................... 4
- Philosophy 386–4 ............................................................ 4
- Approved courses in history, social sciences, literature, philosophy, fine arts, and other areas. (At least two courses must be in speech or fine arts.) .................................................. 32

*Electives* ...................................................................... 34

*Total* ........................................................................ 192

**Anthropology**

The concentration in anthropology is designed to familiarize students with the major divisions of the field—archaeology, ethnology, social anthropology, linguistics, and physical anthropology. A student is expected to elect anthropology courses to develop his knowledge in one of the five divisions in the field.

**Bachelor of Arts Degree, Social Sciences Division**

*General Studies Requirements* (See Chapter 3. Waive GSB–3.) ... 84

*Requirements for Concentration in Anthropology* .............................. 42

- GSA 365, GSB 201a, GSB 366 or Anthropology 367 .................. 10
- Anthropology 330, 400, 408, 409 or 416 .......................... 20
Electives to complete 42 hours in anthropology chosen in consultation with the faculty ................................................. 12

Secondary Concentration ....................................................... 27
Electives ................................................................................. 39

Total .......................................................................................... 192

Anthropology courses adapted to the General Studies Program may be used as electives. Students demonstrating an interest in linguistics can use English 400 to meet concentration requirements.

Secondary Concentration
A secondary concentration in anthropology consists of 27 hours. Basic requirements are GSA 365–3, GSB 201a–4, GSB 366 or Anthropology 367, and one course in Ethnography from the following: Anthropology 305, Anthropology 307, or GSB 351b. English 400 may be counted as part of the concentration. The remaining 14 hours should be selected in consultation with the anthropology adviser for undergraduate studies.

Art
The Faculty of Art and Design offers three undergraduate degrees in the various areas of art: a Bachelor of Arts degree in studio and in art history and a Bachelor of Science degree in art education.

Undergraduate offerings in art provide introductory and specialized studio work, and introduction to our historical heritage, and professional preparation for the future teacher. Limited offerings are available for those with an avocational interest.

The Faculty of Art and Design asserts the right to select and withhold examples of the work of each student in each class. Such works may become part of a permanent collection and be used for exhibitions as determined by the faculty.

During the last quarter of the junior year or first quarter of the senior year, any student may petition the art faculty to grant him the privilege of an exhibition of his work. Such an exhibit may be comprised of the work of an individual or may be composed of the works of several seniors. Participation in an exhibition is not required for graduation from Southern Illinois University; permission to participate is extended in recognition of industry and ability.

Bachelor of Arts Degree, FINE ARTS DIVISION

Studio

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSC–3.) .... 84
Requirements for Concentration in Art ................................. 81
GSD FL .................................................................................... (9)
Art 100–15, 202–15 (a,b,c,d required; elect e,f, or g), 225–9 39
18 hours from 6 of the following: 305–3, 310–3, 312–3, 358–3, 384–3, 386–3, 393–3 ................................................. 18
Art history ................................................................................. 6
12 additional hours from one of the following: ceramics, painting, prints, sculpture ..................................................... 12
Art electives ............................................................................. 6
Electives or Secondary Concentration .................................. 27

Total .......................................................................................... 192
Art History

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3, Waive GSC–3) ........ 84
Requirements for Concentration in Art History ......................... 57
   GSD FL .................................................................................. (9)
   Art 225–9 .............................................................................. 9
48 hours from the following: GSC 340–3, 341–3, 342–3, 370–9,
   Art 347–9, 349–9, 369–3, 424–3, 448–9, 483–12 ...................... 48
Electives and/or Secondary Concentration (Primary concentrations
   are urged to elect Philosophy 360–4 and Anthropology 305–9 plus
   courses in nonvisual arts and history. Studio work is encouraged
   and additional language study advised.) ................................... 51
Total .......................................................................................... 192

Bachelor of Science Degree, Fine Arts Division

Art Education

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3, Waive GSC–3) .... 84
Requirements for Concentration in Art Education ....................... 72–78
   GSB 331b .............................................................................. (4)
   Art 100–15, 202–15 (a,b,c,d required; elect e,f or g), 225–9 39
18 hours from 6 of the following: 305, 310, 312, 358, 384, 386, 393
   and art history–3 ................................................................. 21
   Art education courses 299–3, 300d–3, 365–6 to 9 .............. 12–18
Professional Education Courses: Counselor Education 305–4, Educa-
   tional Administration 355–4, Secondary Education 352–8 to 16 16–24
Electives ................................................................................... 20–6
Total ....................................................................................... 192

Secondary Concentration

One desiring a secondary concentration in art should take the following:
   100–15, 202–15, and 225–6 for a total of 36 hours.

Standard Secondary Certificate

Requirements for certification include 9 hours in art education, GSB 331–3,
   Educational Administration 355–4, Counselor Education 305–4, and Sec-
   ondary Education 352d–8 to 16 (28–36 hours).

Biochemistry

Specialization in biochemistry normally comes at the post-graduate level
   of education. Adequate preparation requires extensive undergraduate
   course work in both biology and chemistry.

The program listed below includes those courses considered to be
   essential for advanced study in biochemistry. The student must complete
   a primary concentration in either biology or chemistry and will select
   appropriate additional courses. A secondary concentration is not required.
   Interested students should confer with the undergraduate advisers in
   biology and chemistry.

Bachelor of Arts Degree, Science and Technology

General Studies Requirements, (See Chapter 3, Waive GSA–3) .... 84
Areas of Concentration

Biochemistry / 47

Requirements for Biochemistry ............................................................ 105–118
GSA 201–8 .......................................................................................... (8)
GSD FL ......................................................................................... (9)
Biochemistry: Biology 405–4, Chemistry 451–6, 455–2 .................. 12
Biology 301a,b–8, 302a or c–5, 303a–4, 320b,d–10 ...................... 27
Chemistry 125a,b–10, 135–5, 341–9, 345a,b–4, 461–9, 465–3 .. 40
Mathematics 150a,b–8 .................................................................. 8
One year of physics–15 ................................................................. (5) + 10
Completion of a concentration in biology or chemistry to meet
48-hour requirement ............................................................... (27–40) 8–21
Electives .......................................................................................... 3–0
Total ................................................................................................. 192–202

Biology

Biology is an appropriate concentration for individuals interested in
biochemistry, botany, microbiology, pre-health professional, physiology,
or zoology programs. Students planning to concentrate in biology should
consult with the biology faculty representatives.

Bachelor of Arts Degree, Science and Technology Division

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSA–3.) .... 84
Requirements for Concentration in Biology ................................. 76–78
GSD FL ......................................................................................... (9)
Foreign Language (Conversation) 100-level ................................ 3
GSD 114d–4 ................................................................................ 4
One year of physics including laboratory–15 or GSA
101a–5 and Mathematics 150–8 ............................................. (5) + 8–10
Chemistry 125a,b–10, a complete organic chemistry
course to include some laboratory–10 ................................. (3) + 17
Biology 200–4, 301a–4, 302a,c–10, 303a–3, 390a,b,c–1 ............ (8) + 14
Electives in biology to complete 48 hours of 300- and 400-
level work for the concentration. At least one course must
be taken from three of the four areas: cellular, organismal,
population, and microbial biology ...................................... 30
Electives .......................................................................................... 32–30
Total ................................................................................................. 192

Bachelor of Science Degree, Education Division

For this degree, the requirements for a concentration in biology are as
listed above, under Bachelor of Arts degree, except that no foreign lan-
guage is required. See secondary education requirements.

Bachelor of Science Degree, Science and Technology Division

Students planning to enter dental, medical, or veterinary schools or
to become medical technologists should consult with the appropriate
biology faculty representative to work out their individual courses of study.

Medical Sciences

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSA–3.) .... 84
Requirements for Concentration in Biology (Medical Sciences) .... 95
Upon successful completion of one year of study in a program leading to a dental, medical, or veterinary degree at an approved school, the student is credited with 45 hours toward the Bachelor of Science degree, of which 16 count toward the 64 hours of senior college credit needed for graduation from Southern Illinois University.

### Medical Technology

**General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSA-3.)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GSA 101a–5</td>
<td>(5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GSD 114–9</td>
<td>(9)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biology 200–4, 301a–4, 302a–5, 303a–3, 304a–5, 390a, b–c–1, electives from 300- and 400-level</td>
<td>(8) + 33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemistry 105–5, 125–10, 135–5, 305–6, 345–4</td>
<td>(3) + 27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medical Technology (one year at an approved medical technology school)</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total**

| 192 |

Upon successful completion of one year of study and laboratory work at a school of medical technology approved by the Council on Medical Education and Hospitals of the American Medical Association, the student will usually be credited with 48 hours towards the Bachelor of Science degree (of which 16 will count towards the 64 hours of senior college credit needed for graduation from Southern Illinois University). Coordinated programs have been worked out with the following two hospitals: Jewish Hospital, St. Louis, and St. Elizabeth’s Hospital, Belleville, Illinois.

Schools of medical technology approved by the Council on Medical Education and Hospitals of the American Medical Association require for entrance the completion of three years (135 quarter hours) from an accredited college or university, with credit for 24 hours in biological science and 24 in chemistry in a program culminating in a degree. Students successfully completing the year of study and laboratory training at an approved school of medical technology are eligible to take the national registry examination conducted by the Board of Registry of Medical Technology for certification as a registered technologist MT (ASCP).

### Secondary Concentration

A secondary concentration in biology consists of 27 hours and includes at least one quarter of 302. Four hours of GSA 201 may be counted toward the 27 hours, as may GSA 300-level courses which are taught by the Faculty of Biological Sciences.
Areas of Concentration

Business Administration

The academic program in business administration is designed to anticipate the needs of students who will graduate in the early 1970's and whose business careers may extend well beyond the year 2000. We assume that, as business practices and technology change, and as individual business responsibilities grow or alter, our former students will need to adapt continuously to the demands and opportunities of the dynamic fourth quarter of the 20th century. This process of continuing adjustment will be accomplished in many ways: on-the-job training, non-degree courses offered within business and by external agencies, formal academic programs such as those leading to the Master of Business Administration degree, and do-it-yourself programs of professional development. As Southern Illinois University's graduates advance in their careers, all of the foregoing modes of continuing education will be increasingly needed and used.

Bachelor of Science Degree, BUSINESS DIVISION

Careful planning will be needed if the student is to meet all of the degree requirements in General Studies, the business division core, and an area of specialization. The Business Division maintains a special advisory staff to assist students in planning their programs.

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSB-3.) .... 84

Business Division Core Requirements .... 80
Accounting 332, 333, 334 ............................................ 12
Business Communications 390 .......................... 4
Economics 200, 201, 300 ........................................... 12
Finance 320 .............................................................. 4
General Business Administration 140, 340, 341, 440, 441 .... 20
Management Science 311, 313, 315, 380, 381 ............ 20
Marketing 370, 371 ................................................... 8

Specialization Requirements ........................................... 16 or 28

PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTING .................................... (28)
Accounting 331, (341 in lieu of 334), 351-8, 442, 453, 456 ....................... 24
General Business Administration 342 .... 4

GENERAL ACCOUNTING .......................................... (16)
Accounting (341 in lieu of 334), 351-8, 442, 453 .... 16

ECONOMICS ......................................................... (16)
Economics 340, 441, and electives in economics .... 16

GENERAL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION .......................... (16)
(To be worked out on an individual basis)

MARKETING ......................................................... (16)
Marketing 470, 473, and two of 452, 471, 472 .... 16

MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS ........................................ (16)
Accounting 341 .................................................... 4
Management Science 380 ................................. 4
Marketing 452 .................................................... 4
Production 460 .................................................... 4

Electives ................................................................. 12 or 0

Total ................................................................. 192
General Studies. As part of the program of General Studies, business students are asked to take certain foundation subjects of great significance to their later work in the business program. Particularly relevant are the courses in economics and sociology, in psychology and anthropology, in college algebra and statistics, and in oral and written communication. Concurrent with their lower division (freshman and sophomore) General Studies work, business students will also take carefully selected basic courses in business offered by the division.

Core Curriculum. The mission of the core curriculum in business is threefold. First, it aims at providing students with a comprehensive understanding of industrial dynamics, structure of industry, business organization, and managerial technique. Second, it seeks specifically to develop the student's managerial capabilities in the three critical areas—analysis, communication, and human relations. Third, it aims at re-enforcing both the motivation and the capacity for life-long professional growth and development.

The Business Division works toward these objectives through the following alternative plans:

Plan "A"—The majority of students enroll under Plan "A". The core courses are offered each quarter in a manner to accommodate the needs of students whose personal preference and/or work and study programs require flexible time sequences as in standard scheduling. Students should obtain program advice from the Business Division adviser for proper course sequencing.

Plan "B"—This plan is a laboratory approach to education. Small group processes are utilized under faculty supervision. Each quarter, four core courses are scheduled in one block of time, either morning or afternoon. Four laboratory hours are included in the twenty hours each week during which students work in small groups to acquire knowledge of the four core courses under the guidance of the faculty. Distinctive features include integration of subject matter and individual developmental evaluation. Further details of this program can be provided by the Business Division adviser.

Specialization and Electives. The student’s choice of a specialization and his use of electives will reflect his preference as to a point of entry into business. We say point of entry rather than career because well over half of our students are expected to shift fields of specialization within a few years after graduation. That is to say, students whose point of entry is field x may soon find themselves working in field y. Nevertheless, if a student aspires to a specialization such as professional accounting, he will be advised to devote both his specialization and his elective course work to subjects relevant to that objective.

Similarly, a student interested in management systems may take the four-course sequence in that area and may, if he chooses, use his elective courses to bolster his strength either in business subjects or in a related field, such as mathematics or the computer sciences. Alternatively, electives may be used to expand cultural or other nonprofessional interests. Students choosing other areas of specialization such as marketing or personnel and industrial relations may use their electives in like fashion.

Still another use of the time allocated to "specialization" and "elec-
Areas of Concentration

Business Administration

"General Studies," in "Specialization," and in "Electives" to that end. One purpose of this option is to allow a student who anticipates graduate study in business to receive a "liberal" undergraduate education and yet to qualify for a Master of Business Administration degree (MBA) in one additional year of study instead of the two-year program often required of non-business baccalaureates. A second objective is to provide additional discretion to students who, while desiring to prepare for careers in business, are uncertain as to an exact point of entry. A third group who may choose this option are pre-law students who anticipate engaging in business-related law practice. Finally, there is an increasing demand in business for graduates who have combined a sound program in business with depth in some related area such as those cited.

In summary. The program in business is designed to facilitate both entry into business and long-term professional growth. During his business career we expect a former student to find that, because of changing business practices and growing responsibilities, less and less of his course work in specific business subjects is directly relevant to his needs. As this occurs, he will draw more and more upon the generalized portion of his program at Southern Illinois University, supplemented and extended by his work experience, by his continuing program of self-instruction, and by post-graduate professional-development programs of the types previously indicated.

ACCOUNTING

The operation of a business and its financial condition are of interest to its owners, to its employees, to its creditors, to various governmental bodies, and to the public. Accounting is the means by which the transactions of a business are analyzed, recorded, presented, and interpreted to and/or for the various interested groups. In many instances such data is attested by a particular type of professional accountant, the licensed certified public accountant (C.P.A.).

The skills of the accountant are not easily acquired; serious and thorough study is necessary. The breadth and depth of this study depend somewhat upon the post-graduate objectives of an individual student. Differences in student objectives are recognized by two specializations in accounting, either of which will satisfy degree requirements for graduation.

The professional accounting program is recommended for students who wish to meet the educational requirements for taking the C.P.A. examination in Missouri, Illinois, and other states; for governmental career positions in accounting; and the expectations of many public accounting and private business firms. Those who aspire to become a C.P.A. (Certified Public Accountant) should familiarize themselves with the laws and regulations covering the certification of public accountants in the state of their choice. The regulations for the State of Illinois are published by the Committee of Accountancy, University of Illinois, Urbana, Illinois.
The general accounting program is recommended for those students who intend to continue the study of accounting in graduate school, or for those students who desire a more thorough coverage of some other area or areas as an undergraduate.

**Finance**

Various career opportunities are available to students who choose to specialize in finance. In broad terms they are corporate finance, investments, commercial banking, and insurance. Within each of these areas there are many sub-categories of professional expertise. Depending upon the student's preference within finance, additional work in related areas such as accounting, economics, or management systems is recommended.

An objective of the courses offered in the area of finance is to provide the student with a comprehensive introduction (a) to the functions of corporate financial officers, (b) to the fields of investment policy and investment analysis, (c) to the special characteristics of the major types of financial intermediaries. In addition, they provide knowledge of certain principles of financial analysis and decision making and practice in the application of these principles to specific cases, thereby developing analytical ability and fuller comprehension of the nature of financial problems as encountered in business and industry.

**General Business Administration**

The general business administration courses help the student to understand the foundations of our market-oriented economy and the role of business enterprise therein; and provide a firm foundation in the area of theory, the external environment of a business or an industry (the scientific and technological, economic and market, legal and political, goal-setting, and attitudinal environments within which business institutes operate), and the decision-making processes involved in the choice of particular business policies and practices. The overall goal is to enhance understanding the internal and external factors affecting the operation of business firms and skill in the management of essential entrepreneurial resources—human, financial, physical, and technical.

This area of specialization provides the student with an opportunity to obtain further depth of study in related subjects offered by the other divisions. Among the topical areas to which this option is applicable are applied science, economics, foreign languages, government, mathematics, psychology, and sociology. Other areas may be approved upon application to the chairman.

In each instance, the student will pursue a sequence of courses amounting to at least 16 quarter hours in the area of his choice. The particular sequence must be approved in advance by the chairman or other appropriate officer of the faculty.

**Marketing**

Marketing, which includes all activities concerned with determining and satisfying desires and needs of individual and institutional consumers, is a major function in all forms of business enterprise. Marketing knowledge and concepts provide the tools for developing and distributing goods and services in today’s dynamic economy and tomorrow’s as well. Courses are offered in the areas of consumer behavior, advertising, marketing management, distribution, sales administration, and market research.
MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS—QUANTITATIVE METHODS—PRODUCTION

All three are concerned with (a) the design of information and decision-making systems for business, governmental, and other institutional requirements, (b) the application of appropriate techniques of quantitative analysis to administrative problems, (c) the utilization of EDP (electronic data processing or computer) capability in management information and decision-making systems. This includes the study of techniques often described under the heading of operations research. Three distinct areas of study are recognized within this broad field: management operating systems, quantitative methods, and production and operations management. This specialization is designated management systems.

Management Systems. The systems concept of organization within business and government is receiving many benefits from computer applications. New career opportunities arise from the rapid growth of computer usage. Students with an understanding of systems, computers, and quantitative techniques will be equipped to identify and solve certain types of problems in the management of business or government.

Quantitative Methods. The courses introduce students to modern mathematical and statistical concepts and methods as applied to business activity. A major objective is to develop skill in the formulation of logical models useful in making business decisions under conditions of both certainty and uncertainty. An additional goal is to develop means of measuring and evaluating the performance of business and other goal-seeking institutions in whole and in part. Linear and dynamic programming, inventory models, simulation, and statistical decision theory are some of the specific methods of analysis studied.

Production. The objective is to assist the student who is interested in a career in production or operations management to find a proper point of entry into his chosen field, and to perform competently thereafter. Because of the rapidly changing technological base of the production and operations functions, emphasis is upon tools and concepts of a fairly general character and lasting relevance.

PRODUCTION

The production function is responsible for creating the goods and services which are inputs to the marketing function of a firm. Viewed in this manner, a distinct production function is to be found in a variety of business activities. In a major airline, for example, the production function often includes aircraft scheduling, operation, and maintenance and is headed by a vice-president for operations. The head of an analogous function in a banking firm may be titled cashier or comptroller. In manufacturing firms the title of the senior production officer ranges from vice-president for manufacturing to plant manager. In each industry there are conventional lines of advancement running from points of entry into a firm to these positions. Whatever the type of business, the fundamental responsibility of the production function is the same: to insure that the desired goods or services are produced or made available on time, at budgeted cost, in the proper quantities, and within the desired span of quality characteristics.
PERSONNEL AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

Personnel administration as a distinct professional field and organizational entity is now well accepted in business, as is industrial relations. In nearly every firm of substantial size are found staff specialists in these areas. There are attractive employment opportunities for both young men and young women in these fields.

The specialization of personnel management and industrial relations is concerned with the responsibilities and activities of both the director of the personnel function and the director of the industrial relations function within commercial, industrial, and governmental institutions. Students are introduced to the specialized routines and procedures of these fields as well as to the many legislative enactments which affect a management’s relations with its employees and with organized labor.

The specialization provides opportunities to relate prior work in psychology, sociology, management operating systems, organization behavior, decision making, organization problems, and other areas to administrative problems in the field of personnel management and industrial relations.

Business Education

The Faculty of Business Education offers two programs which lead to the Bachelor of Science degree. A program in business teacher education is offered through the Education Division, and a program in administrative services is offered through the Business Division.

Business Teacher Education

The business teacher education program is designed to prepare teachers of business subjects for secondary schools, junior colleges, vocational-technical schools, and similar institutions. Each student in the program completes a core of business administration and education courses and specializes in one area of business administration.

Bachelor of Science Degree, Education Division

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSB-3) 84
Business Teacher Education Core 80
Accounting 332, 333 8
Administrative Services 300 4
Business Communications 390 4
Business Education 350, 351, 405 12
Counselor Education 305 4
Economics 200, 201 8
Foundations of Education 355 4
General Business Administration 140, 340, 342 12
Marketing 371 4
Secondary Education 315, 352b 20
Subject Matter Specialization: concentration of studies in one of the following six areas 24

Accounting
Accounting 351a,b 8
Administrative Services 428 4
Business Education 408 4
Electives in accounting, administrative services, and finance 8
### Areas of Concentration

**DATA PROCESSING**
- Administrative Services 301, 426, 428 ........................................... 12
- Business Education 408 ................................................................. 4
- Electives in accounting, administrative services, management science, and quantitative methods .................................................. 8

**ECONOMICS**
- General Business Administration 440 ........................................... 4
- Economics 300, 310, 441 .................................................................. 12
- Electives in economics and finance .................................................. 8

**MARKETING AND DISTRIBUTIVE EDUCATION**
- Business Education 414a, b ................................................................ 6
- Marketing 370, 472 ......................................................................... 8
- Electives in marketing ................................................................. 10

**OFFICE SERVICES**
- Administrative Services 426, 427 .................................................. 8
- Business Education 304, 402 ......................................................... 11
- Electives in administrative services and business education .......... 5

**SECRETARIAL ADMINISTRATION**
- Administrative Services 426 ......................................................... 4
- Business Education 304, 324a, 403, 404, 406 .................................. 19
- Electives in administrative services and business education .......... 1
- Electives ......................................................................................... 4

**Total** .......................................................................................... 192

In lieu of electives in his area of specialization above, a student may wish to secure additional certification in one or more of the following teaching areas by substituting the courses shown for the electives in his specialization: shorthand—Business Education 324a, 404; typewriting—Business Education 201c, 403; business law—General Business Administration 440; accounting—Business Education 408; office practice—Business Education 201c, 406; business arithmetic—Accounting 330, 341, or Management Systems 313; salesmanship—Marketing 472; cooperative education—Business Education 414a,b.

#### Administrative Services

Administrative Services includes office services, data processing, informational analysis, systems procedures analysis, and personnel management. The program in Administrative Services is divided into two areas of specialization, data processing and personnel management—each of which leads to the Bachelor of Science degree.

#### Bachelor of Science Degree, BUSINESS DIVISION

**General Studies Requirements** (See Chapter 3. Waive GSB–3.) ...... 84

**Core Requirements** ................................................................. 68
- Accounting 332, 333 .................................................................. 8
- Administrative Services 300, 426, 427 ........................................... 12
- Business Communications 390 ..................................................... 4
- Economics 200, 201, 310 ............................................................... 12
- Finance 320 .................................................................................. 4
- General Business Administration 140, 340, 341, 440, 441 ............ 20
- Marketing 371 ............................................................................. 4
- Psychology 320 ............................................................................ 4
### Area of Specialization

**DATA PROCESSING**
- Accounting 334 or 341 and 351a,b ........................................ 12
- Administrative Services 301, 428 ........................................ 8
- Management Science 311 .................................................. 4

**PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT**
- Personnel 450, 451, one related subject .............................. 12
- Psychology 473, 474, 479 ................................................... 12

**Electives** .............................................................................. 16

**Total** .................................................................................... 192

### Chemistry

A primary concentration in chemistry must include 125–10, 135–5, and at least 34 hours in chemistry courses beyond 135. Two courses of study leading to the Bachelor of Arts degree in the Science and Technology Division are available: a curriculum leading to certification by the American Chemical Society and a non-ACS program. All supporting courses (in lieu of a secondary concentration) must be approved by the Faculty of Chemistry undergraduate adviser. These are courses primarily in mathematics and physics, such as Physics 300, Mathematics 225, 305, and 350.

Pre-medical students who enter a medical school after the junior year may obtain approval to apply appropriate medical school courses to complete the requirements for a concentration in chemistry. This approval may be obtained from the office of the Faculty of Chemistry.

Students interested in biochemistry should consult the curriculum description in this catalog under that heading.

Four-year program outlines, lists of suggested supportive courses, and additional advice may be obtained through the office of the Faculty of Chemistry. Incoming students who are considering a concentration in chemistry are urged to contact this office before registering for any courses.

### Bachelor of Arts Degree, Science and Technology Division

(American Chemical Society Certification)

**General Studies Requirements** (See Chapter 3. Waive GSA-3.) ...... 84

**Requirements for Concentration in Chemistry** .............................. 86

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GSD 126-9, FL (German) 251-4</td>
<td>(9) + 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemistry 125-10, 135-5, 261-3, 341-9, 345-6, 361-9, 365-4, 411-4, 432a or b-4</td>
<td>(3) + 51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics 150-8, 250-4</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physics 211-12, 212-3</td>
<td>(5) + 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemistry electives—at least three at 400 level (one may be mathematics or physics)</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Approved Supporting Courses** ............................................. 5-22

**Electives** .............................................................................. 17-0

**Total** .................................................................................... 192

(Non-ACS Program)

**General Studies Requirements.** (See Chapter 3. Waive GSA-3.) ...... 84

**Requirements for Concentration in Chemistry** .............................. 65-66
Areas of Concentration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Courses</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chemistry 125–10, 135–5, 261–3, 341–9, 345–6, 361–9, 365–4</td>
<td>3 + 43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemistry 311–3 or 411–4</td>
<td>3–4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics 150–8, 250–4</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physics 211–12</td>
<td>5 + 7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approved Supporting Courses</td>
<td>11–27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electives</td>
<td>32–15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>192</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sanitation Technology

**Bachelor of Science Degree, Science and Technology Division**

A degree program is offered in sanitation technology for training personnel involved with waste treatment plants.

**Secondary Concentration**

A secondary concentration in chemistry must include 125–10, 135–5, and at least 12 hours in chemistry courses beyond 135. (Chemistry 110, 201, 202, and 240 are not accepted.)

**Comparative Literature**

**Secondary Concentration**

The secondary concentration in comparative literature is 37 hours, prescribed as follows: 300–12; 310a,b,c; second year of foreign language on the college level; and 4 hours of electives from 310c,d, Philosophy 390 or advanced foreign language study.

**Dentistry (Preprofessional)**

A predental program leading to the Bachelor of Science degree in biology upon completion of the first year of study at an approved dental school is offered. Students in this program are qualified to apply to the dental school currently being developed at Southern Illinois University, Edwardsville, as well as to other dental schools. If a student follows the program and does not choose to leave after three years, he can complete a typical biology concentration during his senior year.

**Freshman Courses**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Courses</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GSA 201–8</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GSC (5 hours 100-level)</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GSD 101–6, 103–3, 114a,c–9</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GSE 201–3, 1 hour activity course 100-level</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemistry 101–5, 125–10</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sophomore Courses**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Courses</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GSB 101b or 103a–4, 101c or 103b–4</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GSC 151–3, 3 hours on 300-level</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GSE (1 hour activity course 100-level)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biology 302a,d–10</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemistry 305–6, 345a,b–4</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physics 206–15</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Junior Courses**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Courses</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Economics

Courses in economics help students to understand the principles concerning the production and distribution of goods and services. Important and often controversial issues, such as the level and composition of national income, unemployment, income distribution, inflation, labor unions, monopoly, tariffs, the level and composition of government spending and taxation, and various economic systems are studied and analyzed.

The study of economics prepares an individual for a position in private industry, government service, or teaching. Business and governmental agencies employ economists in management training program, research, and administrative positions. Economics also provides necessary background for the understanding of and evaluation of state and national policy in many fields, examples of which are taxation, monetary and fiscal policy, antitrust, pollution control, and other public interest activities, and welfare legislation. Students choosing economics as a field of concentration pursue a core program designed to provide the student with a thorough grounding in the principles of economic theory followed by more specialized study in such areas as money and banking, labor and industrial relations, international trade, urban and regional economics, mathematical economics, economic history, comparative economic systems, and public finance. The sequence of courses, including those in related areas, is planned in cooperation with an adviser from the faculty.

Four distinct programs permit concentration or specialization in economics. The Business Division offers the Bachelor of Science degree with a concentration in economics and the Bachelor of Science degree with a concentration in business administration and a specialization in economics. The Education Division offers a Bachelor of Science degree with a concentration in economics. The Social Sciences Division offers the Bachelor of Arts degree with a concentration in economics.

Bachelor of Science Degree, Business Division

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSB-3.) .... 84
Requirements for Concentration in Economics ............... 68
   GSB 311-3 ....................................................... (3)
   GSD 114a-4, 114d-4 ........................................ (9)
   Accounting 332, 333, 334 .................................... 12
   Economics 200, 201, any 300-level economics course ....... 12
   Economics 440, 441 ............................................. 8
   Economics electives ........................................... 16
   Management Science 1 311, 313, 315 ... ................. 12

1 Requirements in management science may be met by Mathematics 150-8, 252-8, 480-10, and 483-4; in this case, these courses in mathematics will constitute a secondary concentration.

2 Economics 467 may be substituted for Management Science 315.
### Areas of Concentration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Concentration</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Courses in finance, marketing, or management science</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Secondary Concentration</strong></td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Students are asked to choose a secondary concentration in any other business area, mathematics, any other social science, or any other area approved by the faculty chairman.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Electives</strong></td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>192</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Bachelor of Arts Degree, Social Sciences Division

**General Studies Requirements** (See Chapter 3.Waive GSB-3.) ... 84

**Requirements for Concentration in Economics** ................. 45

- GSB 311-3 ........................................................................... 3
- GSD 114a-5, 114d-4 ....................................................... (9)
- Economics 200, 201 ......................................................... 8
- Economics 340, 441 ......................................................... 8
- Economics electives ...................................................... 26

**Secondary Concentration** ................................................ 27

Students are asked to choose a secondary concentration in any other social science or mathematics area, or in any other area approved by the faculty chairman.

**Electives** ........................................................................ 36

**Total** ............................................................................. 192

#### Bachelor of Science Degree, Education Division

For this degree the following courses constitute a 48-hour concentration in economics: GSB 103b, 311, GSD 114d, Economics 200, 201, 300, 340, 441, plus 17 hours of electives in economics to meet the minimum of 48 hours. The electives will be chosen in consultation with an economics faculty adviser.

The following courses constitute a 36-hour concentration in economics: GSB 103b, 311, GSD 114d, Economics 200, 201, 300, 440, 441, plus 5 hours of electives in economics to meet the minimum of 36 hours.

**Secondary Concentration**

A secondary concentration in economics requires 24 hours and must include 200, 201, 340, and 441. The remaining 8 hours shall consist of electives in economics chosen in consultation with an adviser from the economics faculty.

#### Elementary Education

Completion of the concentration in both general elementary education and early childhood education fulfills the University and the Education Division requirements for the Bachelor of Science degree and qualifies the student for the Illinois Standard Elementary School Certificate.

For Missouri certification in elementary education, students will need to include GSB 203-8, 300-9, Elementary Education 413-4, and Psychology 301-4.

#### Bachelor of Science Degree, Education Division

**General Studies Requirements** (See Chapter 3. Waive GSC-3.) .... 84

**Professional Requirements for Concentration in Elementary Education** 44
The following are taken in the order presented:
Counselor Education 305 ........................................ 4
Foundations of Education 355 .................................. 4
Elementary Education 314-4, 351–16, 415-4 .................. 24
Instructional Technology 417 .................................... 4
Education Reading 337 ........................................... 4
Professional elective: recommended—Counselor Education
203-4, Foundations of Education 431, Elementary Education
422-4, 437-4, 442-4, Psychology 301-4 .................... 4

Nonprofessional Requirements ................................ 40
GSA-3 ...................................................................... 3
GSB-8 .................................................................... 8
GSC-3 .................................................................... 3
Art, music, and/or theater ........................................... 7
English 391-3 .......................................................... 3
Physical Education 350-4 ......................................... 4
Area of interest ....................................................... 12
Electives .................................................................... 24
Total ........................................................................ 192

Engineering

Engineering is the professional art of applying mathematics and science
to the optimum utilization of natural resources for the benefit of man. It
is a creative activity in that it produces that which has never previously
existed; it is a scientific activity in its approach and the knowledge uti-
lized to manipulate nature for man’s purposes.

The following curricula are designed to develop engineers capable of
breaking new paths as well as improving old ones, to develop flexibility,
to emphasize synthesis as well as analysis.

All students interested in engineering should seek advisement from the
Faculty of Engineering immediately upon enrolling in the University.

Bachelor of Science Degree, Science and Technology Division

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSA–3.) ... 84
Requirements for Concentration in Engineering .................. 110–112
One of the following specializations:

ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING .................................. 112
Engineering 110–1, 200–9, 201–2, 210–2, 260–8,
300–3, 301–3, 325–4, 326–4, 327–4, 330–8,
495–1 ............................................................. 68
Chemistry 125–5 ...................................................... (3) + 2
Mathematics 150–8, 250–4, 305–4, 350–8, one
elective–4 .......................................................... (9) + 19
Physics 211–12, 300a–4 ............................................ (5) + 11
Electronic Engineering electives .............................. 12

URBAN AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING .......... 110
Engineering 101–6, 220–3, 221–1, 230–3, 260–8,

1 A student shall select an area in which he obtains at least 12 hours in addition to the above
requirements. These areas are fine arts; health, recreation, and physical education; instructional
materials; language arts; mathematics; science; social science.
Areas of Concentration


\[\begin{array}{ll}
270-4, 300-3, 314-6, 320-3, 321-1, 370-4, \\
420-3, 421-1 & \text{46}
\end{array}\]

\[\begin{array}{ll}
\text{Chemistry 125-10} & \text{(3)} + 7
\end{array}\]

\[\begin{array}{ll}
\text{Mathematics 150-8, 225-4, 250-4, 305-4,} \\
350a-4, 405a-4 & \text{(9) + 19}
\end{array}\]

\[\begin{array}{ll}
\text{Physics 211-12, 212-3} & \text{(5) + 10}
\end{array}\]

Electives from one of the following groupings: \text{20-21}

- Environmental: Engineering 380-12, 480-8
- Structures: Engineering 340-8, 440-8, 442-4

8-7

Additional electives

110

Engineering electives

37

Chemistry 125a-5

Mathematics 150-8, 225-4, 305-4, 350-8, 405-8, 485-6

Physics 211-12, 212-3, 300-5

27

\[\text{Total} \quad 194-196\]

Secondary Concentration

A secondary concentration in engineering should include 220-3, 221-1, 260-8, 270-4, plus 7 technical elective hours approved by the Faculty of Engineering.

English

Bachelor of Arts Degree, Humanities Division

General Studies Requirements \(^1\) (See Chapter 3. Waive GSC-3.) \quad 84

Requirements for Concentration in English \(^2\) \quad 58-60

Foreign Language (second level of the same language taken as General Studies requirement) \quad (12) + 10

English 300, 302a,b,c, 309a,b and either 471a or b \quad 28

Five 400-level courses in English, excluding 485, 486, 487 \quad 20-22

For one of the 400-level courses the student may substitute two of the following GSC courses: 313, 315, 325, 333, 336, 337, 339, 343b, 345c; this option adds 2 hours to English total. Another option is substitution of 4 hours of Humanities Honors for one 400-level course.

Secondary Concentration \quad 24-27

Electives \quad 26-23

Total \quad 192-194

Secondary Concentration

A 24-hour secondary concentration in English consists of English 300 and

\(^1\) These requirements must include the first year of a foreign language; third-level GSC courses may be waived.

\(^2\) These requirements include courses only above sophomore level.
302a, followed by either 302b and c or by 309a and b, and two 400-level courses, at least one of which is in a field not covered by the survey courses chosen.

**Bachelor of Science Degree, EDUCATION DIVISION**

**General Studies Requirements** (See Chapter 3. Waive GSC–3.)

**Requirements for Concentration in English**

- GSD FL
- English 300–4, 302–12, 309–8, 403–4, 471a or b–4, 485–4, 490–4
- Two of the following: English 400–4, 405–4, Speech 202–3, 224–4, Journalism 391–3
- Representative choices in both period and genre 400-level courses in literature
- English 486–4 or 587–4

**Professional Education Courses**

- Counselor Education 305–4, Educational Administration 355–4, Secondary Education 315–4, 352d–12
- Two courses from the following: Psychology 303–4, Secondary Education 440–4, Counselor Education 422–4, Instructional Technology 417–4, Special Education 414–4
- Elective

**Total**

---

**Bachelor of Arts Degree, HUMANITIES DIVISION**

**General Studies Requirements** (See Chapter 3. Waive GSC–3.)

**Requirements for Concentration in Foreign Languages**

- A minimum of 42 hours beyond the 100-level courses
- English and history (one course in each area above 299 related to the concentration)

**Secondary Concentration**

**Electives**

**Total**

---

**Bachelor of Science Degree, EDUCATION DIVISION**

For this degree, the requirements for concentration in Foreign Languages are 42 hours (exclusive of General Studies courses and elementary education concentration courses) in a language, plus one English and one history course numbered above 299.

**Secondary Concentration**

A secondary concentration consists of 24 hours (exclusive of General Studies) in a language.

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1 If GSD 103 can be waived, student should take Speech 202–3 or 224–4.
2 One college year (or equivalent) of a foreign language is required; two years are preferred.
Areas of Concentration

Geography

The Earth Sciences Faculty offers both the Bachelor of Science degree and the Bachelor of Arts degree.

1. Bachelor of Science—for preparation to teach geography and earth science in the elementary or secondary schools, or (with further preparation) in the junior college; or as a part of preparation to teach either social science or physical science in the elementary or secondary school.

2. Bachelor of Arts—for a thorough knowledge of geography, in preparation for civil service appointment as a geographer, or for demands of private organizations requiring the services of geographers, meteorologists, cartographers, or planners.

A broad background in other fields is of great importance to a geographer. Thus, it is recommended that geography students hold their hours of geography to the minimum number required and use their elective hours to take work in other areas. Students interested in physical geography should consider work in geology, botany, zoology, chemistry, and physics. Students interested in economic geography or planning can profit from work in economics, government, sociology, marketing, and transportation. Students specializing in cultural geography will find courses in sociology, anthropology, history, and government particularly useful. Students interested in the geography of a particular area of the world are encouraged to take courses that are related to their area of interest.

Students with a concentration in geography or planning are strongly urged to take work in statistics. GSD 114d provides an introduction, while students interested in more complete preparation may take Geography 410.

Students working for a secondary concentration in geography or taking the social studies field concentration in education must take Geography 304, 306, and 308. (GSA 312 is recommended as an elective.)

Bachelor of Arts Degree, Social Sciences Division

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSB–3.) 84

Requirements for Concentration in Geography 45

GSD FL or GSD Mathematics (9)
GSA 110a,b, 330, GSB 203b (recommended) 15
One of the following specializations: 30
Cultural geography, economic geography, regional: 304, 306, 308, 310, and electives.
Planning: 304, 306, 308, 310a, 404a, 470a,b, 471a, and electives.
Cartography: 304, 306, 308, 310, 416a,b, 417, and electives.
Earth science: Geography 308, 310a, 400, 401, 444, and electives (recommended GSA 322, 330, 331).

Secondary Concentration 27
Secondary concentration must be mathematics if the specialization is cartography.

Electives 36

Total 192

The Bachelor of Arts degree cartography specialty may be earned by a work-study plan which permits students to work part time at the St. Louis Aeronautical Chart and Information Center. Interested students must consult with the cartography adviser on specific requirements.
Bachelor of Science Degree, Education Division

In addition to the General Studies requirements and the Education Division requirements, a geography specialization must include the following courses: Geography 302, 304, 306, 308, 310a, and additional courses to complete 45 or 36 hours in geography (depending on whether the student has one or two secondary concentrations).

Secondary Concentration

A secondary concentration in geography consists of 27 hours and must include 304, 306, and 308. Fifteen hours of General Studies courses toward both the primary and the secondary concentrations may be counted. (GSA 312 is recommended as an elective.)

Government

A concentration in government is recommended for persons planning to teach civics or government courses, and for those planning to qualify for the study of law or for the public service.

Bachelor of Arts Degree, Social Sciences Division

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSB-3.) .... 84

Requirements for Concentration in Government ...................... 45

GSD FL .................................................... (9)

A minimum of 45 hours, including 200 and GSB 203a, and at least 3 hours in four of the six areas of specialization:

- American government and politics: 340 or 345 or equivalent.
- Comparative politics: 350 or 355 or equivalent.
- International relations: 370 or equivalent.
- Political theory: 385 or equivalent.
- Public administration: 320 or equivalent.
- Public law: 340c or equivalent.

Secondary Concentration .............................................. 27

Electives ....................................................... 36

Total .............................................................. 192

Bachelor of Science Degree, Education Division

For this degree, the requirements for concentration in government total 45 or 36 hours in government, including 200 and GSB 203a, depending on whether the student has one secondary concentration or two. At least 3 hours (but no more than 20 hours) should be taken in four of the six areas of specialization listed above.

Secondary Concentration

A secondary concentration is 27 hours and must include 200 and GSB 203a and at least one course in three of the six areas of specialization.

Health Education

Secondary Concentration

A secondary concentration in health education is available for those who wish to receive teacher certification on either the elementary or secondary
Areas of Concentration

Health Education / 65

school level. It consists of 30 hours and includes GSE 201–3; Health Education 205–4, 300–3, 334s–4, 350–4 or 460–4, 355–4, 471–4; and one of the following 4-hour courses—Health Education 313s or Psychology 301, 303, or 432.

History

Students who intend to study for either the Bachelor of Arts or the Bachelor of Science degree with a concentration in history should arrange for an interview with the undergraduate adviser in history at the time of declaration of concentration. The Bachelor of Arts degree permits the student a greater degree of flexibility in the four-year college program, and is recommended for students who plan to do graduate work.

Bachelor of Arts Degree, Social Sciences Division

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSB–3.) ... 84

Requirements for Concentration in History ................. 45–58

- Four courses (at least one in U.S. History) from GSB 101b,c, GSB 300a,b,c, History 100, History 102 ... 12–15
- History 452 ... 3
- History electives at the junior-senior level (ten courses selected in the rank 301–499) ... 30–40
- Two years of college level foreign language, or its equivalent (first year in GSD or second year intermediate) ... 9

Secondary Concentration ........................................... 27

Electives ................................................................. 36–23

Total ........................................................................... 192

Bachelor of Science Degree, Education Division

The concentration in history is the same for the Bachelor of Science degree as for the Bachelor of Arts degree except that students must have a minimum of 48 hours. The language requirement is optional.

Secondary Concentration

The secondary concentration requires that students select three courses from GSB 101b,c, GSB 300a,b,c, History 100, History 102. At least one of these courses should be in United States History. In addition, six courses in the rank 301–499 should be taken to complete the concentration. The minimum number of hours is 27.

Instructional Technology

Courses are offered in instructional technology in the utilization and administration of teaching materials. Programs may be designed to prepare either audio-visual coordinators or school librarians.

The Education Division offers a secondary concentration of 28 hours for secondary level specializations. This program provides minimum qualification for either a media specialist or a school librarian.

The required courses for librarians are Instructional Technology 308–4, 403–4, 406–4, and 407–4. The required courses for audio-visual people are Instructional Technology 417–4 and 445–5. Additional courses to fulfill the requirement of 28 hours are planned in conference with the adviser.
Latin American Studies

Secondary Concentration

The secondary concentration in Latin American Studies is 26-28 hours which must include History 352c-3, Government 355a-4, and Spanish 375-9; one course chosen from the following: any 400-level Latin American history course, History 352a-3, History 352b-3, or Anthropology 307-3; two courses chosen from among these: Economics 422-4, Geography 467a-4 or 467b-3.

Mass Communications

Mass communications involves the study of television-radio, journalism, and film. At present, a concentration in mass communications involves options in television-radio and journalism. A comprehensive examination in the winter quarter of the senior year is required of each student.

Broadcasting

Bachelor of Arts Degree, Fine Arts Division

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSC-3) ......... 84
Requirements for Concentration in Mass Communications ............ 57
Speech 224-4 ........................................................................... 4
Television-Radio 100-4, 200-4, 201-4, 252-4, 300-5, 400-4,
402-4 or 403-4, 408-4 ................................................................ 33
Television-Radio electives (five of the following 4-hour courses:
202, 301-5, 302, 303, 356, 359, 390, 401, 404, 405, 406, 407,
410, 450, 466, 467) ................................................................ 20
Secondary Concentration ..................................................... 24
Electives .................................................................................. 27
Total ....................................................................................... 192

Students seeking a Bachelor of Arts degree with an option in broadcasting must take the program outlined above. This degree requires a foreign language and is intended for those students who expect to enter the writing, production, or talent areas of broadcasting, or who expect to continue on to graduate study in broadcasting.

Bachelor of Science Degree, Fine Arts Division

The Bachelor of Science degree with an option in broadcasting does not require a foreign language and is intended for those students who wish to enter the production, technical, or commercial aspects of broadcasting, and who expect to enter the industry upon graduation. Where possible, students may present an additional primary concentration by combining the secondary concentration and elective hours. Adviser consent is required.

Secondary Concentration

A secondary concentration in broadcasting is possible by taking the following courses: Television-Radio 100, 200, 201, 252, 300, 401 for a total of 25 hours.
Areas of Concentration

Mass Communications / 67

Journalism

Bachelor of Arts Degree, FINE ARTS DIVISION

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSC-3.) .... 84

Requirements for Concentration in Mass Communications .......... 54

Journalism 103-3, 201a,b-8, 210a-3, 245 or 345-4, 303-4,
340-4, 410-4, 415-4 ............................................. 34

Television-Radio 100 or Journalism 101 or substitute ............ 3-4

Journalism, selected television-radio, and electives from
other divisions on campus as approved by the Faculty of
Mass Communications ................................................ 17-16

Secondary Concentration Outside Mass Communications (A double
primary concentration is recommended.) .......................... 27

General Electives ...................................................... 17

Total ................................................................. 192

This degree requires study in a foreign language, as specified in the
General Studies Program. (See Chapter 3, page 18.)

Secondary Concentration

A secondary concentration in journalism consists of Journalism 103-3,
201a,b-8, 210a-3, 320-4, 340-4, 402-2, and 415-4 for a minimum of 28
hours; or alternate courses as approved by the director of journalism.

A student of journalism must work in five areas: skills courses, history
and philosophy of journalism, theory of and research in communication,
study of professional performance and behavior, and practical experience—
completing a specified number of hours in each area. As a junior and
senior, a student can specialize in an area of journalism by planning much
of his own journalism program, if he chooses, through independent
studies, work-experience, and special problems courses. He is also en-
couraged to elect coursework in television-radio and to draw widely from
offerings throughout the university. A student must complete a secondary
concentration outside mass communications.

Mathematics

Two programs leading to the Bachelor of Arts degree and two programs
leading to the Bachelor of Science degree are offered by the Faculty of
Mathematical Studies, the degrees being conferred by the Science and
Technology Division. Prospective teachers may meet certification require-
ments through one of these programs or through a program that leads
to a Bachelor of Science degree from the Education Division.

Students who elect a concentration in mathematics should consult as
early as possible with an adviser in the mathematics faculty. Mathematics
421 and 452 are recommended for students who plan to do graduate work
in mathematics. A student who wishes to take a mathematics course that
has a prerequisite course for which he has received a D grade is advised
to retake the prerequisite before proceeding.

Bachelor of Arts Degree, SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY DIVISION

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSA-3.) .... 84
### Requirements for Concentration in Mathematics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Foreign Language (9)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemistry 105-5 or 125a-5 (satisfies GSA 101c-3)</td>
<td>(3) + 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physics 211a,b or 211a,c (satisfies GSA 101a-5)</td>
<td>(5) + 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics core courses: 150-8, 250-4, 321-4, 350-8</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics 421-9 and 452-9</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One of the following: 455a,b, 472a,b, 475a,b, 483a,b</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One of the following: 420a,b, 435a,c, or 435a,b, or a two-quarter sequence approved by the B.A. adviser</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>之一的学位论文学术课程的批准辅修课程</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Senior Seminar 499a-1,b-1,c-1</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Approved Supporting Courses</strong></td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Electives</strong></td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>192</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The student seeking a Bachelor of Arts degree in mathematics may pursue the following alternate program which requires a secondary concentration:

### General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSA-3.) 84

### Requirements for Concentration in Mathematics 53

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics Core Courses 150-8, 250-4, 321-4, 350-8</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemistry 105-5 or 125a-5 (satisfies GSA 101c-3)</td>
<td>(3) + 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physics 211a-4 and 211b or c-4 (satisfies GSA 101a-5)</td>
<td>(5) + 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specialization in one of the following</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>APPLIED MATHEMATICS</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics 225-4, 305-4</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics 455-9, or 475-9, or 483-9</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics Electives (recommended: 405, 421, 472, or alternates above)</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>COMPUTER SCIENCE</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics 225-4, 305a-4, 472a,b-6</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics 455a-3, 473a-3, 474a-3, 475a-3 (any two)</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics electives (recommended: 405, 421, 426, 455b,c, 473b, 474b, 475b,c, 483a, or alternate above)</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Secondary Concentration or Approved Supporting Courses</strong></td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Electives</strong></td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>192</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Areas of Concentration

Bachelor of Science Degree, Education Division

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSA-3.) .... 84
Requirements for Concentration in Mathematics ................. 53
Chemistry 105-5 or 125a-5 (satisfies GSA 101c-3) .......... (3) + 2
Mathematics core courses: 150-8, 250-4, 321-4, 350-8 ......... 24
Mathematics 311-4, 420-6 ........................................ 10
Mathematics 435a-3, and 460-4 or 435b or c-3 .............. 6-7
Mathematics electives (recommended: 225, 305, 425, 433, 452,
483 or alternates above) .......................................... 8-7
Physics 211a-4 and 211b or c-4 (satisfies GSA 101a-5) .. (5) + 3

Secondary Concentration .......................................... 27
Professional Education Requirements (See Secondary Educa-
tion, pp. 78-80.) .................................................. 32
Total ........................................................................... 196

Secondary Concentration

A secondary concentration in mathematics consists of 27 hours and
includes courses through 150b and at least 12 hours selected from courses
above 200. Mathematics 420 is recommended for prospective teachers.
(The requirement for teacher certification in mathematics is 30 hours.)

Music

During the academic year, distinguished musicians join the faculty and
students for workshops, seminars, and performances. The list of musicians
who have appeared includes Sigurd Rascher, saxophone; Leonard Smith,
cornet; Sidney Foster, piano; the Riter-Allen Duo, violin-piano; Reginald
Kell, clarinet; John Barrows and Philip Farkas, French horn; Vincent
Abato, clarinet-saxophone; Paul Price, percussion; Sol Schoenbach, bass-
soon; composers Gunther Schuller and Halsey Stevens; Daniel Pinkham,
composer-choral conductor; Walter Susskind, Conductor with the St.
Louis Symphony Orchestra; Roger Wagner, Director of the Roger Wagner
Chorale; Paul Steinitz, Director of the London Bach Chorale; Abram
Stasievich, Moscow conductor; Ernst Wolff, leider-opera coach.

General Requirements

The requirements for entrance and graduation as set forth in this catalog
are in accordance with the published regulations of the National
Association of Schools of Music, of which this Faculty of Music is a mem-
ber. The Bachelor of Music degree with specialization in performance,
or in music education, and the Bachelor of Arts degree with concentra-
tion in music are offered.

Each full-time student must receive credit in a major ensemble during
the quarter registered. Part-time students should consult with the
adviser as to the minimum ensemble requirement. Substitute credit is
permitted to selected students.

Each candidate for the Bachelor of Music degree with a concentra-
tion in music education must pass a piano proficiency examination. Un-
less he is enrolled in private applied piano, he must enroll in class piano
during the first six quarters (summer quarter possibly excepted). If he
fails to pass the proficiency examination by the end of the sixth quarter in class piano, he must continue the course without credit until the examination is passed. Voice class is required of all music education concentrations for three quarters with the exception of those students enrolled for an equivalent amount of private applied voice.

All students in private applied music must attend convocation and studio recitals in their performance areas. In addition, a minimum number of recitals, concerts, or other musical events stipulated by the Faculty of Music must be attended.

Students with a concentration in performance must present the minimum of a shared recital during their junior year and a full recital during their senior year. Music education students must present the minimum of a half-recital during their senior year.

Students desiring concentrations in music should consult with a music adviser before their first appointment with General Studies Advisement and must audition before a music faculty committee for acceptance into a music concentration.

Senior comprehensive examinations are required of all music education concentrations in the quarter directly preceding graduation. These exams may also be used in lieu of entrance exams for graduate study in music education if graduate study is begun within five years of the date of the awarding of the baccalaureate degree.

A handbook is published by the Faculty of Music with additional detailed information concerning the Bachelor of Music degree requirements.

**Bachelor of Arts Degree, FINE ARTS DIVISION**

These courses are for students who wish to specialize in music as part of their general cultural education. They may also be taken as background for advanced studies in music.

*General Studies Requirements* (See Chapter 3. Waive GSC-3) ... 84

*Requirements for Concentration in Music* ............................ 57

- GSC 156, GSD FL .................................................. (14)
- Music 105–12, 205–9, and electives ................................ 39
- Music private applied (2 hours per quarter) ................. 12
- Music major ensemble ............................................. 6

*Secondary Concentration* ................................................. 24

*Electives* ............................................................................. 27

*Total* .................................................................................. 192

**Bachelor of Music Degree, FINE ARTS DIVISION**

*Music Performance*

*General Studies Requirements* (See Chapter 3. Waive GSC-3) ... 84

*Requirements for Concentration in Music* ............................ 111–123

- Foreign Language ........................................... (9) + 12
- Music 105–12, 205–9, 309a, 312a, 318a, 326a, 442a .......... 36
- Music 357–9 ............................................................... 9

---

1 Students with a specialization in voice should include two years of foreign language (generally one year each of French and German). The student should consult with his music adviser as to the sequence to be followed.

2 Students with a specialization in piano may substitute 9 hours in Music 413 and/or 461 in lieu of 309a, 312a, and 442a.
Areas of Concentration

Music, private applied (major instrument) .................. 48
Music, major ensemble (1 hour per quarter) .................. 12
Music, class piano, or secondary instrument/voice ............... 6

Total ........................................................................................................... 195-207

Music Education

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSC-3) ..... 84
Requirements for Concentration in Music .......................... 78-93
Music 105-12, 205-9, 309a-3, 318a,b-6, 326a-3 .................. 33
Music 357-9 ......................................................................................... 9
Music, private applied (major instrument) .................. 24
Music, major ensemble (1 hour per quarter) .................. 12
Piano proficiency or class .................................................. 0-6
Voice proficiency or class .................................................. 0-3
Music: class strings, woodwinds, brass—2 hours in each area .............................................................. 0-6

One year of French or German is recommended for the student with a choral emphasis in music education.

Professional Education Requirements .......................... 32
GSB 331-3 ................................................................................................. 3
Foundations of Education 355 ................................................. 4
Music 301-9 ......................................................................................... 9
Counselor Education 305 ......................................................... 4
Elementary Education 351, Secondary Education 352d .... 12

Total ........................................................................................................... 195-209

Before a student is approved for student teaching, he must satisfy the course of study and proficiency prerequisites as established by the Faculty of Music.

Music Theory/Composition

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSC-3) ..... 84
Requirements for Concentration in Music .......................... 114
Music 105-12, 205-9, 309-9, 312-9, 326-9, 357-9, 442-9 ........... 66
Music, private applied ......................................................... 18
Music, major ensemble ......................................................... 12
Music electives ...................................................................................... 18

Total ........................................................................................................... 198

Students with specialization in theory/composition include one year each of French and German. In their fourth year degree candidates must present to the Faculty of Music either a composition or a written thesis in music theory as evidence of their achievement.

1 Students with specialization in piano may substitute a maximum of 6 hours in 365 as partial fulfillment of this requirement.
2 Students with a specialization in voice should include two years of foreign language (generally one year each of French and German). The student should consult with his music adviser as to the sequence to be followed.
3 Study on a secondary instrument or/and voice is possible if requirements for class instruction are met by proficiency.
4 Private applied piano until proficiency is satisfied; thereafter any instrument or voice. Students are expected to enroll for applied study for a total of nine quarters.
5 A program of electives must be approved by the theory committee. Students with emphasis in composition normally elect 412-9; those with emphasis in music theory normally elect 481.
Secondary Concentration

A secondary concentration in music includes 105–12, 2 hours of credit per quarter for three quarters in performance concentration, 6 hours in a major ensemble, GSC 156, Music 357c (357a or b will substitute). Total: 32 hours.

Nursing

The Division of Nursing offers an educational program leading to a Bachelor of Science Degree in nursing. The curriculum is designed to prepare qualified individuals to function competently as beginning professional nurse practitioners; to participate in providing a broad scope of health care in a variety of settings; to obtain a foundation for continued growth and graduate education. The curriculum assists students in developing the behaviors and abilities necessary to function therapeutically with people while achieving greater self-direction, self-realization and professional identity in an era characterized by change.

Bachelor of Science Degree, DIVISION OF NURSING

Prerequisites for Nursing 280a ................................................. 30
GSA 101a ................................................................................. 5
GSA 204-4, 205-4 ................................................................. 8
GSD 114a ................................................................................. 5
Chemistry 110-4, 240-4 ......................................................... 8
Biology 210 ................................................................................. 4

Additional General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSA-6.) ................................................................. 41
Divisional Requirements .............................................................. 51
GSB 103a-4, 201a-4, 201c-4, GSC 252-4, GSD 114d-4 .......... 20
Biology 220-3, 312a-4, 312b-4 ................................................. 11
Counselor Education 350-4 ....................................................... 4
Philosophy 300-level-4 .............................................................. 4
Psychology 307-4, 465-4 ........................................................... 8
Sociology 321-4 ........................................................................... 4

Professional Nursing Education Requirements .......................... 71-74

a. Prerequisites:
   Nursing 280a,b,c ..................................................................... 12

b. Nursing:
   Nursing 301-8 ........................................................................ 8
   Nursing 302a,b ........................................................................ 8
   Nursing 303a,b ........................................................................ 8
   Nursing 304-2 ........................................................................ 8
   Nursing 350a,b ........................................................................ 8
   Nursing 360a,b ........................................................................ 8
   Nursing 370a,b ........................................................................ 8
   Nursing 382-6 ........................................................................ 6
   Nursing 384-2 ........................................................................ 2
   Nursing 385-1 to 4 .................................................................. 1-4

Total ................................................................ ..................... 193-196

All students interested in nursing should seek advisement from the Division of Nursing during the first quarter of the freshman year. The
grade of C or above is required of all nursing courses and General Studies Area A.

**Philosophy**

Students seeking a Bachelor of Arts degree with a concentration in philosophy enroll in the program below.

**Bachelor of Arts Degree, HUMANITIES DIVISION**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSC-3.)</th>
<th>84</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Requirements for Concentration in Philosophy</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foreign Languages (equivalent of two years)</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philosophy 385a-c-8, 385b or d or e-4, 490-4 or 495-4,</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GSC 363a or b-3, GSC 375-3</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philosophy electives, GSA 363a or b-3 may be included</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Secondary Concentration</strong></td>
<td>24-27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Electives</strong></td>
<td>33-30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>192</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Secondary Concentration**

A secondary concentration consists of 24 hours in philosophy courses. Toward this 24, 6 hours from GSA 363a or b and GSC 375 may count.

**Physical Education**

Completion of the concentration in physical education fulfills the Education Division requirements for the Bachelor of Science degree and qualifies a student for the Illinois Standard Special Certificate (K through 14). All physical education students take the physical education theory core and the general professional education requirements.

**Bachelor of Science Degree, EDUCATION DIVISION**

**Broad Teaching Field**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSA-3.)</th>
<th>84</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Requirements for Concentration in Physical Education</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Required theory courses</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health Education 334s-4</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical Education 025-0, 303-12, 305-3, 341-3, 350-4, 354-3, 370-4, 382-4</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical Education 383-2, 384-2, 385-2, 387-2, 388-2, 389-4 (any 4 hours)</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elective theory courses (physical education, health, education, theater-dance)</td>
<td>10-18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical education activity courses</td>
<td>21-13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>MEN</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Required: GSE 102; 104f or g; 104u; 117af; 118r,s</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Select 3 hours (one from each area): GSE 104, 116, 118</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electives: any additional activity courses may be selected</td>
<td>11-3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\[1\] Student takes GSE 117b and 118i,w.
WOMEN

Required: GSE 112 or 114o; 114c,f,j,n; 117e; 118h,s 8
117e; 118h,s ......................................................... 8
Select 5 hours from: GSE 112 or 114o; 116b,d;
117a,c,f; 118a,b,d,m,r ............................................ 5
Electives: any additional activity courses may be
selected ............................................................... 8-0

General Professional Education Requirements ......................... 32
Counselor Education 305-4 ........................................ 4
Foundations of Education 355-4 .................................. 4
Student teaching distributed between Elementary Education
351 and Secondary Education 352 .......................... 16
Electives ..................................................................... 8
Electives ..................................................................... 4

Total ........................................................................ 192

Secondary Level

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSA-3.)' 84
Requirements for Concentration in Physical Education ............ 45
Required theory courses ............................................. 27-28
Health Education 334s-4 or Physical Education 376-3 4-3
Physical Education 025-0, 303-12, 350-4, or 384-2
and 387-2, 370-4, 382-4 ........................................ 24
Physical Education activity courses .................................. 13

MEN

Required: GSE 104f or g, 104u, 117f, 118r, 118s 5
Select 7 hours from: 104 (2), 116 (1), 117 (1),
118 (3) ................................................................ 7
Electives: any additional activity course may be
selected ................................................................. 1

WOMEN

Required: GSE 112 or 114o; 114c,f,j,n; 117e; 118h,s 8
Select 5 hours from: GSE 112 or 114o; 116b,d;
117a,c,f; 118a,b,d,e,m,r ........................................... 5
Electives: (GSE first-level or PE) ................................ 5-4

General Professional Education Requirements ......................... 32
Counselor Education 305-4 ........................................ 4
Secondary Education 315-4 ........................................ 4
Foundations of Education 355-4 .................................. 4
Student teaching, Secondary Education 352 ....................... 16
Electives ..................................................................... 4

Secondary Concentration, Electives ....................................... 31

Total ........................................................................ 192

Elementary Level

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSA-3.)' 84
Requirements for Concentration in Physical Education ............ 47
Required theory courses ............................................. 41
Health Education 334s-4 ............................................ 4

' Student takes GSE 117b, 118i,w.
Areas of Concentration

Physical Education activity courses ................................................. 6
GSE 112 or 114; 114f; 117a,f; 118r,s

General Professional Education Requirements
Counselor Education 305–4 ......................................................... 4
Secondary Education 315–4 ......................................................... 4
Foundations of Education 355–4 .................................................... 4
Student Teaching, Elementary Education 351 ............................... 16
Electives ....................................................................................... 4

Secondary Concentration, Electives ................................................. 29

Total ....................................................................................... 192

Secondary Concentration

A secondary concentration for teaching physical education at the secondary level or at the elementary level consists of 30 hours. Courses must be selected in consultation with the adviser.

Physical Science

The Faculty of Physics in cooperation with the secondary education faculty has developed a broad teaching field program in the field of physical science.

This program has been developed in order to encourage those people who will become good precollege level teachers to teach physical science, chemistry, earth science, and physics. The program is designed for students who have shown verbal rather than mathematical ability, and it is hoped that by emphasizing the physical phenomena rather than the mathematical formalities that the student will obtain an appreciation for the important role played by the physical sciences in the development of our Western culture.

Bachelor of Science Degree, Education Division

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSA–3.) ....... 84
Requirements for Concentration in Physical Science .................... 67
GSA 110 ...................................................................................... (8)
GSA 101a–5, 356–3, 363a–3 ......................................................... 11
Chemistry 111–15, 235–5 ......................................................... 20
Physics 206–15 ........................................................................ 15
Science and Technology 402–4, 403–6, 475–3 .......................... 13
Mathematics 150–8 .................................................................. 8

Professional Education Courses (Teachers Certification Program; see pages 78–80.) ........................................... 32
Electives ....................................................................................... 10

Total ....................................................................................... 193

Physics

The Faculty of Physics provides two degree programs for students wishing to study physics. The B.S. degree program is recommended for those students planning to work in industry immediately upon graduating. The program is somewhat more rigid than the B.A. program in that it con-
tains fewer electives, though approximately the same number of required hours. The B.A. degree program is very similar to the B.S. except that a year of language is required for this degree, and there is somewhat more freedom in the student's choice of physics courses. The majority of physics students take many more than the minimum of 48 hours in physics, thereby satisfying the physics requirements for either degree. If they also meet the foreign language requirement, the choice of degree then becomes merely a matter of personal preference. Students wishing to pursue a career in teaching may obtain certification with either degree by meeting the additional requirements or may elect the B.S. degree in education with a concentration in physics.

**Bachelor of Arts Degree, Science and Technology Division**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSA-3.)</th>
<th>84</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Requirements for Concentration in Physics</td>
<td>74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foreign Languages (equivalent of one year)</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemistry 111a,b</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics 150–8, 252–8</td>
<td>16</td>
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<tr>
<td>Physics 211–12, 212–3, 300a–4, 300b–1, 301–8, 305–8</td>
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<tr>
<td>Physics electives numbered 299 or above, including 4 hours of laboratory, to complete 48 hours</td>
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<tr>
<td>Secondary Concentration</td>
<td>11–27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electives</td>
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</tr>
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<td>192</td>
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</table>

**Bachelor of Science Degree, Science and Technology Division**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSA-3.)</th>
<th>84</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Requirements for Concentration in Physics</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemistry 111a,b</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics 150–8, 252–8</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physics 211–12, 212–3, 300a–4, 300b–1, 301–8, 305–8, 415a,b–8, plus 3 additional hours of upper level laboratory work and Engineering 200a–3, 201a–1</td>
<td>51</td>
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<tr>
<td>Secondary Concentration</td>
<td>3–23</td>
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<tr>
<td>Electives</td>
<td>20–0</td>
</tr>
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<td>Total</td>
<td>192</td>
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</table>

**Bachelor of Science Degree, Education Division**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSA-3.)</th>
<th>84</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Requirements for Concentration in Physics</td>
<td>73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemistry 125–10, 135–5 (can satisfy GSA 101c–3)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics 150–8, 250–8 (can satisfy GSD–8)</td>
<td>8</td>
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<tr>
<td>Physical Science 412a,b</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physics 211–12, 212–3, 300a–4, 300b–1, 310–4, 311–1, plus 2 hours of upper level laboratory work (can satisfy GSA 101a–5)</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physics Electives (recommended: 301, 304, 305, 320)</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secondary Concentration</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional Education Requirements (See Secondary Education, pp. 78–80.)</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>192</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Secondary Concentration

A secondary concentration in physics includes Physics 211-12, 212-3, 300a-4, 300b-1, and electives numbered 200 or above to total 27 hours. The above is the minimum required for graduation. Most students take more than the required number of hours and still graduate in four years. It is important that the student contact the Faculty of Physics concerning his program at the earliest possible date, even if he has not officially declared his concentration.

Professional Writing

Bachelor of Arts Degree, Humanities Division

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSC-3.) .... 84
Requirements for Concentration in Professional Writing .......... 85
English 300-4, 392-3, 490-4, 492-4, and 6 approved hours . ... 21
Foreign Language (Intermediate) ................................. 9
Journalism 101-3, 103-3, 201-3, 202-3, 391-3, and 3 ap­proved hours ......................................................... 18
Philosophy: GSC 375-3, Philosophy 342-4, 390-4, 484-4 (any two) .................................................. 7-8
Approved electives in anthropology, economics, English, gov­ernment, history, journalism, sociology, and speech ....... 30-29
Secondary Concentration ................................................... 0
Electives ................................................................. 23
Total ................................................................. 192

Psychology

Undergraduate courses in psychology introduce the student to the methods and findings of the scientific study of human behavior. He is given an opportunity to learn what research has shown about how we perceive, learn, and think; how individuals differ from one another; how the personality develops from infancy to maturity; and how interpersonal factors affect human relations in the home, on the job, and in the community.

Bachelor of Arts Degree, Education Division

For this degree, a concentration requires a minimum of 44 hours in psychology. The primary aim is to provide a broad general education rather than specialized professional training in psychology; a maximum of three courses in any one specialized area of psychology may be included in the 44-hour concentration. Students should consult with the designated psychology adviser in planning their courses of study and especially in selecting electives.

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSB–3.) .... 84
Requirements for Concentration in Psychology ................. 40
GSB 201c (counts toward minimum of 44 hours in psychology) (4)
Psychology 211a,b; 311; 312, 313, or 314; 409 (must be taken in order listed) .................................................. 20
Psychology electives 301, 303, 304, 305, 307, 320 (any two) ... 8
Psychology elective (any 300- or 400-level course excluding 432) .................................................. 4
Secondary Concentration ................................................. 27
Electives ............................................................................. 41
Total .................................................................................. 192

Bachelor of Science Degree, Education Division

For this degree, a concentration in psychology requires a minimum of 48 hours in psychology. This course of study is designed for the student who intends to teach, pursue graduate studies in counselor education, school psychology, or in psychology with an educational orientation. Student teaching is required for this degree. A strong second teaching field should be planned in consultation between the secondary education adviser and the student.

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSB-3.) .... 84
Requirements for Concentration in Psychology ....................... 48

- GSB 201c (counts toward minimum of 48 hours in psychology) .... 4
- Psychology 211a,b, 311, 312 or 313, 409 (in sequence) .......... 20
- Psychology 301, 303, 305, 307, 320 (any three) ............... 12
- Psychology 407, 421, 431, 440, 461, 465 (any three) ......... 12

Professional Courses ......................................................... 32

- Counselor Education 305 ................................................. 4
- Foundations of Education 355 .......................................... 4
- Secondary Education 315 .................................................. 4
- Secondary Education 352d .............................................. 12–16

Education electives to complete 32 hours ......................... 8–4

Secondary Concentration (should be planned as a strong second teaching field) ...................................................... 27
Electives ............................................................................. 1
Total .................................................................................. 192

Secondary Concentration

A secondary concentration in psychology consists of a minimum of 27 hours. Students intending to pursue an occupation related to psychology (e.g., counseling, personnel work, or teaching psychology) include in their program GSB 201c, Psychology 211a,b, and 311 plus psychology electives to meet minimum hour requirements. Students with a general interest in psychology but not planning related academic or vocational pursuits should include in their program GSB 201c and Psychology 211a plus psychology electives to meet minimum requirements.

Students who have completed GSD 114d or Sociology 308 should not include Psychology 211b in their program of study for a secondary concentration in psychology.

Secondary Education

It is assumed a candidate for the Bachelor of Science degree has made a commitment to the scholarly study of education and to teaching as a career. Secondary education programs include courses in professional
Areas of Concentration

Secondary Education / 79

education, the teaching fields, and general education. Students should apply to the Education Division for acceptance to a teacher education program no later than the sixth quarter of their enrollment at Southern Illinois University.

Completion of the program in secondary education qualifies the student for the Illinois standard high school certificate with an endorsement in the teaching field selected by the student. The program includes GSB 203a–4 or GSB 300a–3, thereby fulfilling the state requirements for a course in either American history or government.

Students seeking certification in Missouri need to seek advisement in the Education Division Office of Student Teaching located in the General Office Building.

No general requirement in foreign language applies to the Bachelor of Science degree in the Education Division.

Bachelor of Science Degree, Education Division

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3.) 

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GSB 201c-4, 203a-4 or 300a-3, or 331-3</td>
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Professional Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Professional Requirements</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. Psychological Background</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Counselor Education 305</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. Educational Foundations</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foundations of Education 355</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. Curriculum and Instruction</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Secondary Education 315</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. Student Teaching</td>
<td>12-16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secondary Education 352</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E. Professional Education Electives</td>
<td>8-4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Teaching Fields and Electives

A minimum of 48 hours is required for the principal teaching field. If a student prepares for a second teaching field, at least 27 hours are required in that subject.

The number of elective hours is determined by the difference between teaching field requirements and 76 hours.

Total

| Teaching Fields | 192 |

Teaching Fields

In cooperation with other divisions at the Edwardsville Campus a wide range of teaching fields are available to students concentrating in secondary education. While it is possible to include two teaching fields in a given baccalaureate program, the Education Division does not usually recommend the arrangement. A focus on a single field is also urged by the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools.

Assistance in making a choice between these fields can be obtained from a secondary education major adviser in the Education Division Office of Student Teaching, room 2228 in the General Office Building. The adviser also provides students with the details of the teaching field programs and directs students to a teaching field adviser.
Art
Business Education—a concentration in any one of the following may be elected: accounting, data processing, marketing, economics, office services, secretarial administration
Biology
Chemistry
Economics
English
Foreign Languages:
  French, German, Spanish
General Science and Mathematics (junior high school)
Geography
Government
Health Education

Sociology
Bachelor of Arts Degree, Social Sciences Division

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSB-3.)  84
Requirements for Concentration in Sociology  44
Sociology 301, 312, 321, 451  16
Sociology electives. 410a is recommended for students planning to pursue graduate work in sociology. GSB 103a does not count toward the concentration  28
Secondary Concentration  28
Electives  36
Total  192

Social Welfare

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSB-3.)  84
Requirements for Concentration in Sociology  44
Sociology 301, 312, 321, 451  16
Social Welfare 375, 383, 481, 482a  16
Sociology and Social Welfare electives. Sociology 410a is recommended for those planning graduate studies in social welfare. GSB 103a does not count toward the concentration.  12
Secondary Concentration  28
Electives  36
Total  192

Bachelor of Science Degree, Education Division

The requirements for this degree with a concentration in sociology include 301, 312, 321, and 451 and sociology electives to complete 48 or 36 hours, depending on whether the student has one or two secondary concentrations.
Secondary Concentration

A secondary concentration in sociology consists of 28 hours of course work in sociology. GSB 103a may be counted toward the 28 hours required in the secondary concentration.

Special Education

The special education program outlined below fulfills University and Education Division requirements for a Bachelor of Science degree. The student, upon completion of one of the 48-hour areas of specialization, is qualified to receive by entitlement an Illinois Standard Special Certificate with an endorsement for teaching educable mentally handicapped, emotionally disturbed, or learning disabled children in grades K–14. No special certificate is issued by the state in the area of the gifted at the present time.

Students wishing a secondary concentration in special education must complete 27 hours in one or more of the areas of specialization.

Bachelor of Science Degree, Education Division

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSC–3.) 84
Requirements for Concentration in Special Education 48

One of the following specializations: (Must be taken in sequence.)

EDUCABLE MENTALLY HANDICAPPED
Special Education 414, 410b, 410g, 411, 420b, 430, 481b 28
Special Education 353 (student teaching educable mentally handicapped children) 8
Counselor Education 422 4
Psychology 432 4
Special Education elective 4

EMOTIONALLY DISTURBED
Special Education 414, 410a, 410g, 411, 420a, 430, 481a 28
Special Education 353 (student teaching emotionally disturbed children) 8
Counselor Education 422 4
Psychology 432 4
Special Education elective 4

GIFTED (no state certification available)
Special Education 414, 410c, 420c, 481c 16
Special Education 353 (student teaching gifted children) 8
Electives (with consent of adviser) 16
Counselor Education 422 4
Psychology 432 4

LEARNING DISABLED
Special Education 414, 410g, 411, 420a, 430, 481g, 496 28
Special Education 353 (student teaching learning disabled children) 8
Counselor Education 422 4
Psychology 432 4
Special Education elective 4

Professional Courses 36

Counselor Education 305 4
Foundations of Education 355 4
Speech

Students who plan either a primary or a secondary concentration in speech must, at the time they declare their concentration or earlier, consult with the chairman of the Speech and Theater Faculty for appointment of an adviser to plan his concentration.

All students must participate in one or more of the performance activities: debate, forensics, theater production, oral reading, television-radio. Or, they may meet this requirement by enrolling in Speech 302.

Students with a primary concentration in their senior year present to an examining committee of speech and theater faculty a special senior project consisting of an oral presentation that reveals the student's grasp of speech subject matter on a topic that embraces a relatively broad area of speech. Early in the senior year the student, with the consent of his adviser, determines the area and extent of the topic selected. The committee certifies the project as acceptable only if it meets minimal standards of effective and meaningful communication.

Bachelor of Arts or Bachelor of Science Degree, Fine Arts Division

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSC-3.) .... 84

Requirements for Concentration in Speech ......................... 48

GSC 157, GSD 103, FL or equivalent for B.A., or mathematics for B.S. ......................................................... (17)
Speech 202, 205, 224, 301 ............................................. 16
Speech Pathology and Audiology 200 or Speech 104 ........ 4
Electives in at least three of the following areas:
television-radio, speech, speech pathology and audiology, and theater .......................................................... 28

Secondary Concentration .............................................. 24
Electives ........................................................................ 36

Total ............................................................................ 192

Students seeking certification for teaching must take the program outlined above, including Speech 406 and 8 hours of Theater 100–400 and meet the other minimum standards for certification listed under Secondary Education in this chapter.

Bachelor of Science Degree, Education Division

Students seeking the Bachelor of Science degree offered by the Education Division must take the program outlined above, including Speech 496 and 8 hours in theater and meet the other minimum standards for certification set by the Education Division.

Secondary Concentration

A 30-hour secondary concentration in speech must be planned in consul-
Areas of Concentration

Speech

tation with the chairman of the Speech and Theater Faculty at the time the secondary concentration is declared. Students electing speech as a second teaching subject must include Speech 406.

Speech Pathology and Audiology

Speech pathology and audiology is an area which has as its objective the training of qualified personnel to work with people impaired in either speech or hearing. Positions in this field are available in the public schools, colleges, and universities, and in highly specialized public or private clinics.

Clinical experience is obtained through work at the University’s Speech and Hearing Center, in neighboring hospitals and clinics, and in the public schools. The concentration below meets the requirements for a Limited Specialization Certificate for public school clinician in Illinois schools and leads to meeting requirements for the Certificate of Clinical Competence of the American Speech and Hearing Association. Certification by ASHA requires a master’s degree or its equivalent and students are encouraged to attain this level. For certification students must accumulate 200 clock hours (275 ASHA) of supervised case work. The requirement is satisfied by Elementary Education 351 and Speech Pathology and Audiology 405.

Bachelor of Arts or Bachelor of Science Degree, Fine Arts Division

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSC-3.) . . . . 84
Requirements for Concentration in Speech Pathology and Audiology 92
GSB 201c, 331 ................................................................. (7)
GSC 157 ............................................................... (5)
GSD 103, FL or equivalent for B.A., or mathematics for B.S. (12)
Counselor Education 305 ............................................. 4
Educational Administration 355 ..................................... 4
Elementary Education 351–8 ..................................... 8
Psychology 301, 305 ................................................... 8
Special Education 414 ............................................... 4
Speech Pathology and Audiology 200, 203, 212, 314, 316, 318, 319, 406–8, 406, 412, 414, 415, 416, 418, 419, 422. (Student may elect Elementary Education 314, 337 and Counselor Education 422 instead of Speech Pathology and Audiology 314, 337, and 422.) ........................................ 64
Total ............................................................................. 192

Student Teaching

Student teaching is the culminating experience in all professional baccalaureate programs of the Education Division. Most students find it the single most rewarding and stimulating experience provided in the program. It is needed in order to meet the degree requirements of the Division, the certification requirements of the states of Illinois and Missouri, and the standards of the National Council for the Accreditation of Teacher Education.

A fully satisfactory student teaching experience necessitates a full day involvement in a public school. The faculty of the Education Division
has also found that students cannot thoroughly realize the possible benefits of student teaching if they are either employed part-time or registered for a campus class. In order to insure the maximum gain from student teaching, students need to plan an academic year quarter in which student teaching will be free of other major demands upon time and energy. Since no student teaching is available in the summer for undergraduate students in the regular degree program, the quarter selected for student teaching will have to be in one of the other quarters—the fall, winter, or spring.

**Application Procedure**

A request to undertake student teaching is made on the appropriate form obtained from and filed with the Education Division Office of Student Teaching. This step needs to be taken during the winter quarter of the student's junior year and no later than two quarters, not counting summer, before enrolling in a student teaching course.

After filing an application for student teaching, the student is interviewed by an education adviser in the Education Division Office of Student Teaching. The adviser determines if all prerequisites to student teaching have been met and schedules a pre-student teaching small group orientation session for the student. The student also needs a recommendation from his major teaching area adviser.

The school in which the student teaching is conducted is selected by the adviser after consultation with the student. The Education Division has cooperating schools within a 50-mile radius of the campus. Students should be prepared to accept an assignment in any of these schools. The decision as to which school is assigned is primarily dependent upon the student's background and academic needs. While every effort to minimize student travel is made, other factors have priority, among which are the availability of a challenging student teaching situation and university supervision.

Before the assignment is confirmed, the student is interviewed by the school's principal and the classroom teacher, known as the "cooperating teacher," with whom the student teacher will be working while performing his student teaching.

**Prerequisites to Student Teaching**

**GENERAL**

The following are prerequisites that need to be met prior to registering and receiving an assignment for student teaching:

1. At the beginning of the junior or senior year an intensive two-week pre-student teaching experience is required of all winter and spring student teachers. It is composed of orientation sessions, and classroom observation and participation. It is called the "September Experience," since it is scheduled at the beginning of the cooperating school's fall term. This usually begins the last week of August or the first week of September. Where possible the student visits in the school wherein the student teaching will be undertaken.

Application for the September Experience must be filed with the Education Division Office of Student Teaching no later than the mid-term of the spring quarter in order to insure the availability of a public school situation.

Fall quarter student teachers fulfill the September Experience require-
ments by assuming their regular student teaching assignment at the beginning of the cooperating school year.

2. Student teaching assignments are given after the completion of at least 144 quarter hours to students who have a minimum overall 3.2 grade-point average which covers any grades that may have been transferred from other institutions. Transfer students need to be in residence for a quarter prior to student teaching.

3. In compliance with a State of Illinois regulation a prospective student teacher takes a physical examination. Forms for reporting such examination are to be returned to that office at least two months prior to student teaching. In addition, students are required by state regulations to secure a tuberculosis examination within six months of their student teaching assignment.

SECONDARY EDUCATION

1. Students concentrating in secondary education are asked to complete 16 quarter hours in professional education courses prior to student teaching. These courses are to include Counselor Education 305, Foundations of Education 355, Secondary Education 315, or a specialized methods course in the student’s teaching field, and one elected course.

2. It is also expected that secondary education students will have completed 32 hours of their studies in their chosen teaching field with certain exceptions. Forty-eight hours will be completed by students who have chosen one of the following teaching fields: art education, business education, general science and mathematics, language arts, physical education, physical science, and social studies.

3. Before a student teaching assignment is made, a recommendation for student teaching from the student’s education adviser is to be on file, and for secondary education concentrations a recommendation from the student’s teaching field adviser is also needed.

ELEMENTARY EDUCATION

Students concentrating in elementary education complete a minimum of 24 quarter hours in professional education courses prior to student teaching. Courses to be included are: Counselor Education 305, Foundations of Education 355, Elementary Education 314, and Education Reading 337.

EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION

In addition to the above elementary education prerequisites, an early childhood education concentration completes Elementary Education 316 before student teaching.

SPECIAL EDUCATION

In addition to the above elementary education prerequisites, a student concentrating in special education completes a minimum of 16 hours in special education before registering for student teaching.

SPEECH PATHOLOGY AND AUDIOLOGY

Students must secure written consent of the Faculty of Speech Pathology and Audiology and have completed GSB 331, Counselor Education 305, Foundations of Education 355, and Elementary Education 314 before registering for student teaching.
Theater

A concentration in theater provides instruction and training in all phases of dramatic production for the stage, television, and film.

Training in theater at the undergraduate level provides for the interrelated presence of three fundamental considerations: (1) a liberal arts orientation, (2) a liberal theater education, and (3) a meaningful, purposeful study of the theory and practice of the art of theater and/or dance.

The carefully devised complex of training studios enables the student to learn the art of theater and dance through instruction and participation in an extensive series of major and minor presentations for class, campus, and community audiences through the Studio Theater, the University Theater, and the Dance Company. Each student’s background and training is appraised to determine his needs. Individual programs provide training and practice in acting, directing, technical production (including stage management, crew work, costuming, lighting, and scene design), business management, and/or stage movement and dance.

For the first two years the student follows a program of a minimum of six hours of instruction and four hours of participation in theater practice each quarter. The last two years provide a more individualized program including special projects in the elements of theater or dance. All productions are an integral part of the instruction. Upon graduation, the student possesses a background of training and practice in acting, directing, and technical production; an understanding of the nature of theater art through the study of aesthetics, history, and criticism; a knowledge of management practice; and a knowledge of dramatic literature.

Bachelor of Arts or Bachelor of Science Degree, Fine Arts Division

General Studies Requirements (See Chapter 3. Waive GSC-3.) .................. 84

Requirements for Concentration in Theater .......................................... 89

GSC 157-5 ................................................................. (5)
GSC 354-9 ................................................................. 9
GSD 108-3, FL or equivalent for B.A., or mathematics for B.S. (12)
Speech 104-4, 224-4 ..................................................... 8
Theater 100, 200, 300, 400 (a program arranged with the Director of Theater, prior to advisement, with studios in acting/directing, design/technical theater, costuming/makeup, management/publicity, dance/stage movement) .............. 72

Electives ................................................................................. 19
Total ..................................................................................... 192

Secondary Concentration

A 36-hour secondary concentration in theater must be planned in consultation, prior to advisement, with the Director of Theater.

ASSOCIATE DEGREES

Child Care Services

The Associate in Arts degree with a specialization in Child Care Serv-
Areas of Concentration

Child Care Services / 87

ices is designed to help the student develop skills in working with children under seven years of age. All Child Care Services courses combine theory with its practical application through field experience.

This program is intended both for those who wish to acquire the skills needed to enter the field of nursery education and day care, and for those already holding positions in this field but who wish also to make use of the opportunity to improve performance of their current job or to prepare for advancement.

Students planning to specialize in Child Care Services should consult the Division of Technical and Adult Education.

**Associate in Arts Degree, Division of Technical and Adult Education**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>General Studies Requirements</th>
<th>47</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Child Care Services Courses</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electives</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>96</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Accounting**

The Associate in Business degree with a specialization in accounting offers a practical and an up-to-date background for a student who wishes to prepare for a position as bookkeeper, payroll clerk, junior accountant, or assistant to a senior accountant or to an auditor. It also offers a base upon which to build a more sophisticated business education in preparation for senior positions.

**Associate in Business Degree, Division of Technical and Adult Education**

| General Studies Requirements | 30 |
| General Business             | 32 |
| Accounting                   | 20 |
| Option A or B                | 16 |
| Option A: Quantitative Analysis and Systems | 16 |
| Option B: General Accounting | 16 |
| Total                        | 98 |

**Industrial Management**

The Associate in Business degree with a specialization in industrial management is designed for adults who have had some experience in work situations. It prepares its participants for positions such as unit supervisor, assistant superintendent, section head, and branch manager of small organizations. It also builds a base upon which to form a more sophisticated business education in preparation for senior positions.

**Associate in Business Degree, Division of Technical and Adult Education**

| General Studies Requirements | 30 |
| General Business             | 48 |
| Option A or B                | 20 |
Secretarial Studies

The Associate in Business degree with a specialization in secretarial studies is planned for students who wish to prepare for positions as professional secretaries in business, industrial, and governmental offices. It includes a combination of general education and skill-building courses which are necessary to provide a high degree of occupational competence.

Associate in Business Degree, Division of Technical and Adult Education

General Studies Requirements ........................................... 25
Business Education Core .............................................. 24
Business Education ...................................................... 48
Total ................................................................. 97
Degrees

SOUTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY at Edwardsville grants the following undergraduate degrees:
- Bachelor of Arts
- Associate in Arts
- Bachelor of Science
- Associate in Business
- Bachelor of Music

Graduation

Every candidate for a degree must file written application with the Registrar no later than the first week of his last quarter in attendance before the desired graduation date. Therefore, a person desiring to graduate in the June Commencement should make application for graduation during the first week of the spring quarter. The application forms are available in the Registrar's Office.

At the time of application the student must pay his graduation fee and order his cap and gown through the University Bookstore and register with University Placement Services. A student must have a 3.00 grade-point average before his application for a degree may be accepted.

In addition to the satisfying of all necessary academic requirements each candidate for a degree must make certain that he has no outstanding financial obligation with the University. Otherwise, his graduation clearance will be held up.

Students must attend Commencement exercises to receive their diplomas, unless in advance they obtain permission to be graduated in absentia.

Bachelor’s Degrees

Every bachelor's degree candidate is expected to meet the University's general requirements and to follow the recommendations of his academic unit.

Each candidate for the degree must complete a minimum of 192 hours of credit in approved courses. At least 64 must be in third-level (i.e., 300- or 400-level) college courses. Each student must have a C average, and grades not lower than C in subjects aggregating at least three-fourths of the work. A C average is required in the area of concentration. These averages are required for credit made at this University as well as for the total record. To receive a bachelor’s degree from Southern Illinois University a student must present either a total of three years' work (144 hours) earned at Southern Illinois University or 48 senior college hours earned at the University, 16 of which may be earned in extension.

A student who receives his first bachelor's degree from Southern Illinois University and who desires a second bachelor's degree must complete a minimum of 45 hours in addition to those required for the first degree and must fulfill the requirements for the second degree. Of these 45 hours,
a minimum of 15 must be taken in residence at the University, and a maximum of 15 may be acquired in extension and/or correspondence courses. At least 30 hours must be in senior college courses. If a student received his first bachelor's degree from another university, a minimum of 48 hours are required to fulfill the residence requirement for the second bachelor's degree, two-thirds of which must be in senior college courses.

The State of Illinois requires that American patriotism and the principles of representative government, as enunciated in the American Declaration of Independence, the Constitution of the United States of America, and the Constitution of the State of Illinois, and the proper use and display of the American flag shall be taught in all public schools and other educational institutions which are maintained in whole or in part by public funds, and that no student shall receive a certificate of graduation without passing a satisfactory examination upon such subjects. Government 300a, History 426, and GSB 203a, 300a, and 318 offer such instruction.

Students preparing to teach must satisfy the certification requirements of the state in which they plan to teach. Certification information may be obtained from the Registrar's Office. Most students who plan to teach in the public schools register in the Education Division.

**Associate Degrees**

Each candidate for an associate degree must complete a minimum of 96 hours of credit in approved courses. Each student must maintain a C average. The degree-granting unit for the associate degree is the Division of Technical and Adult Education.

The Associate in Business degree is designed to give the student the skills he needs to perform a specific job or type of job. It offers specializations in accounting, industrial management, and secretarial studies. Courses for each of these specializations are available both during the day or evening. Each specialization may be completed in two years by the full-time student or in four years by the part-time evening student. This program is intended for high school graduates who wish to prepare for a first full-time job and for adults with some working experience who desire to qualify themselves for advancement in a chosen field or for transfer to a different specialization.

Enrollment is limited to those whose purpose is to acquire the skills necessary for an initial job in the chosen field. This program should not be confused with the first two years of any of the four-year programs offered by other academic units of the University.

The only program in the Associate in Arts degree offered at this time is child care services.

The associate degree programs are listed in detail at the end of Chapters 5 and 8 in this catalog, following the information on bachelor's degree programs.

**Preprofessional Programs**

Preprofessional students may, subject to certain conditions, obtain a bachelor's degree after three years' work at Southern Illinois University and one or more years' work in a professional school. During their three years of residence at Southern Illinois University they need
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to have completed all requirements other than elective hours for the bachelor’s degree which they are seeking.

In some cases the completion of concentration requirements is possible by their taking certain courses at the professional school, but this is permitted only upon the prior approval of the appropriate division dean. Also, there needs to be completion of at least one year of professional work with acceptable grades in a Class A medical school, a Class A dental school, a Class A veterinary school, or an approved medical technology or law school. In all cases, all University graduation requirements must be met. It is advisable for a student interested in this program to make his decision to seek a bachelor’s degree before entering the professional school so that any questions may be clarified at an early date. Preprofessional training is offered in the areas of medical technology, medicine, dentistry, and veterinary science.

Students working toward the Bachelor of Science degree in agriculture may attend the Edwardsville Campus their freshman year and transfer to the Carbondale Campus for the completion of the degree. In preparing for one of the agriculture professions, the student should follow closely the appropriate course of study as suggested in the Carbondale Campus Undergraduate Catalog.

Students working toward a Bachelor of Science degree in home economics may attend the Edwardsville Campus their freshman and sophomore years and transfer to the Carbondale Campus for the completion of the degree. In preparing for this degree, the student should follow closely the appropriate course of study in the Carbondale Campus Undergraduate Catalog.

Advanced Degrees

For information concerning master’s degrees or the specialist’s certificate, refer to the Graduate School Catalog or direct inquiries to the Assistant Dean, Graduate School, Southern Illinois University, Edwardsville, Illinois 62025.
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY at Edwardsville recognizes the importance of providing students every opportunity to benefit in the fullest manner from their college experiences. The primary goals of Student Affairs are to: (a) provide services which help students to continue their education and be in the best possible mental and physical condition for learning in the classroom; (b) facilitate the development of students through activities in which they participate or situations in which they become involved; and (c) teach students to be humane.

Student Services
The University is concerned with an integrated approach to student needs and problems in intellectual, social, spiritual, and physical areas. Students may learn about and be referred to specialized services throughout the University by publications describing the services and by the personnel in units which are concerned with students.

Those functions of Student Affairs relating directly to students include the student services administered by the Dean of Students. These services include: Counseling and Testing, Student Housing, Student Activities, Health Service, and Student Work and Financial Assistance.

Office of the Dean of Students
The Dean of Students on the campus coordinates the student services offered by the functions within Student Affairs. The deans and their staffs work closely with other University offices, with students, with faculty, and with campus ministers in planning and implementing an integrated program of activities and services. The Office of the Dean of Students provides information about the University and its services, lends assistance to students who request it, and conducts exit interviews for students withdrawing from the University.

Counseling and Testing
The Counseling and Testing Center is staffed with professional counselors who are qualified to discuss freely any problem or plan—academic, personal, or vocational—that may concern the student. Counseling is designed to aid the student in arriving at a realistic solution to his problem by providing a permissive setting in which he may freely verbalize his thoughts and feelings and, in turn, gain insights for greater understanding. The counselor may use tests as an aid in helping the student evaluate his strengths and limitations. These may include measures of interest, aptitude, personality, and achievement.

Most of the students who seek help from the Counseling and Testing Center refer themselves. However, referrals are received from the faculty
and from agencies throughout the University. Students may make appointments by telephone. Services are free.

The American College Testing Program is administered on the Edwardsville Campus. In addition to the extensive individual testing conducted in conjunction with counseling, the Counseling and Testing Center administers testing programs for selection, placement, and research purposes.

An on-going program of research is carried out by the staff of the Counseling and Testing Center in student attitudes, aptitude, achievement, and background; the college environment; and other areas related to the total educational process. Staff members serve as consultants to other faculty members in educational and institutional research.

**Student Housing**

Because of the relationship between the student's living environment and his progress towards attainment of his educational goals, Southern Illinois University seeks continually to influence both the availability and quality of off-campus housing.

**BASIC STUDENT HOUSING POLICY**

Because of concern for and interest in the housing of students, the Board of Trustees of Southern Illinois University established, in 1963, basic policy on student housing. At its meeting in April, 1965, the Board of Trustees amended its 1963 policy and passed a resolution which established the current basic policy on student housing as follows.

Single undergraduate students not residing with their parents or guardians will be permitted to reside only in those accommodations which have been and which continue to be classified by the Administration as Accepted Living Centers. Any single undergraduate student who resides in accommodations not designated as an Accepted Living Center shall be subject to disciplinary action. The Administration vigorously encourages that all accommodations used by graduate students and married undergraduates meet the same minimal standards.

The qualifications necessary for a living unit to be classified as an Accepted Living Center encompass due consideration for safety, sanitation, health and recreation, supervision, and the creation of an environment conducive to good study conditions. In addition, the living unit must be limited to students of Southern Illinois University and available to all students of the University regardless of race, color, religion, or national origin.

The Administration reviews annually the Housing Policies and Standards and makes appropriate recommendations to the Board of Trustees for upgrading living conditions for students.

**UNIVERSITY HOUSING**

The University's first housing facilities were approved February 16, 1968. Official occupancy began during the winter quarter, 1970. The thirty-one, attractive two-story apartment buildings contain eight apartments each. The University's objective is to provide temporary housing for faculty and staff members and long-term housing for single and married students —undergraduates, graduates, and graduate assistants. These minimum cost apartments are designed to provide a comfortable, convenient living environment conducive to effective study habits and social growth. In-
Information concerning application and qualifications to live in University housing may be obtained from the Housing Office, Southern Illinois University, Edwardsville, Illinois 62025.

OFF-CAMPUS HOUSING

Owners of off-campus housing facilities use the University's contract form for student rental housing. Each student contract has to be signed by the owner or his legal representative, by the student renter, and by an appropriate staff member of the Office of the Dean of Students.

Staff members of the Office of the Coordinator of University Housing are available to advise students who seek off-campus accommodations. Experience has indicated that attempting to obtain off-campus facilities by mail is generally unsatisfactory. Therefore, prospective students are urged to visit the campus and personally seek desirable living accommodations.

Detailed information concerning housing may be found in “Student Housing Policies and Standards,” which may be obtained at the Office of the Dean of Students.

Student Activities

The staff members of the Student Activities Office are available to all campus groups and individuals in planning, conducting, and evaluating activities and programs.

Besides honorary organizations which stimulate and recognize academic achievements, other groups and organizations exist to meet the educational, religious, social, recreational, political, and other special interests of the student.

Through the use of the Student Activities funds, certain all-campus groups are able to initiate and plan a wide variety of programs for the entire campus community.

Through the establishment and recognition of such organizations and programs at Southern Illinois University, Edwardsville, students are able to become involved with the academic community. Participation in any group or organization is open to all students.

Health Service

Health Service provides medical services to the students, faculty, and staff within the limits imposed by the size and professional status of the staff, by legal obligations, and by the available facilities.

A physical examination, preferably performed by the family physician, is required of all students before attending classes on a full-time basis. A simplified form is furnished the student for this purpose; it should be mailed or brought to the Health Service on completion. From this record, decisions may be made relative to special considerations for physical disabilities, need for individualized physical education courses, and treatment of illnesses while the student is enrolled.

Detailed information about the services provided and the voluntary health insurance program available to students at special rates may be obtained through a brochure available at Health Service.

Office of Student Work and Financial Assistance

Southern Illinois University, Edwardsville, has an excellent program whereby a student may combine student work with financial assistance to
defray a large part of his educational expenses. Student job diversity extends from unskilled entry jobs to those jobs requiring college training. Employment opportunities for students exist in every unit of the University.

The Student Work Program provides part-time employment and work experience which relates, if possible, to the student's academic programs. The kind of training and length of the program are determined by the employing unit in cooperation with the Office of Student Work and Financial Assistance.

Undergraduates employed on campus are paid from $1.45 to $2.25 per hour, based upon off-campus experience and the number of years of satisfactory service to the University. Graduate students receive $1.65 to $3.00 per hour if working in a non-related field. Graduate students working in a related field receive $2.15 to $3.00 per hour.

Undergraduates and graduates must be enrolled in at least 3 hours to qualify for part-time student work on campus during any quarter.

In addition to student work, scholarships, grants, loans, and other aids are available to assist academically capable, financially needy students. As a part of the award program, the Board of Trustees has established tuition awards known as Southern Illinois University Scholarship and Activity Awards. To apply for awards, entering freshmen must have ranked in the upper half of their graduating class and have achieved a minimum comprehensive high school average of C; enrolled students must have a minimum average of C for all college work. For scholarships available to upperclassmen, a minimum average of C is required for all college work. For some scholarships, higher averages are required both for eligibility and maintenance.

The limitations of such forms of assistance make it advisable for an undergraduate to expect to meet all University expenses from such sources. The University may assist in making up the difference between college costs and the student's resources through scholarships, awards, and loans.

Students desiring to apply for financial assistance must be officially admitted to the University and should request an application for financial assistance from the Student Work and Financial Assistance Office. In general, students should apply for assistance between January 1 and March 15 prior to the September when assistance is needed.

Identification Cards and Number Three Cards as Certificate of Registration

Each student receives an identification card which bears his photograph and serves to identify him while he is enrolled at Southern Illinois University, Edwardsville.

A Number Three Card, issued each quarter at the time of registration certifies payment of tuition and various fees. The identification card is used with the Number Three Card for the current quarter to identify students who have paid the student activity fee and are eligible to use University facilities.

The identification card and the Number Three Card are legal documents. A student who loans, borrows, or alters these cards is subject to disciplinary action; in addition, such action may be considered a criminal offense as well as an infraction of University regulations. It is important to obtain a new certificate of registration each quarter and to carry both
the identification card and the current certificate of registration at all times. These cards are also used to borrow books from the University Libraries and for other situations on the campus where positive student identification is required.

**Student Guidebook**

Specific information and current policies concerning housing, motor vehicle regulation, student activities, student code, and general matters are found in the **Student Guidebook**, which is distributed to new students upon admission to the University. All students should be cognizant of University requirements and regulations and may obtain copies of the **Student Guidebook** from the Office of the Dean of Students located in the General Office Building.

**Bursar**

The Bursar's Office accepts payment of tuition, fees, and room charges. It also distributes checks for student employment. Limited check cashing services are provided to students. Students are encouraged to establish checking accounts in local banks of the area to obtain the full services of a regular checking account.

**Residence Regulations**

Regulations defining the residence of students for purposes of registration in Southern Illinois University, Edwardsville, are as follows:

1. Evidence showing the residence of every applicant for admission to the University must be submitted to the Registrar at the time of application for admission, and resident or nonresident fees shall be assessed on the basis of evidence appearing in the Registrar's records.

2. In all cases where the records indicate that the student's home is outside the state of Illinois, the nonresident fee shall be assessed. A student who takes exception to the ruling may file a claim for a refund, but this must be submitted to the Registrar within 10 days of the opening date of the quarter for which the charge was made.

3. In the case of a student who is a minor, the residence of the parent, or if the student has no parent, the guardian of this person, shall govern unless there is proven to have been complete emancipation of the minor from his parents or guardian and he has established residence in the state of Illinois.

4. Any student, adult or minor, whose parents have established a bona fide residence in the state of Illinois will be regarded as a resident for registration purposes; except that an adult student who has established a residence on his own account outside of the state must conform to the terms set forth in regulation 6 to be classified as a resident.

5. A wife is classified as a resident for registration purposes if her husband is a bona fide resident of the state of Illinois preceding and at the time of her registration.

6. An adult student, whose parents are deceased or whose parents reside outside the state, to be considered a resident of Illinois for purposes of registration must be a bona fide resident of the state for three months preceding the beginning of any quarter for which he registers at the University and must present evidence that he is self-sustaining and not under parental control.
7. An emancipated minor must maintain a dwelling place within the state for twelve consecutive months immediately prior to his registration in order to be considered a resident for the purpose of paying tuition fees.

8. An adult alien who holds valid immigration papers and is in the United States under an immigrant-type visa may qualify as a resident of the state for purposes of registration in the University if he has lived within the state for at least a period of twelve months next preceding the beginning of any quarter for which he registers at the University, subject to the provisions of rules 4 and 6.

9. Several factors will be considered in the determination of each individual case. Among the factors to be considered will be (a) location of draft board registration, (b) voting address, if any, (c) the degree of self-support of the student, (d) location of summer or vacation employment.

10. All cases of appeal shall first be referred to the Legal Counsel of the University. An appeal from the Legal Counsel shall be in accordance with University statutes.¹

¹ In the above regulations an adult student is considered to be a male at least 21 years of age or a female at least 18 years of age.
HERE ARE LISTED all of the courses offered by the Edwardsville Campus for credit toward a bachelor's, master's, doctor's, or associate degree. Courses are listed numerically within each subject-matter area. Areas are listed below in the order of their appearance on the following pages.

Subject-Matter Areas

General Studies Area A
General Studies Area B
General Studies Area C
General Studies Area D
General Studies Area E
Accounting
Administrative Services
Aerospace Studies
American Studies
Anthropology
Art
Biology
Business Communications
Business Education
Chemistry
Colloquium
Comparative Literature
Counselor Education
Economics
Education Reading
Educational Administration
Elementary Education
Engineering
English
Experiment in Higher Education
Finance
Foreign Languages
General Foreign Language
French
German
Greek
Italian
Latin
Russian
Spanish

Romance Philology
Foundations of Education
General Business Administration
Geography
Government
Health Education
History
Honors Hours
Humanities
Human Services
Instructional Technology
Journalism
Management Science
Marketing
Mathematics
Music
Nursing
Personnel and Industrial Relations
Philosophy
Physical Education
Physics
Production
Psychology
Rehabilitation
Science and Technology
Secondary Education
Social Welfare
Sociology
Special Education
Speech
Speech Pathology and Audiology
Television-Radio
Theater
Child Care Services

Explanation of Entries

The first entry for each course is a three-digit numeral which, together

1 Courses count only toward the Associate in Arts degree.
with the subject area, serves to identify the course. The first digit indicates that the course is for freshmen, sophomores, juniors, seniors, or graduate students only, depending on whether the digit is 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5, respectively.

Following the identification number are a dash and another number, which indicates the maximum credit allowed for the course. The maximum may be variable, such as History 410–2 to 5. Some courses do not terminate at the end of one quarter, as evidenced by two or more numerals in parentheses indicating the credit allowed for each quarter of participation in the course, such as GSC 370–9 (3,3,3). The bold face letters in parentheses correspond to the numerals in parentheses and are followed by a description of the material to be covered that quarter. Next is the title, followed by a description of the course. If certain requirements must be satisfied before enrollment in a course, they are listed as prerequisites.

Not all of the courses described here are offered every quarter or even every year. To find out when and where a course is to be offered, consult the Schedule of Classes, which may be obtained from Central Publications, Southern Illinois University, Edwardsville, Illinois 62025. When requesting a schedule, please specify quarter (fall, winter, spring, or summer).

**Man's Physical Environment and Biological Inheritance (GSA)**

101-8 (5,3) Introduction to Physical Science. (a) A study of the fundamentals of physics covering aspects of mechanics, electricity and magnetism, optics and atomic physics. (c) A study of chemical principles and the atomic structure of matter. Must be taken in a,c sequence. Prerequisite: satisfactory score on placement test or Mathematics 101.

110-8 (4,4) The Earth and Its Environment. A study of the earth, its major domains and its space environment; student investigation of earth substances, processes and utilization of energy. An investigative approach for study of the observational and measurement techniques of the earth scientist. Lecture, laboratory, and individual study. Must be taken in a,b sequence. Prerequisite: one year of high school chemistry.

204-4 Man's Biological Inheritance. The basic principles of biology and their implications for man. Three lecture, two laboratory hours per week. Prerequisite: high school or college chemistry.

205-4 Man and His Diseases. The biological basis of the structure, function and development of man, his microorganisms, and his diseases. Three lecture, two laboratory hours per week. Prerequisite: 204.

206-4 Life: Ecology and Diversity. A study of living organisms and the environmental factors influencing their diversity and distribution. Three lecture, two laboratory hours per week. Prerequisite: 204.

210-4 The Fossil Origins of Man. A study of the origin, evolution, and morphology of the major invertebrate phyla and vertebrate classes that occur as fossils.

312-3 Conservation of Natural Resources. A study of man's use and misuse of natural environment.

314-3 Man's Genetic Heritage. Principles of heredity as related to man, with emphasis on the effects of environment on his biological inheritance.

320-3 Plants and Civilization. An examination of the role of plants in man's social and economic history and of the role of man in the modification and distribution of plants. Prerequisite: 201.

322-3 Introduction to Rocks and Minerals. Specifically designed to acquaint the nonprofessional with the origin, distribution, character, and value of the common materials and rocks in the earth's crust. Prerequisite: 110.

328-3 Human Reproduction and Development. Descriptive aspects of human reproduction and development; developmental anomalies; fertility; principles and practices of population control. Three lectures per week. Prerequisite: GSA 201a,b.
Course Descriptions

301-8 (4,4) Sociology-Economics. An introduction to the great economists and sociologists and especially to those writers who are regarded as both. (a) A historical development of sociological ideas and introduction to such concepts as social structure, role behavior, and social institutions. (b) A historical development of economic ideas and an introduction to economic concepts, institutions, and problems.

101-8 (4,4) Survey of Western Tradition. (b) Political, economic, and cultural history of Europe from the Early Middle Ages to the end of the Napoleonic Age. (c) History of Europe from Congress of Vienna to the present.

102-8 (4,4) Anthropology. An examination of the biological and cultural origins of mankind; cultural diversity and human behavior; characteristic features of tribal societies, including economy, social organization, language, art, religion, and political organization; place of non-industrialized societies in the modern world. (d) Psychology: Surveys modern psychological approaches to individual behavior; includes basic developmental processes such as learning and motivation plus a study of personality and related adjustment problems. Prerequisite: 101 or 103.

201-8 (4,4) The Individual and His Cultural Environment. A study of human behavior in the light of cultural and psychological processes. (a) Anthropology: An examination of the biological and cultural origins of mankind; cultural diversity and human behavior; characteristic features of tribal societies, including economy, social organization, language, art, religion, and political organization; place of non-industrialized societies in the modern world. (c) Psychology: Surveys modern psychological approaches to individual behavior; includes basic developmental processes such as learning and motivation plus a study of personality and related adjustment problems. Prerequisite: 101 or 103.


300-3 (3,3,3) History of the United States. A general survey of the political, social, and economic development of the United States. (a) 1492 to 1815, (b) 1815 to 1900, (c) 1900 to the present.

302-3 Contemporary Social Problems. Discussion and analysis of selected contemporary social problems with consideration of alternative courses of action.

305-3 Urban Environmental Problems. Analysis and discussion of such urban related environmental problems as urban development, location factors, classification, economic base, land use, recreational needs, and others. Content changes from year to year.

311-3 Economic Development of the United States. Emphasizes the underly-
ing trends and forces of change that have led to our present economic struc-
ture, level of performance, and world position. Prerequisite: 101c or 103b.

312-3 Comparative Economic Systems. A comparative study of the goals,
structure, and operation of the major economic systems, such as capitalism, socialism,
and fascism. Emphasis upon basic systems of organization and control,
and upon mixed economies.

318-6 (3,3) American State and Local Government. (a) State. An examina-
tion of the role of the states in the federal system and a survey of the
governmental processes within the fifty states. (b) Local. A survey of the
structure, functions, and problems of the counties, municipalities, towns,
towns, and special districts in the United States. Prerequisite: 203a.

331-3 The American Educational System. A critical and problematic study
of education as a major social enterprise of a free society in its context of
international involvements. The formative influences upon the American
educational system, its basic characteristics, difficulties and prospects are
explored through the disciplines comprising the intellectual-cultural founda-
tions of education. Designed for all students irrespective of major discipline or
professional pursuit.

341-3 Marriage. An examination of marriage in various societies with an
emphasis on the origins, changes, and present status of dating, courtship, and
marriage in the United States.

351-6 (3,3) Geographic and Cultural Background of Developing Africa. (a)
The relation of geography to the culture of Africa, with emphasis on the place
cultural and geographic factors have in the developing nations of Africa. (b)
An introduction to the many diverse cultures of Africa from the Egyptian
civilization to the Bushman hunters. May be taken separately.

366-3 Growth of Old World Civilization. Cultural origins and dispersals from
Paleolithic to Protohistoric times with particular attention to the complex
environmental and cultural factors that led to the rise of early Old World
civilizations.

369-3 The Contemporary Far East. An interpretative survey of the problems
of the Far East—political, economic, social, and psychological—from World
War II to the present.

380-6 (3,3) East Europe: Cultural Heritage and Present Institutions. (a)
Cultural Heritage, (b) Present Institutions. An introduction to the European
area east of the iron curtain with attention evenly divided among Russia, the
Balkans, and Northern East Europe.

388-3 Communism. A critical examination of various modern theories of
communism, with special emphasis on Karl Marx. Prerequisite: Completion
of GSB second-level requirements.

Man's Insights and Appreciations (GSC)

- 151-3 Introduction to Poetry. Introduction to the enjoyment of poetry. Pract-
tice in techniques of critical reading and writing. Prerequisite: GSD 101a,b.
- 155-5 Introduction to Art. Basic introduction to the visual arts, particularly
painting, sculpture, and architecture. The primary objective is to cultivate
skill and discrimination in seeing and understanding works of art from many
periods.
- 156-5 Introduction to Music History-Literature. An introduction to the ele-
ments of music, and to the important composers, periods, styles, and forms of
music.
- 157-5 The Dramatic Media: Theater, Cinema, and Television. A study of
dramatic media, theater, television, and film with emphasis on the roles and
techniques of artists and craftsmen involved. Required theater attendance and
television and film viewing. Appropriate research activity.
- 158-5 The Fine Arts. An introduction to the principal branches of fine arts:
visual art, music, and literature. The relationships that bind them together.
Due attention is given to the distinguishing attributes of each.
- 252-4 Logic. Study and practice in the analysis of verbal traps, relations be-
tween statements, deductive arguments, and inductive inferences. Prerequisite:
sophomore standing or completion of first-level GSC.
- 253-4 Literary Masterpieces of Antiquity. Reading and discussion of selected
literary texts from Classical and Hebraic Antiquity. Prerequisite: 151.
- 254-4 Philosophical Masterpieces. Reading and discussion of selected philo-
 sophic masterpieces of western civilization. Prerequisite: 151.
313-3 Folklore. The types of folklore, with extensive readings in American and European folklore: practice in collecting and classifying, and in the use of Thompson's index, etc. Prerequisite: completion of second-level GSC requirements.

315-3 Studies in Biography. Reading, discussion, and reviews of various forms of biographical work. Some individual work in the student's area of concentration. Prerequisite: completion of second-level GSC requirements.

325-3 Afro-American Literature. Reading and discussion of selected literary texts by major Afro-American authors from Frederick Douglass to the present. Prerequisite: completion of second-level GSC requirements.

326-3 The Bible as Literature. The Bible in English translation considered as literature. Prerequisite: completion of second-level GSC requirements.

327-3 The English Language Heritage. A survey of the resources of the English language with emphasis upon the processes of change in vocabulary, meaning, and linguistic pattern. Prerequisite: completion of second-level GSC.

330-3 Classical Mythology and Its Influence. The major myths: their nature, origin, interpretations, influence, relevance, and use in the modern world. Prerequisite: completion of second-level GSC requirements.

335-3 Studies in Short Fiction. The development of the short story as an artistic expression, its techniques, and its versatility, from the early 19th century to the present. Prerequisite: completion of second-level GSC requirements.

336-3 Studies in the Novel. A study of the novel, emphasizing the technique of the novelist and his concern with continuing human problems. Prerequisite: completion of second-level GSC requirements.

337-3 The English Language Heritage. A survey of the resources of the English language with emphasis upon the processes of change in vocabulary, meaning, and linguistic pattern. Prerequisite: completion of second-level GSC.


341-3 Modern Art B: Art of the Early 20th Century 1890-1925. A study of modern art as manifest in Fauvism, cubism, and expressionism. Emphasis on the artistic development of Cezanne, Matisse, Rouault, Picasso, Braque, Gysis, Leger, Kirchner, and Kandinsky.

342-3 Modern Art C: Art of the Mid 20th Century 1920-1945. Abstraction, later German expressionism, the school of Paris, and surrealism. Special attention to the work of de Chirico, Klee, Miro, Beckman, Chagall, Kokashka, Soutine, and late Matisse, Picasso, Braque, and Leger.

345-6 (3,3) Masterpieces of World Literature. A study of the representative works of the varying cultures and eras: (a) the Renaissance and 18th century, (c) the modern periods. Prerequisite: completion of second-level GSC requirements.

354-9 (3,3) History of the Theater. Drama, performance, architecture, design, and cultural environment of: (a) the Renaissance, the 17th and 18th centuries in Europe, Japan, and China; (c) the modern theater in Europe, the United States, Africa, and Latin America. May elect any one or more quarters in any sequence.

357-3 History of Music Literature. Development of choral and instrumental music from the Renaissance to the present.

358-3 Jazz. Jazz forms and styles: development, illustrations, performances.

360-6 (3,3) Arts and Ideals in Famous Cities. A presentation of the chief art styles and aesthetic ideals of Western culture as they flowered in seven famous cities. A close study of selected masterworks of architecture, fine art, music, literature, and philosophy of art as expressions of men who shaped the physical faces and cultural lives of their cities. (a) the 5th century B.C. Athens, 13th century Chartres, late 15th century Florence, and early 16th century Rome; (b) 18th century London, 19th century Paris, 20th century New York. Prerequisite: junior standing or completion of second-level GSC requirements.

363-6 (3,3) Philosophies of Science. (a) The logic of scientific explanation illustrated by analysis of physical concepts and theories. (b) The logic of explanation in the biological and behavioral sciences and their implications for the individual and society. Should be taken in a,b sequence. Prerequisite: junior standing or completion of second-level GSC requirements.

370-9 (3,3,3) American Art. A study of the visual arts in the United States. While the emphasis is upon architecture, painting, and sculpture in the context of American social and cultural evolution, the minor arts also are placed in perspective. May be taken in any sequence.

375-3 Ethics. An investigation of the basic problems related to deciding how
men ought to act and of modern discussions of individual and social morality. Prerequisite: junior standing or completion of second-level GSE requirement.

390-3 Existentialism. A critical examination of existentialism as a contemporary perspective on life and reality. Prerequisite: 254 or Philosophy 200.

391-3 Pragmatism. A critical examination of pragmatism as a contemporary perspective on life, reality, and American culture. Prerequisite: 254 or Philosophy 200.

Organization and Communication of Ideas (GSD)

100-1 Study Skills. Techniques and opportunities to improve the basic learning skills of the motivated student. Reading improvement, effective listening, and general study skills as they apply to note-taking, studying for examinations, budgeting of time, and use of the library.

101-6 (3,3) English Composition. Basic rhetorical principles in expository writing. Must be taken in a,b sequence.

103-3 Oral Communication of Ideas. The basic principles and techniques of oral communication as applied to everyday speech activities.

112-9 (4,5) Introduction to Mathematics. A study of logical rules of deduction: the real number system, and mathematical structures. Prerequisite: one year of high school algebra and satisfactory score on A.C.T. An alternative course for 114-9. Must be taken in a,b sequence.

114-9 (5,4) College Algebra, and Trigonometry. A logical study of the algebraic properties of number systems, polynomials, equations, functions, matrices, exponential and logarithmic functions, trigonometric function. (a) principally algebra. (c) principally trigonometry. An alternative course for 112-9. Must be taken in a,b,c sequence. Prerequisite: one and one-half years high school algebra and one year high school geometry, or equivalent.


125-9 (3,3,3) Elementary French. Open to students who have had no previous work in French. Must be taken in a,b,c sequence.

126-9 (3,3,3) Elementary German. Open to students who have had no previous work in German. Must be taken in a,b,c sequence.

127-5 Elementary German. Aspects of the culture, traditions, and reasoning of the German people. Emphasis on intensive reading rather than on writing or speaking. May be taken after 126a to complete the General Studies foreign language requirement. Prerequisites: 126a, and German 126a or equivalent.

136-9 (3,3,3) Elementary Russian. No previous knowledge of Russian required. Must be taken in a,b,c sequence.

140-9 (3,3,3) Elementary Spanish. Open to students who have had no previous work in Spanish. Must be taken in a,b,c sequence.

144-9 (3,3,3) Elementary Italian. Open to students who have had no previous work in Italian. Must be taken in a,b,c sequence.

Health and Physical Development (GSE)

Courses numbered 102-104 are for men; 112-114 are for women; 115-118 are for both men and women.

102-1 Physical Fitness (Men).


112-1 Basic Body Movement (Women).

114-1 (per activity) Individual and Team Activity (Women). (c) Basketball, (f) Soccer, (g) Speedball, (j) Softball, (n) Field Hockey, (o) Physical Conditioning.

115-3 (1,1,1) Restricted Physical Education.

Course Descriptions

Accounting

301-1 to 6 Accounting Readings. Study of the basic accounting principles, concepts, conventions, and standards; their application to the analysis and recording of business transactions; and the reporting of the accumulated results. Measurement of income, and matching of expense with revenues through the use of the accrual basis in the accounting system. Prerequisite: sophomore standing.

333-4 Financial Accounting Analysis. Introduction to valuation concepts of assets, liabilities, and ownership equities; control of cash, valuation of receivables, inventory valuations and price level changes, fixed asset valuation of receivables, inventory valuations and price level changes, fixed asset valuation and depreciation policy, equity accounting and concepts, bonds, partnerships, and corporations; basics in financial statement analysis—use of ratios and their interrelationship with other factors; funds and cash flow concepts. Prerequisite: 332.

334-4 Managerial Cost and Budgeting. Control concepts, essentials of job order and process costing; budgets and budgeting for planning and control, standards and flexible budgets and use of “exception” principle through variance analysis; control of fixed costs, relevant cost analysis for managerial decision making, capital planning. Prerequisite: 333.

335-4 Principles of Income Taxation. Study of the Federal Income Tax laws as they affect individuals, partnerships, corporations, estates, and trusts, in determination of the taxable income for computing the tax liability due. Prerequisite: 333.

341-4 Cost Accounting Principles. Comprehensive study of job order and process cost systems, related joint and by-product costing, and estimated cost procedures. Prerequisite: 333.

351a-4 Accounting Theory and Problems I. Comprehensive study of the asset accounts, their valuation, presentation, etc. Prerequisite: 351a.

351b-4 Accounting Theory and Problems II. Comprehensive study of the equity accounts, their valuation, presentation, etc. Prerequisite: 351a.

432-4 Accounting Problems in Federal Taxation. Income tax problems of partnerships, corporations, estates, and trusts; brief study of social security, federal estate, and gift taxes; solving of complicated tax problems by research in source materials. Prerequisites: 335, consent of instructor and faculty chairman.

439-1 to 4 Independent Study in Accounting. An investigation of topical areas in greater depth than regularly titled courses permit. Individual or small group readings and projects. For qualified seniors. Prerequisite: consent of instructor and faculty chairman.

442-4 Advanced Cost Accounting. Comprehensive study of budgeting concepts, standard costing and analysis of variances, decision making with alternatives, planning of capital acquisitions, direct costing, relevant cost concepts, and distribution cost problems. Prerequisite: 341.

453-4 Advanced Accounting Problems. Comprehensive study of problems in consolidation of financial statements, partners dissolution and liquidation, consignment, installment sales, and other advanced accounting topics. Prerequisite: 351b.

456-4 Auditing. Study of the concepts, principles, and practices of auditing, including ethics, professional standards, internal control, preparation of audit working papers, audit reports, and related services. Prerequisites: 351b, 442.
458-4 Accounting Systems.
461-4 Advanced CPA Problems.
530-4 Conceptual Framework of Accounting.
533-4 Managerial Accounting.
538-4 Seminar in Accounting.

Administrative Services

300-4 Introduction to Data Processing. An introduction to the principles underlying unit record equipment, information theory, electronic data processing applications, and management systems. Includes applications to demonstrate systems, concepts, and computer capabilities through the use of data processing equipment.

301-4 Computer Programming. A comparative study of stored program concepts, binary coding principles, machine language and symbolic coding; definition of problem and preparation of flow charts and block diagrams. Work involves practice problems requiring the preparation of flow charts, block diagrams, coding, preparation of source programs, and test running on computer equipment. Prerequisite: 300.

426-4 Office Management. The principles of management as applied to office problems. Emphasis on the role of the office in business management; office organization; physical facilities and layout of the office; office services, procedures, standards, and controls.

427-4 Information Storage and Retrieval Systems. The requisites for records administration. The value of files and their creation, control, retention, and disposition. Applications to such records as medical, legal, educational.

428-4 Systems and Procedures. A problems approach to the office systems-procedures function in the modern business firm; seminar and laboratory work on improvement of systems and procedures, administrative information and paperwork engineering; theory of office-systems design; systems administration and work simplification. Prerequisite: 426 or consent of instructor.

Aerospace Studies

300-3 Corps Training. Provides a supervised training laboratory in support of and mandatory when enrolled in 301, 302, and 303. Instruction is conducted within the framework of a cadet corps, organized and operated by cadets in 300 and 340, with a progression of experience designed to develop each student’s leadership potential at the junior level. Emphasis is placed on Air Force customs and courtesies, drill and ceremonies, career opportunities in the Air Force, and the life and work of an Air Force junior officer.

301-3, 302-3, 303-3 Professional Officer Course. A study of the growth and development of aerospace power, the United States Air Force, astronautics and space operations, and the projected development of aerospace power. Involves specific exercise of each student’s written and oral communication skill. Prerequisite: satisfactory completion of the GMC or the six-week field training course.

340-0 Corps Training. Provides a supervised training laboratory in support of and mandatory when enrolled in 351, 352, and 353. Instruction is conducted within the framework of a cadet corps, organized and operated by cadets in 340 and 340, with a progression of experience designed to develop each student’s leadership potential at the senior level. Emphasis is placed on Air Force customs and courtesies, drill and ceremonies, career opportunities in the Air Force, and the life and work of an Air Force junior officer.

550-2 Flight Regulation and Navigation. A study of flight regulations, weather, and navigation. Four hours lecture, demonstration-performance. Prerequisite: enrollment in the Air Force ROTC Flight Instruction Program or consent of the PAS.

351, 352, 353 Professional Officer Course. A study of military leadership, professionalism as it relates to the Air Force, the military justice system, and the theory and practice of management principles and functions with special reference to the Air Force and the junior officer. Participation in problem-situation, and oral and written student assignments. Prerequisites: 301, 302, 303, or consent of the PAS.
American Studies

398–4 Seminar in American Studies. A study of American culture with a view towards crossing the boundaries of traditional disciplines. Prerequisite: senior standing.

Anthropology

GSB 201a–4 The Individual and His Cultural Environment. 305–9 (3,3,3) Peoples and Cultures of the World I. The biological and cultural history of man in (a) North America, (b) Asia, and (c) Oceania from early times to the present.

307–3 Peoples and Cultures of Latin America and the Caribbean. Social and cultural aspects of contemporary Mexico, Central America, South America, and the Caribbean viewed in their historical and environmental contexts. Prerequisite: sophomore standing or consent of instructor.

GSB 351b–3 Cultural Background of Developing Africa.
GSA 365–3 Human Origins.
GSB 366–3 Growth of Old World Civilization.

367–3 Growth of New World Civilization. Beginnings and rise of culture centers in the New World, with special attention on Mexico, Yucatan, and Andean developments; ecological and cultural factors conditioning the rise of regional and inter-regional cultural manifestations.

375–4 to 8 Archaeological Field Methods. An introduction to archaeological field techniques including site survey and evaluation techniques, excavation and data recording, laboratory methods and interpretation. Emphasis on new techniques for the recovery of information. Prerequisite: GSB 201a or consent of instructor.

400–4 Man and Culture. The nature of culture and cultural process. Relationships of culture and man as an individual and as a group. Emphasis on the anthropological point of view.

404–4 Primitive Art and Technology. The development of man as a tool-using and art-loving being. Artistic and technological traditions of non-Western peoples, past and present.

405–4 Social Anthropology. A comparative approach to the organizational features of human groups. Functional aspects and distributions of kinship, political, religious, and economic systems.

406–4 History of Anthropological Thought. The growth of anthropology to about 1860, followed by a more intensive survey of the concepts and ideas of anthropology during the past hundred years.

409–4 Anthropology and Modern Life. The applications of anthropological principles to the solution of problems of the modern world. Contributions of anthropology to the work of the educator, social worker, administrator, business man, government official, and other specialists dealing with man in Western and non-Western cultures.

410–4 Culture Change. Examination of long and short range culture change, acculturation process and innovation, theory and method in study of culture change.

424–4 Culture and Personality. A cross-cultural comparison and survey of personality in relation to cultural differences found in the “folk societies” with emphasis on the socialization and enculturation of the child; group variants in personality and measurement of their cultural correlates. Prerequisite: junior standing or consent of instructor.

430–4 Archaeology of North America. An introduction to the methods of archaeology and a survey of prehistoric Indian cultures north of Mexico, with particular emphasis upon the cultures of the Mississippi Valley.

432–4 Archaeology of the Midwest. A survey of prehistoric cultural developments in the Mississippi River drainage, with emphasis on events leading to the climax of the Mississippian culture at Cahokia; contributions to archaeological theory; field trips to local archaeological sites. Prerequisite: 330 or consent of instructor.

442–4 Human Ecology. Systematic consideration of man-habitat relationships, especially concerned with cultural adaptations. Problems related to environ-
mental change, migration, and population growth, technological and institutional changes; attitudes toward change and perception by people of problems involved in modifying their traditional habits and values. Prerequisite: junior standing or consent of instructor.

452-4 Political Anthropology. Cross-cultural comparison of political systems with emphasis on non-European peoples; functional relations between politics and society; the growth of political complexity; and systems of authority and leadership. Prerequisites: junior standing, consent of instructor.

470-4 Special Topics in Anthropology. Focus on a limited subject area on the frontiers of anthropology. Investigation of significant problems and issues which are not treated in other course offerings. Content varies with each offering and is announced in advance. Prerequisite: GSB 201a or consent of instructor.

482-4 Indians of the Plains: Prehistory, Ethnohistory, and Culture. An advanced introduction to dynamic changes which produced the Plains Indian Culture-Area, including the acculturative history of Plains Indians after contact with Europeans. Prehistoric antecedents of the historic tribes; basic features of Plains Indian culture, with sub-regional variations; and ethno-history and acculturation in the wake of the advancing frontier. Prerequisites: junior standing, consent of instructor.

483-3 to 18 Individual Study in Anthropology. Guided research upon anthropological problems. Should consult chairman before enrolling.

507-9 (3,3,3) Pro-seminar in Social Anthropology.
508-8 (4,4) Pro-seminar in Cultural Anthropology.
586-3 to 12 Advanced Readings in Anthropology.

Art

Art Education Courses: 300, 365, 408, 460, 466, 560, 566.
Studio Courses: 100, 202, 305, 310, 312, 325, 358, 384, 386, 393, 401, 402, 410, 420, 441, 501, 502, 511, 520.

050-3 Avocational Painting. An exploration of painting and drawing media for the interested non-major. Emphasis upon individual development of understanding and appreciation of painting media through direct experience in the practice of painting. May be repeated. Three hours credit applicable to degree except in art and design and teacher education.

051-3 Avocational Ceramics. An exploration of the ceramics arts for the interested non-major. Emphasis upon individual development of understanding and appreciation of pottery media through direct experience in the practice of the craft. May be repeated. Three hours credit applicable to degree except in art and design and teacher education.

100-15 (5,5,5) Basic Studio. (a) Drawing. Introduction to the various approaches to drawing and composition, utilizing a variety of media and techniques. (b) Color and Design. Introduction to and exploration of various color systems and their application related to two-dimensional problem solving, stressing the plastic art elements in pure design. (c) Figure Drawing. A study of the human figure with special emphasis toward developing visual perception and understanding of anatomy using a variety of media. Need not be taken in sequence. May take one section only a quarter.

202-21 (3,3,3,3,3) Intermediate Studio. (a) Sculpture. A study in form and design. (b) Printmaking. Introduction to fundamental printmaking techniques in relief and intaglio methods and multiple color printing. (c) Ceramics. Introduction to handbuilding with clay and to simple techniques and technology of glazing and firing. (d) Painting. Introduction to and exploration of oils as a medium of expression. (e) Drawing. Exploration of various approaches to drawing and composition including some figure work. (f) Design. Problem solving relative to two-dimensional visual design, exploring a variety of tools and media stressing the organization and structure of creative design. (g) Watercolor. Introduction to and exploration of tools and media and their application. Need not be taken in sequence. Prerequisite: 100-15.

225-9 (3,3,3) History of World Art. A study of painting, sculpture, and architecture from prehistoric to modern times. Emphasis is placed upon the major
periods and great styles in relation to their geographical and social backgrounds. Open to all students. (a) The art and architecture of ancient and classical man. (b) Art from the Renaissance to the present.

300-12 (4,4,4) Art Education. Theory and practice of art activities in the elementary schools with attention to teaching methodology. Designed for elementary education concentrations. Must be taken in a,b,c sequence. Prerequisite: junior or senior standing.

305-12 (4,4,4) Ceramics. Intensive study of ceramics as an art form. Must be taken in a,b,c sequence. Prerequisite: 202-9, including 202c.

310-12 (4,4,4) Painting. Intensive study of painting as a medium of expression. Individual rather than group problems are engaged. Prerequisite: 202-9, including 202d.

312a-4 Advertising and Graphic Design. Deals with the basic tools of the advertising designer. Introduction to styles of type, lettering techniques, layout problems, and reproduction processes for advertisements and illustrations in papers, magazines, posters, television, and pamphlets. Creative exercises in designing with type and illustrations. Prerequisite: 202-9, including 202f.

312b-4 Advertising and Graphic Design II. Introduction to the problems of the advertising designer, with special emphasis on typography. Includes typesetting, proof printing, engraving, and lithographic processes. Application of the principles of design to a variety of contemporary projects, with professional standards and performances exacted. Creative and technical class work is supplemented by field trips to printing firms and advertising design studios. Prerequisite: 312a.

325-12 (4,4,4) Studio. No more than 4 hours per quarter. Prerequisites: 8 hours in medium of choice (except where such courses do not exist) and consent of instructor.

337-9 (3,3,3) Ancient Art. An interpretation of painting, sculpture, and architecture from prehistoric times through the ancient Egyptian, Mesopotamian, Greek, and Roman civilizations, presented with consideration of the general cultural settings of the peoples involved.

349-9 (3,3,3) Renaissance and Baroque Art. Architecture, sculpture, and painting from the waning of the middle ages to the beginnings of modern movements in the 18th century. (a) The Renaissance in northern Europe. (b) The Renaissance in Italy and the south. (c) Mannerism, Baroque, and Rococo art. May be taken independently. Recommended preparation, but not prerequisite: 225.

358-12 (4,4,4) Prints. Introduction to printmaking as a medium. Studio projects in intaglio, relief, and planographic processes. Prerequisite: 202-9, including 202b.

369-4 Art Education in the Secondary Schools. For art education students preparing to teach at secondary level; includes studio projects designed to develop awareness of technical and aesthetic needs of high school students, reading and discussion of literature, planning of curriculum. Fall quarter only.

369-3 Primitive Art. A study of the arts of "primitive" peoples of Africa, the Pacific, and the Americas. Characteristic works are interpreted in context with the general conditions of primitive society. The significant influences of primitive art on modern painting and sculpture.


386-12 (4,4,4) Jewelry and Design in Metals. The basic processes involved in forming and finishing art objects of metal. Prerequisite: 202-15.

393-12 (4,4,4) Sculpture. Problems in modeling, carving, casting, and construction. Prerequisite: 202-9, including 202a.

401-2 to 12 Research in Painting. Prerequisite: 310-12.

405-2 to 12 Studio in Sculpture. Prerequisite: 393-12.

406-2 to 12 Studio in Painting. Prerequisite: 310-12.

408-4 Art Education for Elementary Teachers II.

410-2 to 12 Research in Prints. Prerequisite: 358-12.

416-2 to 12 Studio in Prints. Prerequisite: 358-12.

420-2 to 12 Research in Pottery. Prerequisite: 305-12.

424-3 Art in the Eighteenth Century. A study of the visual arts during the eighteenth century. Rococo, rationalist, romantic, and middle class styles are
examined against the revolutionary shift from the baroque to modern societies.

429-2 to 12 Studio in Pottery. Prerequisite: 305-12.
441-9 (3,3,3) Studio in Drawing. Studio in Drawing. Prerequisites: 12 hours 300-level art, junior or senior standing.
460-2 to 12 Research in Art Education.
466-2 to 12 Studio in Art Education.
483-3 to 12 Research in Art History.
501-4 to 8 Graduate Painting.
502-4 to 8 Graduate Sculpture.
511-4 to 8 Graduate Printmaking.
520-4 to 8 Graduate Ceramics.
560-2 to 12 Seminar in Art Education.
566-2 to 12 Research in Art Education.
571-2 to 5 Readings in Art History.
599-5 to 9 Thesis.

Biology

200-4 Introduction to Biological Sciences. An introduction to the major unifying concepts among the biological sciences, metabolism, physiology, organization, genetics, evolution, and ecology. Three hours lecture, three hours laboratory per week. Prerequisite: Chemistry 125a or concurrent enrollment. GSA 201-8 (4,4) Man's Biological Inheritance.
210-4 Bacteriology. A treatment of cytology; theories and techniques of staining; physiology and classification of microorganisms; and their medical relationships. Two lecture and four laboratory hours per week. Prerequisite: GSA 201a.
301-16 (4,4) Concepts at the Cellular Level. (a) Cell Structure and Function. Structure, organization, and function of cells, organelles, and macromolecules. Three lecture and three laboratory hours per week. Prerequisite: 200, Chemistry 305a or 341a. (b) Cellular Biology. Continuation of a. The structure, function, and biogenesis of various cell parts, the biosynthesis of macromolecules, the mechanisms through which the cell regulates such processes as growth, metabolism, and gene expression. Research papers in these areas is emphasized. Three lectures per week. Prerequisite: 301a; recommended: 301e. Students may take 301d concurrently. (c) Developmental Biology. Morphogenesis, differentiation, growth, and regeneration in plants and animals. Three lecture and three laboratory hours per week. Prerequisite: 301a. (d) Laboratory in cellular components, the regulation of cellular activities, and the response of the cell to changes in the chemical and physical environment. Various techniques used in the study of cells. Six hours laboratory per week. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment in 301b. (e) Elementary Biochemistry. The relation between the structure and function of biologically important macromolecules. Nucleic acids, proteins, and carbohydrates, with emphasis on the regulation of their biosynthesis and degradation. The importance of these ideas to modern biology. Three hours lecture per week. Prerequisites: 301a; 303a or concurrent enrollment; Chemistry 305b or 341b.
302-15 (5,5,5) Concepts at the Organism Level. The form, function, classification, and phylogeny of organisms. (a) Animal life. Sponges through mammals. Two lecture and six laboratory hours per week. (c) Plant life. Bryophytes through flowering plants. Three lecture and four laboratory hours per week. Prerequisite for a-c: GSA 201a,b. (d) Physiology. Function and regulation in animals. Four lecture and three laboratory hours per week. Prerequisites for d: 302a,c. Chemistry 111a,c.
303-10 (3,3,4) Concepts at the Population Level. (a) Genetics. Mechanism of inheritance, gene action, and the origin of genetic diversity. Three lecture hours per week. (b) Evolution. Evolutionary change including population genetics, ecological factors, selection, and speciation. Three lecture hours per week. (c) Ecology. Life and the environment; energy relationships and suc-
423-4 Principles of Parasitism. (a) The life histories. Two lectures, two laboratories per week. Prerequisite: 200.

(b) Medical Microbiology. Cultural and immunological properties, medically-important bacteria, and viruses and their epidemiology. Three lecture hours per week. Prerequisite: 304a. (c) Medical Microbiology Laboratory. Methods for isolating pathogenic bacteria, and determining their significant properties and immunological features. Six laboratory hours per week. Prerequisite: 304b or concurrent enrollment. (d) Microbial Physiology. Bacterial growth, biochemical and genetic regulation of metabolism, and effects of the physical and chemical environment. Three lecture hours per week. Prerequisites: 304a and Chemistry 305b or 341b. (e) Microbial Physiology Laboratory. Metabolic patterns of bacterial growth as a function of nutrition, environment, and genetic control. Three laboratory hours per week. Prerequisite: 304d or concurrent enrollment.

312-8 (4,4) Human Anatomy and Physiology. (a) The structure and function of the human body. Tissues, skeletal, muscular, and nervous systems. Three lecture and two laboratory hours per week. Prerequisite: college chemistry.
(b) Continuation of a. Endocrine, circulatory, respiratory, digestive, and urinary systems. Three lecture and three laboratory hours per week. Prerequisite: 312a.
(c) Medical Microbiology. Cultural and immunological properties, medically-important bacteria, and viruses and their epidemiology. Three lecture hours per week. Prerequisite: 304a. (d) Medical Microbiology Laboratory. Methods for isolating pathogenic bacteria, and determining their significant properties and immunological features. Six laboratory hours per week. Prerequisite: 304b or concurrent enrollment. (e) Microbial Physiology. Bacterial growth, biochemical and genetic regulation of metabolism, and effects of the physical and chemical environment. Three lecture hours per week. Prerequisites: 304a and Chemistry 305b or 341b. (f) Microbial Physiology Laboratory. Metabolic patterns of bacterial growth as a function of nutrition, environment, and genetic control. Three laboratory hours per week. Prerequisite: 304d or concurrent enrollment.

GSA 314-3 Man's Genetic Heritage.
GSA 320-3 Plants and Civilization.
GSA 328-3 Human Reproduction and Development.

390-0 to 1 (.3, .3, .4) Undergraduate Biology Seminar. Presentations by faculty, visiting investigators, and students. Students give one seminar per year. May be repeated. Prerequisite: junior or senior standing.

405-4 Physiological Chemistry. The relationship between the structure and function of molecules of biological importance. Protein structure and enzyme function and nucleic acid structure and protein synthesis. Control of the metabolism of carbohydrates, lipids, and amino acids. Four lectures per week. Prerequisite: 301a.

406a-3 Cell Organelles and Inclusions. The function, structure, and formation of selected organelles and inclusions of eucaryotic cells. Current literature is covered in some detail and discussion sessions are held. Three hours lecture per week. Prerequisite: 301a, 301b, or biochemistry.

406b-1 Readings in Cell Organelles and Inclusions. Covering of current literature in a given topic. Presentation of a term paper covering this material. Prerequisites: consent of instructor, concurrent enrollment in 406a.

406c-1 Laboratory in Cell Organelles and Inclusions. Experiments studying cell organelles and inclusions. Three hours laboratory per week. Prerequisites: consent of instructor, concurrent enrollment in 406a.

407-4 Electron Microscopy. An introduction to the principles of electron microscopy technique and the use and operation of the major instruments. Two lecture and two laboratory hours per week. Prerequisites: 301a or 302b, consent of instructor.

410-4 Advanced Genetics. A study of quantitative inheritance, chromosomal evolution and organization, the regulation of gene action, and radiation genetics. Three lectures and one laboratory per week. Prerequisites: 303a, GSD 114d.

415-4 Experimental Embryology. A survey of the literature from the beginning of experimental embryology; the laboratory includes classical and modern techniques. Two lectures and two laboratories per week. Limited to ten students. Prerequisite: 301c.

420-4 Plant Synecology. The structure, development, and causative factors in the distribution of plant communities. Field techniques for quantitative measurements and interpretations of successful dynamics. Three lectures, one laboratory per week. Saturday field trips required. Prerequisite: 303c.

423-4 Principles of Parasitism. Principles dealing with parasitic relationships. Study of types of association, morphologic and physiologic adaptations of parasites, defensive mechanisms, immunity, and specificity. Selected examples from the plants and animals are used to illustrate the general principles and life histories. Two lectures, two laboratories per week. Prerequisite: 302a,b,c.
430-4 Environmental Microbiology. An examination of the ecological interrelation between microbes and animal and plant life, and the interaction of microorganisms with our terrestrial and aquatic environment. Three lectures and one laboratory per week. Prerequisite: 302b.

435-4 Ethology. A survey of animal interactions and the response of animals to environmental stimuli. Three lectures and one laboratory per week. Prerequisite: 302a.

441-3 Mammalian Physiology. Nervous and endocrine coordinating processes, sensory function, circulation, respiration, alimentation, and regulation of body fluids, with special reference to man. Three lecture hours per week. No graduate credit. Prerequisites: organic chemistry and 302d or 310.

442-1 Mammalian Physiology Laboratory. Selected experiments with mammals including man. One three-hour laboratory per week. No graduate credit. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment in 441.

444-4 Integrative Physiology. Mechanisms of response and integration with emphasis on the role of the nervous system. Three lectures and one laboratory per week. Prerequisites: 301a, 302a.

445-4 Endocrinology. A survey of the endocrine organs in chordates, higher invertebrates, and plants with major emphasis on roles of endocrine glands and their hormonal secretions in mechanisms of response, integration, control systems metabolism, and genetic relationships. Three lectures and one laboratory per week. Prerequisites: 301b, 302d or concurrent enrollment.

447-4 Topics in Plant Physiology. Photosynthesis, mineral nutrition of plants, water regime, growth and movement of plants. Two lectures and two laboratories per week. Prerequisites: 302c, Chemistry 125b.

445-4 Plant Anatomy. Cell types, tissues, and organography of seed plants with emphasis on phylogeny and trends of specialization. Laboratory on microtechnique and microscopical observation of plant tissues. Two lectures, two laboratories per week. Prerequisite: 302c.

448-5 Functional Morphology of Vertebrates. The phylogenetic approach to comparative form, function, and development of vertebrate organisms. Two lectures and three laboratories per week. Prerequisite: 302a.

450-4 Field Zoology. Taxonomy, natural history, and distribution of local plants. Two lectures and two laboratories per week. Field trips cost $10–$25 per student. Prerequisite: 302c.

471-4 The Algae. Morphology, reproduction, ecology, and physiology of algae. Laboratory includes field work, identification, culturing, and experimentation. Two lectures, two laboratories per week. Prerequisite: 302b or consent of instructor.

479-1 to 16 Tropical Studies. Courses taken in the tropics under the auspices of Associated Universities for International Education. May be repeated. Prerequisite: consent of faculty chairman.

480-4 Field Zoology. Taxonomy, natural history, and distribution of local animals. Two lectures and two laboratories per week. Field trips cost $10–$25 per student. Prerequisite: 302a.

483-4 Principles of Entomology and Insect Pathology. A study of the principles of insect development, morphology, physiology, ecology, and pathology. Three lectures, one laboratory per week. Prerequisite: 302a.

486-4 Herpetology. A study of amphibians and reptiles, their evolution, relationships, morphology, and behavior. Two lectures and two laboratories per week. Saturday field trips required. Prerequisite: 302a or consent of instructor.

488-4 Mammalogy. Taxonomy, natural history, and evolution of mammals. Two lectures and two laboratories per week. Prerequisite: 302a.

493-2 to 8 Research in Biology. Research on biological problems. No credit toward a secondary concentration in biology. Prerequisites: senior standing and consent of faculty.

497-2 to 8 Biology Field Studies. A trip of four to eight weeks to acquaint students with animals or plants in various environments and/or with methods of field study, collection, and preservation. Arrangements made in advance of term; travel costs borne by the student. No credit toward a secondary concentration in biology. Prerequisite: consent of faculty.
Course Descriptions


506-4 Cellular Regulation.

511-4 Population Genetics.

512-4 Cytogenetics.

521-4 Limnology.

522-3 Zoogeography.

523-3 Plant Geography.

543-3 Physiology of Sense Organs.

547-3 Mineral Nutrition of Plants.

553-4 Morphology of the Spermatophytes.

580-4 Advanced Invertebrates.

581-4 Helminthology.

585-4 Advanced Ichthyology.

590-0.4 Graduate Biology Seminar.

591-1 to 4 Readings in Biology.

593-1 to 4 Special Problems in Biology.

595-1 to 2 Topics in Cellular and Molecular Biology.

596-1 to 2 Topics in Organismic Biology.

599-2 to 9 Research and Thesis.

Business Communications

390-4 Business Communications. Designed to improve understanding of the vital role of effective communication in business and to develop skill in business writing with emphasis on the preparation of reports. Provides an opportunity to learn effective use of a business library; to collect and interpret data; to present information in a logically organized and acceptable form. Prerequisite: GSD 101b.

Business Education

201-9 (3,3,3) Typewriting. Mastery of the keyboard, speed and accuracy in the touch operation of the typewriter, and skill and knowledge needed for vocational and personal uses. (a) Prerequisite: may not be taken for credit by students who have had previous high school or other formal instruction in typewriting. (b) Prerequisite: 201a or one semester of other formal instruction in typewriting and the ability to type at least 30 words per minute. (c) Prerequisite: 201b or two semesters of other formal instruction in typewriting and the ability to type at least 40 words per minute and to prepare simple business correspondence, tables, manuscripts, and forms.

221-12 (4,4,4) Shorthand and Transcription. Study of Gregg shorthand theory and the development of skill and knowledge required for dictation and transcription. (a) Prerequisite: may not be taken for credit by students who have had previous high school or other formal instruction in shorthand. (b) Prerequisite: 221a or one semester of other formal instruction in shorthand-transcription. (c) Prerequisites: 221b or two semesters of other formal instruction in shorthand-transcription and the ability to take new-matter dictation at 60 words per minute for three minutes.

241-2 Duplicating.

304-3 Advanced Typewriting. Development of advanced skills in typing business correspondence, manuscripts, forms, and tables; preparation of copy from rough draft materials. Prerequisites: 201c or three semesters of other formal instruction in typewriting and the ability to type at least 50 words per minute and to prepare business correspondence, tables, and manuscripts.

324a-4 Advanced Shorthand and Transcription I. The development of high-level dictation and transcription skill and knowledge. Prerequisites: 221c or three semesters of other formal instruction in shorthand-transcription and the ability to transcribe on the typewriter new-matter dictation taken at a sustained rate of 80 words per minute.

324b-4 Advanced Shorthand and Transcription II. A continuation of 324a. Prerequisites: 324a or four semesters of other formal instruction in shorthand-transcription and the ability to transcribe on the typewriters new-matter dictation taken at a sustained rate of 90 words per minute.

327-4 Office Theories and Procedures. A study of office efficiency, techniques,
filing procedures, financial and legal responsibilities, and other office activities. Opportunities to explore reference sources, to prepare for and participate in interviews, to make self evaluations, and to pursue areas of special interest. Operation of dictating and transcribing equipment. Prerequisite: 201c or equivalent.

341-4 Office Machines. A study of the capabilities and operational characteristics of basic types of office machines; a consideration of appropriate uses of each kind of machine. Laboratory practice required. A unit in data processing gives opportunity for key-punch instruction.

350-4 Consumer Income Management. The development of concepts relative to the management of the personal financial affairs of the American consumer. Budgeting income and expenses, installment purchasing, comparison of prices, insurance, real estate, taxation, and savings and investments.


360-4 Practicum in Vocational Education. Pre-student teaching clinical experiences in business education which develop an understanding of and techniques for working with economically disadvantaged students and give the prospective business education teacher an awareness of the needs of the disadvantaged youth and the techniques used in meeting these needs of these particular youth.

402-4 Teaching Typewriting and Office Practice. Instructional procedures, skill-building principles and techniques, the selection and the preparation of instructional materials, the standards of achievement, and the evaluation of pupil performance. Prerequisite: 9 hours of typing or 304, 341 or equivalent.


408-4 Teaching Data Processing and Bookkeeping. Instructional procedures, analysis and selection of materials, preparation of a teaching unit in data processing, and evaluation of pupil performance.

414-6 (3,3) Organization and Administration of Cooperative Vocational Business Education Programs. Philosophy and objectives of cooperative vocational programs, methods of selecting students and work stations, placing and supervising students on part-time jobs, preparation of instructional materials, job analyses, conducting related information courses, evaluating workers and work stations, advisory committees, and public relations aspects of cooperative programs.

415-6 Supervised Business Experience and Related Study. Classroom study of the principles and problems of coordinating in-school and cooperative vocational business education programs, with analysis and evaluation of on-the-job experiences of the members of the class in relation to their future work as coordinators and vocational teachers.

500-4 Contemporary Problems in Business Education.

502-4 Introduction to Research in Business Education.

503-4 Tests and Measurements in Business Education.

505-4 Observation and Analysis of Business and Industry.

506-4 Machine Shorthand.

507-4 New Media and Business Education.

507-4 Teaching Data Processing.

508-4 Administration and Supervision in Business Education.

509-4 Improvement of Instruction in General (Basic) Business Subjects.

510-4 Improvements of Instruction in Secretarial Subjects.

530-4 to 6 Research Seminar in Business Education.

550-4 History and Philosophy of Vocational Education.

560-2 Problem Seminar in Business Education.

590-2 to 5 Readings in Business Education.

591-2 to 5 Individual Research in Business Education.

599-1 to 9 Thesis.
Course Descriptions

Chemistry

105–5 Introduction to Chemistry. Preparation for university chemistry course. Mathematical techniques and problem solving; fundamental chemical terms, concepts, and laws. For students who do not have the basics of high school chemistry. Grades are Pass or Fail. May not be applied to a primary or a secondary concentration in chemistry. Three lecture, one quiz, three laboratory hours per week. Prerequisite: one year high school algebra or Mathematics 101.

110–4 General and Inorganic Chemistry. A brief introduction to the structure of the atom and chemical bonding; acids, bases, salts, and pH; and a study of the properties and reactions of some of the more common elements. Three lecture and three laboratory hours per week. Not applicable to a primary concentration or to a secondary concentration in chemistry. GSD 114a or equivalent.

125–10 (5,5) Chemical Structure and Dynamics. University-level treatment of modern chemistry. (a) Atomic structure, molecular bonding and structure, and states of matter. Four lecture and three laboratory hours per week. (b) Solutions, equilibrium calculations, kinetics, and oxidation-reduction. Laboratory work includes qualitative analysis. Three lecture and six laboratory hours per week. Prerequisite for a: 105 or one year high school chemistry; for b: 125a.

135–5 General Quantitative Analysis. Introduction to theories and methods of volumetric and gravimetric techniques. Three lecture and six laboratory hours per week. Prerequisite: 125b.

240–4 Organic Chemistry. Primarily for students of nursing. An introduction to aliphatic and aromatic compounds with emphasis on those of biological importance. Three lecture and three laboratory hours per week. Not applicable to a concentration or to a secondary concentration in chemistry. Prerequisite: 110 or 125b.

261–3 Chemical Energetics and Kinetics. Introduction to the principles of chemical thermodynamics, kinetics, and spectroscopy. Three lecture hours per week. Prerequisites: 125b, concurrent enrollment in Mathematics 150a.

305–6 (3,3) Organic Chemistry, Preprofessional. For secondary concentration in chemistry and preprofessional students. Three lecture hours per week. Prerequisite: 125b.

311–3 Inorganic Chemistry. Introduction to theories of bonding and structure: descriptive chemistry of less familiar elements, coordination compounds, and organometallics. Three lecture hours per week. Prerequisite: 125b.

341–9 (3,3,3) Organic Chemistry. Three lecture hours per week. Must be taken in a,b,c sequence. Prerequisite: 125b.

345–6 (2,2,2) Organic Chemistry Laboratory. Must be taken in a,b,c sequence. Prerequisite: 305a or 341a.

361–9 (3,3,3) Physical Chemistry. Chemical thermodynamics, equilibrium, and kinetics; behavior of gases; atomic and molecular structure; electrochemistry. Three lecture hours per week. Must be taken in a,b,c sequence. Prerequisites: 135, 12 hours of physics, one year of calculus.

375–0 to 3 Chemistry Seminar. One lecture hour per week. Prerequisite: senior standing.

396–2 Introduction to Research. Investigation of relatively simple research problems in chemistry under the direction of a staff member. Prerequisites: 3.0 average in chemistry courses, prior arrangement with a staff member, consent of chemistry faculty chairman.

411–4 Physical Inorganic Chemistry. Modern inorganic chemistry including symmetry, atomic structure, chemical bonds, and stereochemistry of complex ions and metal chelates. Four lecture hours per week. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment in 461b.

412–3 Inorganic Preparations. A study of several important types of inorganic syntheses. One lecture and six laboratory hours per week. Prerequisites: 135, 345b.

419–2 Special Topics in Inorganic Chemistry. The topic to be covered is announced by the faculty. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

432–8 (4,4) Instrumental Analytical Measurements. Theory and practice of instrumental analytical measurements, including spectrophotometric, electro-
analytical, and chromatographic methods. Two lecture and six laboratory hours per week. Prerequisite: 461b or concurrent enrollment.

439-2 Special Topics in Analytical Chemistry. The topic to be covered is announced by the faculty. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

443-3 Organic Reactions. An intermediate course with emphasis on monofunctional compounds. Additional topics, not included in elementary courses. Three lecture hours per week. Prerequisite: 341c.

446-4 Qualitative Organic Analysis. A systematic study of the separation and identification of organic compounds by a procedure based on solubility and classification reagents. Two lecture and six laboratory hours per week. Prerequisites: 346c and 305b or 341c.

449-2 Special Topics in Organic Chemistry. The topic to be covered is announced by the faculty. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

451-6 (3,3) Biochemistry. (a) Carbohydrates, lipids, amino acids and proteins, nucleic acids and nucleo-proteins, enzymes. (b) Vitamins and coenzymes, metabolism of carbohydrates, lipids, amino acids and proteins, energy metabolism, hormones. Must be taken in a,b sequence. Three lecture hours per week. Prerequisite: 135, 305b or 341c.

455-2 (1,1) Experimental Methods in Biochemistry. (a) Some modern separation techniques. (b) Biochemical preparations, syntheses, and methods of identification. Three laboratory hours per week. Prerequisites: 345b, concurrent enrollment in 451a.

459-2 Special Topics in Biochemistry. The topic to be covered is announced by the faculty. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

460-5 Physical Chemistry, Preprofessional. For secondary concentrations in chemistry and preprofessional students. Suggested for B.S. in Education degree. Traditional and biological aspects of physical chemistry without the requirement of calculus. Four lecture, three laboratory hours per week. Prerequisites: 135, 305b or 341c, 345b, and one year of physics.

461-9 (3,3,3) Physical Chemistry. Chemical thermodynamics, equilibrium, and kinetics; behavior of gases; atomic and molecular structure; electrochemistry. Three lecture hours per week. Must be taken in a,b,c sequence. Prerequisites: 135, 12 hours of physics, one year of calculus.

464-3 Intermediate Physical Chemistry. Intermediate between the first year of undergraduate physical chemistry and advanced physical chemistry. Three lecture hours per week. Prerequisite: 461c.

465-3 (1,1,1) Physical Chemistry Laboratory. Three laboratory hours per week. Must take in sequence. Prerequisites: concurrent enrollment in 345a and 461a.

469-2 Special Topics in Physical Chemistry. The topic to be covered is announced by the faculty. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

486-15 Argonne Quarter. Intensive course work and original research under the direction of Argonne National Laboratory staff to be taken in residence at the Laboratory. Prerequisites: senior standing, 4.0 average, consent of faculty chairman, prior approval of application by Argonne National Laboratory.

490-2 Chemical Literature. A study description of the various sources of chemical information and the techniques for carrying out literature searches. Two lecture hours per week. Prerequisites: 135, 305b or 341c, reading knowledge of German or consent of instructor.

495-2 to 6 Chemical Problems. Investigation of chemical problems under the direction of a staff member. Prerequisites: senior standing, concentration in chemistry with 4.0 average, consent of faculty chairman.

511-3 Advanced Inorganic Chemistry.

517-3 Laboratory Techniques in Inorganic Chemistry.

518-2 to 30 (2 to 6 per quarter) Advanced Topics in Inorganic Chemistry.

531-3 Theory of Quantitative Analysis.

539-2 to 30 (2 to 6 per quarter) Advanced Topics in Analytical Chemistry.

541-3 Advanced Organic Chemistry.

547-3 to 6 Advanced Laboratory Preparations in Organic Chemistry.

549-2 to 30 (2 to 6 per quarter) Advanced Topics in Organic Chemistry.

551-3 Advanced Biochemistry.

559-2 to 30 (2 to 6 per quarter) Advanced Topics in Biochemistry.

561-3 Chemical Thermodynamics.

562-3 Atomic and Molecular Structure.

569-2 to 30 (2 to 6 per quarter) Advanced Topics in Physical Chemistry.

575-0 to 3 Graduate Seminar.

586-1 to 2 Advanced Chemical Problems.

597-3 to 15 Research and Thesis.
Course Descriptions

Colloquium

300-1 to 4 Student Colloquium. Student-initiated, student-developed, student-run experimental colloquia. Credit offerings for innovative and experimental student-run courses not otherwise available in the university curriculum. Prerequisite: sophomore standing.

Comparative Literature

410-20 (4,4,4,4) Comparative Literature: Genres. (a) lyric and epic poetry. (b) drama. (c) prose. (d) tragedy. (e) novel. 499-4 Traditional Themes of World Literature. Prerequisites: any course in comparative literature and a course in English, foreign, or comparative literature.

Counselor Education

305-4 Educational Psychology. Study of the learner and the learning process. Includes study of behavior, discipline, development, the school environment, application of learning theories, and methods of assessment. Prerequisite: GSB 201c.

410-4 (2,2) Dynamics of Campus Leadership. An organized presentation of accurate information about the University's historical development and plans for future growth, organizational structure, philosophy, administrative policies, and goals with emphasis on the role of student groups in the educational community. (a) Elected or potential student leaders. (b) Resident assistants. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

422-4 Educational Measurements. Study of the philosophy and techniques of measurements. Special attention to statistical foundations of and use of teacher-made tests. Prerequisite: 305.

426-4 Individual Inventory. Procedures for studying individual pupils and their problems for guidance purposes. Emphasis on interview, observation, rating, case study, cumulative record, etc. Prerequisite: 422.

483-6 Community Programs for the Prevention of Juvenile Delinquency. Analysis of delinquency prevention in community programs administered by the public schools, social welfare, governmental agencies. A study of the various categories of juvenile delinquency is applied to a critique of existing programs and to the development of experimental programs. The roles of professional workers pertinent to such programs is delineated with special reference to the public school administration, counselor, the social workers, the correctional officers, and police. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

485-4 to 9 Workshop in Educational Utilization of Community Resources.

501-2 to 8 Special Research Problems.

510-4 College Student Personnel Services.

511-4 Educational Implications of Learning Theories.

515-4 Psychological Aspects of Education.

519-4 Statistical Methods.

520-8 (4,4) Educational Statistics and Experimental Design.

522-4 Advanced Educational Testing.

525-4 Behavior Problems and Their Prevention.

526-4 Elementary School Counseling.

528-4 Counseling with Children.

535-4 Introduction to Individual Measurement.

536a-4 Appraisal of Intelligence: Child.

536b-4 Appraisal of Intelligence: Child and Adult.

536c-4 Appraisal of Intelligence.

537-4 Counseling Theory and Practice I.

538-4 Counseling Theory and Practice II.

541-4 Occupations and Careers.

542-4 Basic Principles of Guidance.

543-4 Group Counseling.

545a-2 to 4 Seminar: Problems in Guidance.

545b-2 to 4 Seminar: Learning and Communication.
431-3 Public Finance II. State and Local. Prerequisite: 330.
432-3 Fiscal Policy of the United States. Countercyclical, secular, and emergency use of government expenditures, debt, and taxes.
433-4 An Introduction to Urban Economics. The economic causes of urban growth and the economic-social problems which rapid unregulated growth creates. The growth of cities including a study of location theory, the effects
of agglomeration, the structure of the economic base, and regional income accounting. A solution to the problems of cities including a designation of goals to eliminate the misuse of resources and an examination of possible techniques to attain these goals. Prerequisites: 200, 201.

436–3 Government and Labor. A study of labor relations and legislation considering both constitutional and economic aspects. Prerequisites: 200, 201.

441–4 Intermediate Macro Theory. Basic analytical concepts of the modern theory of aggregative income. Prerequisite: 200, 201 or consent of instructor.

450–6 (3,3) History of Economic Thought. The development of economic thought; (a) ancients to 1850; (b) 1850 to present. Must be taken in a,b sequence. Prerequisites: 200, 201.

465–4 Mathematical Economics I. A systematic survey of mathematical economic theory. Conditions of static equilibrium (including stability conditions), dynamic models using difference equations, and linear production models of input-output analysis and activity analysis (linear programming). Prerequisites: 440, consent of instructor.

467–4 Econometrics I. Introduction to resource allocation under uncertainty. Probabilistic economic models, theory of games and economic choices, and stochastic economic processes. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

472–4 Dynamic Economics: Fluctuations and Growth. A study of the causal factors which produce fluctuations in economic activity and/or growth. An identification of the factors which affect the length of the cycle, its amplitude, and the stability or instability of equilibrium. An examination of the theories and issues of economic growth. Prerequisite: 441 or consent of instructor.

473–4 Business Enterprise and Public Policy. Some of the major problems of social control of business arising out of the operation of business in modern society: types of control, necessity, and effects of controls. Prerequisite: senior standing.

481–3 Comparative Economic Systems. Capitalism, socialism, fascism, and other forms of the economy. Prerequisites: 200, 201.

501–1 to 5 Economic Readings.

504–4 Economic Analysis.

505–4 Theory of the Firm.

512–4 Labor Economics.

516–4 Econometrics II.

517–4 Monetary Theory and Policy.

519–4 Economic Growth.

520–4 Economic Development Theory and Policy.


533–4 Public Finance Theory and Practice.


542–4 Price Theory.

543–4 Seminar in Economic Policy.

561–4 Advanced Topics in Economic History.

566–4 Mathematical Economics II.

582–4 Economic Behavior.

591–4 Seminar in Analytical Approaches to Economic Decisions.

599–1 to 9 Thesis.

Education Reading

337–4 Reading in the Elementary Schools. The principles of reading, factors that condition reading, together with grade placement of aims and materials; diagnostic and remedial treatment. Prerequisites: Elementary Education 314, 316.

Educational Administration

501–4 Seminar in Educational Administration.
505-1 to 8 Current Problems in Educational Administration.
511-12 (4,4,4) Internship Practicum.
517-4 Research Seminar in Educational Administration.
518-4 Cases and Simulation in Administrative Decision-Making.
519-4 Legal Basis of American Education.
524-4 Fundamentals of Educational Administration.
525-1 to 4 School Personnel Administration.
532-4 Public Opinion, Propaganda, and Education.
533-4 School Facility Planning.
534-4 School Finance.
535-4 School Business Administration.
536-4 Introduction to Systems Analysis in Educational Organization and Administration.
537-4 Community Junior College Curriculum.
553-2 to 12 Practicum in Urban Education.
555-4 Educational Supervision.
556-4 Seminar in Educational Supervision.
557-4 Elementary School Organization and Administration.
563-4 School Public Relations.
564-4 Secondary School Organization and Administration.
575a-k-2 to 4 each Individual Research.
580-4 Research Seminar in Urban Education.
596-5 to 9 Field Study.
599-3 to 9 Thesis.

Elementary Education

203-4 Understanding the Elementary School Child. Concepts needed to understand the child in the elementary school situation. Three hours lecture and two hours observation. Prerequisite: GSB 201c.
314-4 Elementary School Methods. The fundamental principles of education, the interpretation of current educational theory and practice, the processes of teaching and learning involved in elementary education. Prerequisite: Counselor Education 305.
316-4 Kindergarten-Primary Methods. Philosophy and principles underlying the teaching of four-to-eight-year-olds. Emphasis upon organization, equipment, materials, and methods for promoting growth of young children. Prerequisite: Counselor Education 305.
350-4 to 12 Kindergarten-Primary Student Teaching. Prerequisites: Counselor Education 305, Elementary Education 316, approval of elementary education adviser.
351-4 to 16 Elementary Student Teaching. Prerequisites: Counselor Education 305, Elementary Education 314, consent of elementary education adviser.
413-4 Children’s Literature. Emphasizes types of literature, analysis of literary qualities, and selection and presentation of literature for children. Not for students who have had English 213. Prerequisite: Counselor Education 305.
415-4 Teaching Mathematics in the Elementary School. Items to be taught, the grade placement of content, newer instructional practices and materials of instruction, and means of evaluating achievement. Prerequisites: 314, GSD 112.
433-4 Problems in Elementary Education. Meets needs of in-service teachers in such areas as curriculum adjustment, remedial teaching, child development, and early childhood education.
437-4 Problems in Reading. Practices and trends in the teaching of reading; materials of instruction in reading; particularly remedial materials; techniques and materials for prevention of reading difficulties; diagnosis and remediation of reading difficulties. Prerequisites: 337, senior standing. Not open to students having had 505.
443-4 Social Studies in the Elementary School. Organization of material for teaching purposes, techniques of classroom presentation, bibliographies or
materials, use of audio and visual aids to instruction, and techniques for evaluating student progress. Readings, lectures, and discussions related to required teaching experience.

470-3 Workshop in Sex Education for Elementary Teachers. (Same as Health Education 470.) Designed to encourage elementary school teachers to integrate sex education concepts into their teaching program. Current theories and knowledge concerning the psychosocial aspects of the maturation process are related to the content used for teaching pupils at various grade levels. Specialists in psychology, public health, and social welfare offer a multi-discipline approach to help teachers plan a program based upon characteristics and needs of pupils.

480-4 Backgrounds of Urban Education. (See Educational Administration 480 and Secondary Education 480.)

505-4 Improvement of Reading Instruction.

507-2 to 4 Readings in Reading.

509-4 to 8 Practicum in Reading.

513-4 Materials and Methods for the Assessment of the Disabled Reader.

514-4 Organization and Administration of Reading Programs.

515-4 Problems in Elementary School Mathematics.

518-2 to 4 Supervision of Student Teachers.

521-12 (4,4,4) Diagnosis and Correction of Reading Disabilities.

533-2 to 12 Practicum in Urban Education.

541-4 Curriculum Problems in Elementary School Science.

542-4 Language Arts in the Elementary School.

544-4 Investigation in Elementary School Social Studies.

559-4 Instructional Leadership in Elementary Education.

561-4 The Elementary School Curriculum.

567-12 (4,4,4) Teaching Competencies and Their Application.

585a-k-2 to 4 each Individual Research.

586-4 Research Seminar in Urban Education.

588-4 Advanced Research in Elementary Education.

596-5 to 9 Field Study.

599-3 to 9 Thesis.

Engineering

101-9 (3,3,3) Engineering Graphics. (a) Basic principles of graphic communications. Pictorial projection, sections and conventions, dimensioning auxiliary views, freehand lettering, and sketching. (b) Graphical solution of problems involving the understanding of the space relationships of points, lines, and planes; intersections and developments. (c) Auxiliary views, threads and fasteners, dimensioning. Laboratory must be taken in a,b,c sequence.

200-9 (3,3,3) Circuit Analysis. Integrated study of circuits AC, DC, and nonsinusoidal; network theorems and introductory transient analysis. Must be taken in a,b,c sequence. Prerequisite: Mathematics 150a.

201-2 Circuit Analysis Laboratory. Laboratory experiments exemplify the material covered in 200. Laboratory procedures, techniques of measurement, and report writing are stressed. Prerequisites: 200a, concurrent enrollment in 200c.

220-3 Electrical Circuits. DC and AC electrical circuits, including network models, Kirchhoff's laws, mesh current equations, superposition theorem, phasors, rms values, AC power, and the Fourier Series. Not for electronic engineering concentrations. Prerequisites: Mathematics 150b, concurrent enrollment in 221.

221-1 Electrical Circuits Laboratory. Laboratory study of DC and AC circuits, illustrating principles discussed in 220. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment in 220.

230-3 Engineering Geology. Geological principles governing the solution of civil engineering problems which are connected with the use and occurrence of rocks, minerals, soils, and water in the design and construction of engineering works.

260-8 (4,4) Engineering Mechanics. Study of forces, moments, equilibrium equations; structural mechanics, friction, centroids, first and second moments of lines, areas, volumes. Kinematics of particles and rigid bodies, moving coordinate systems. Dynamics of particles and rigid bodies, using Newton's
laws, momentum, and energy methods. Vector algebra and calculus used throughout. Must be taken in a,b,c sequence. Prerequisite: Mathematics 250.


300-3 Thermodynamics. Elements of classical thermodynamics. Laws of thermodynamics and applications to open and closed systems. Introduction to statistical thermodynamics and its relationship to macroscopic properties of matter and transformation of energy. Prerequisites: Mathematics 305, Physics 211b.

301-3 (1,1,1) Junior Electronic Engineering Laboratory. Laboratory experiments which exemplify the material covered in junior electronics engineering courses. Characteristics of active devices and their uses, laboratory procedures, and measurement techniques. Prerequisites: 290c, 201.

314-6 (3,3) Soils Engineering. Sampling, identification, classification, and testing of soils. (a) Theories and measurement of essential properties, such as moisture, strength, permeability, and seepage. (b) Soil-bearing capacity and earth pressures as related to pile and pier foundations, stability of slopes, retaining walls, and abutments. Must be taken in a,b,c sequence. Prerequisite: 270.

315-3 Substructure Analysis. Site investigations; principles of settlements; principles of design of pile foundations; study of cofferdams, caissons, piers, abutments, and underpinning. Prerequisites: 311, 312, concurrent enrollment in 314.

320-3 Electronic Circuits. Active networks including physics of tubes and transistors, biasing of active devices, simple amplifier circuits, R-C coupled amplifiers, basic oscillators, feedback circuits. For electronic engineering concentrations. Prerequisite: 220.

321-1 Electronic Circuits Laboratory. Laboratory study of active networks illustrating principles discussed in 320. Prerequisites: 220, concurrent enrollment in 320.

325-4 Physical Electronics. Solid-state physics as applied to band theory of semiconductor devices; electron emission; diffusion and mobility of electrons and holes; selected topics in charged particle dynamics and statistical mechanics; analysis of some new semiconductor devices. Prerequisites: 200, Mathematics 305, Physics 300.


330-8 (4,4) Engineering Electromagnetics. (a) Static electric and magnetic fields theory including field distributions and experimental field mapping methods. The formulation of Maxwell’s equations in time-varying form and the retarded potentials. (b) Guided wave theory including transmission lines, waveguides, and miscellaneous guided wave systems. Introduction to coupled transmission lines and backward waves. Must be taken in a,b sequence. Prerequisites: Mathematics 350b, Physics 211c.

340-8 (4,4) Structural Analysis and Design I, II. (a) Analysis of statically determinate structures; reactions, shears, bending moments, and direct stresses due to fixed and moving loads; influence lines and leading criteria for beams and framed structures. (b) Computation of beam deflections; statically indeterminate analysis by moment areas, consistent deflection, and moment distribution. Must be taken in a,b sequence. Prerequisites: 280, 311, Mathematics 305.

351-3 Linear Systems Analysis. Introduction to the analytical tools available for study of the input-output relations of linear systems. Classification of systems, time and frequency domain techniques for both continuous and discrete systems, and signal flow graphs. Prerequisites: 200, Mathematics 305 or concurrent enrollment.
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<th>Course Descriptions</th>
<th>Engineering / 123</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>352-3 Stochastic Processes.</strong> Introduction to probability, stochastic processes, and methods of representing stochastic signals. Processing of stochastic signals, noise, and introduction to detection theory. Prerequisite: 351.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>363-9 (3,3,3) Surveying.</strong> (a) Use and care of surveying instruments. Fundamental principles of surveying, computations, land surveying. (b) Field astronomy, route surveying, introduction to photogrammetry, hydrographic surveying, and subsurface surveys. (c) Techniques in the use of air photos as source material for research in the physical and social sciences. Laboratory. Prerequisite for a and b: GSD 114c; for c: 363b, consent of instructor.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>370-4 Engineering Materials.</strong> Quantitative and qualitative behavior of materials as related to the structure of solids. Specification and determination of material constants for mechanical, electrical, magnetic, chemical, and thermal properties of materials. Laboratory demonstrations and experiments where necessary. Prerequisites: 260a, Mathematics 350a.</td>
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<td><strong>375-0 to 6 Seminar.</strong> Prerequisite: junior or senior standing.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>380-12 (4,4,4) Environmental Engineering I, II, III.</strong> (a) The scientific foundation of environmental engineering: air, water, and soil pollution problems and general approach to control and treatment. (b) Planning and design of water supplies, distribution systems, sewers, and waste eater treatment facilities. (c) Control of industrial wastes and by-products to reduce air, water, and soil pollution. Must be taken in a,b,c sequence. Prerequisite: junior or senior standing.</td>
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<td><strong>395-2 to 8 Readings in Engineering.</strong> Supervised reading in selected subjects. Prerequisites: junior or senior standing, concentration in engineering, consent of chairman.</td>
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<td><strong>410-8 (4,4) Electron Devices.</strong> Study of active networks utilizing transistors and tubes from both analytic and synthetic points of view. Audio, video, operational, power amplifiers; IC, RC, and relaxation oscillators; power supplies; small-signal, large-signal, switching; wave shaping; analog and digital computing circuits. Prerequisites: 200, 201, 310, concurrent enrollment in 411.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>411-2 (1,1) Electron Devices Laboratory.</strong> Experiments to illustrate the analytic material in 410 and to provide experience in synthesizing active circuits. Prerequisites: 200, 201, 310, concurrent enrollment in 410.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>420-6 (3,3) Transport Phenomena.</strong> Principles and mechanism of energy, mass, and momentum transport. (a) Molecular motion, laminar flow of a continuum, and transport in solids. (b) Turbulent flow, inter-phase transport, radiative transfer, and macroscopic balances of mass, energy, and momentum. Scheduled laboratory projects. Prerequisites: 270, 300, 370.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>421-1 Fluid Dynamics Laboratory.</strong> Laboratory experiments and projects to study the flow of fluids in free flow, conduits, and porous media. Dynamic similitude and basic concepts of laminar flow, boundary layers, turbulence, and energy dissipation. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment in 420.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>423-3 Hybrid Computation.</strong> The simultaneous use of the analog and the digital computer for the solution of engineering problems. Scaling of problems. Block diagrams and logic are stressed. Linear and nonlinear differential equations. Simulation as well as iterative analog computation are covered. Prerequisite: Mathematics 225.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>440-8 (4,4) Structural Analysis and Design III, IV.</strong> (a) Design of members in tension and in compression, built-up flexural members; study of structural connections. Laboratory. (b) Design project under supervision. Laboratory. Must be taken in a,b sequence. Prerequisite: 340.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>442-4 Concrete Structures.</strong> The mechanics of reinforced and prestressed concrete structural elements with emphasis on ultimate strength and time-dependent behavior. Systematic procedures for member checking and member design, with emphasis on design criteria. Detailing, formwork design, and</td>
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construction procedures for in situ and precast reinforced and prestressed concrete. Prerequisite: 440.

443-6 (3,3) Engineering Design. Principles of engineering design. Individual laboratory projects of a research design or development nature to study systems simulation or instrumentation are selected by the student. Prerequisite: 410.

460-8 (4,4) Engineering Analysis for Decision Making. (a) Introduction to fundamental concepts and theorems of engineering analysis with emphasis on the theory of linear, dynamic, and integer programming. Network analysis, inventory theory, simplex and revised simplex method, and dual theorem. (b) Introduction to advanced linear programming, nonlinear, probabilistic, and stochastic programming.


470-12 (4,4,4) Geodesy. (a) Geometry of the ellipsoid; geodetic systems; geodetic curves; computations of coordinates, distances, and azimuths. (b) Astrog eo de tic methods; potential theory, Laplace and Poisson equations, spherical harmonics; gravity potential, (c) Reductions of gravity; introduction to satellite geodesy; world geodetic systems. Prerequisite for a: Mathematics 350a; for b: Mathematics 405a.

472-3 Digital Computers in Research. Basic foundations used in operations research. An intensive study in the use of digital computers as related to topics such as probability and statistics, matrices, game theory, Monte Carlo techniques, distribution and scheduling problems, and simulation. Prerequisite: Mathematics 225.

475-3 Transportation Engineering. Fundamentals of transportation system planning, analysis, design, and development. Selected topics in highway, air, rail, and sea transport including system simulations, network flow, optimization techniques, traffic flow theory, and economic analysis of transportation systems. Prerequisite: Mathematics 305.

476-3 Highway Planning and Design. The development and application of concepts of modern highway planning and design for rural and urban transportation systems. Prerequisite: 475.

477-3 Construction Engineering. Application of engineering principles to modern methods of construction; office and field procedures; construction planning including elements of critical path scheduling. Linear programming, and computer methods for civil engineering, design, and simulation. Prerequisite: Mathematics 305.

480-8 (4,4) Urban Systems Engineering. (a) Methods of systems analysis and mathematical modeling of complex civil engineering projects in urban areas, such as transportation networks, refuse disposal, or water supplies. (b) Techniques of computer simulation of problems, or projects, of urban areas with study of the analysis and the design of typical modern urban systems. Must be taken in a,b sequence. Prerequisites: Mathematics 305, consent of the instructor.

485-4 Communication Theory. Frequency and time domain, discrete and continuous spectra, sampling theory, amplitude and frequency modulation, random signal theory, ergodic processes, autocorrelation functions, white noise, networks with random inputs, signal-to-noise ratio, equivalent-noise bandwidth. Laboratory demonstrations and exercises. Prerequisite: 410a.

490-4 Microwave Theory and Techniques. Study of transmission line theory, the Smith chart, scattering parameters, rectangular waveguides, cylindrical waveguides, cavity resonators, passive microwave devices, techniques of impedance matching, microwave ferrite devices, microwave tubes, and microwave solid-state devices. Prerequisites: 410a, Physics 305.

523-3 Digital Simulation Techniques.

524-6 (3,3) Linear and Non-Linear Programming.

525-3 Analog and Digital Methods.

526-3 Simulation and Data Processing.

531-8 (4,4) Operations Analysis and Synthesis.

533-3 Program Evaluation and Review Techniques.

550-3 to 6 Topics in Engineering.

560-8 (4,4) Automatic Control Theory.

590-2 to 4 Readings in Engineering Mathematics.
Course Descriptions

English

300-4 Principles of English Grammar. Required for English students. Others should take 391. Credit not allowed for both courses.
302-12 (4,4,4) Survey of English Literature. (a) Beginnings to 1660, excluding Milton, (b) 1660-1830, including Milton, (c) 1830 to present. May be taken in any sequence, but chronological sequence is recommended. Prerequisite: completion of GSC 200-level requirements.
309-8 (4) Survey of American Literature. (a) to 1860, (b) since 1860. May be taken in either sequence.
GSC 313-3 Folklore.
GSC 315-3 Studies in Biography.
320-4 Early Nineteenth-Century Poetry.
GSC 325-3 Afro-American Literature.
GSC 333-3 The Bible as Literature.
GSC 335-3 Studies in Short Fiction.
GSC 336-3 Studies in the Novel.
GSC 337-3 The English Language Heritage.
GSC 339-3 Classical Mythology and Its Influence.
365-4 Shakespeare.
391-3 Usage in Spoken and Written English. Usage and structure of English. Prerequisite to student teaching, except in English concentrations, which require 300.
392-3 Professional Writing I. Introductory course for undergraduates. Prerequisite to 492, but credit for the course does not constitute automatic admission to 492. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.
400-4 Introduction to English Linguistics. An introduction to the methods of descriptive linguistics as applied to English: the phonemics, morphemics, and syntax of English. Recommended for those preparing to teach English.
403-4 The History of the English Language. A survey of the development of the language from Indo-European to modern English with special emphasis on Middle and Early Modern English changes.
404-12 (4,4,4) Middle English Literature. (a) Middle English literature excluding Chaucer; (b) Chaucer: Canterbury Tales. (c) Chaucer: early poems and Troilus. May be taken separately.
405-4 (4,4) Descriptive Linguistics. (a) Phonetics and phonemics, an analysis of language structure from phone to phoneme; (b) morphology and syntax, an analysis of language structure from morph to sentence, with emphasis on immediate constituent analysis. May be taken separately. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.
412-16 (4,4,4,4) English Nondramatic Literature. (a) 16th century, (b) 17th century, (c) 18th century, (d) 1744-1798. May be taken separately.
420-8 (4,4) American Poetry. (a) Trends in American poetry to 1900 with a critical analysis of the achievement of the more important poets. (b) the more important poets since 1900. May be taken separately. Prerequisite: 309a or 309b.
421-16 (4,4,4,4) English Poetry. (a) Early Romantics: major emphasis on general background and on Blake, Coleridge, and Wordsworth; (b) later Romantics: emphasis on Byron, Shelley, and Keats, the minor figures; (c) Victorian poets: Tennyson, Browning, Arnold, and other poets of England, 1830-1900; (d) modern British poets. May be taken separately.
431-12 (4,4,4) Major American Writers. Significant writers of fiction and non-fictional prose from the Puritans to the 20th century. (a) 1620-1800, (b) 1800-1865 (c) 1865-1915. May be taken separately.
438-4 Intellectual Backgrounds of American Literature. The relationship of basic ideas in America to American literature. Prerequisite: 309a or 309b.
442-4 Romantic Prose. Fiction of Austen, Scott, Mary Shelley, Peacock, the Gothic novelists; prose of Lamb, Landor, Hazlitt, DeQuincey; criticism, journals, and letters.
443-4 Victorian Prose. The chief writers of nonfictional prose from the late romantics to 1900. Prerequisite: 302c.
447-4 American Humor and Satire. A consideration of the writers and forms of 19th and 20th century humor.

454-12 (4,4,4) English Fiction. (a) 18th century: Defoe through Jane Austen, (b) Victorian novel: 1830–1900, (c) 20th century. May be taken separately.

456-4 Modern Continental Fiction. Selected major works of European authors such as Mann, Silone, Camus, Kafka, Maupassant, Hesse.

458-8 (4,4) American Fiction. (a) The novel in America from its beginnings to the early 20th century. (b) trends and techniques in the American novel and short story since 1914. May be taken separately.

460-16 (4,4,4,4) English Drama. (a) Elizabethan drama: from the beginning of the drama in late Middle Ages through its flowering in such Elizabethan playwrights as Greene, Peele, Kyd, Marlowe, Heywood, Dekker, but excluding Shakespeare; (b) Jacobean drama: the Jacobean and Caroline playwrights: Jonson, Webster, Marston, Middleton, Beaumont and Fletcher, Massinger, Ford, Shirley; (c) Restoration and 18th century drama: after 1660, representative types of plays from Dryden to Sheridan; (d) modern British drama. May be taken separately.

464-4 Modern Continental Drama. The continental drama of Europe since 1870; representative plays of Scandinavia, Russia, Germany, France, Italy, Spain, and Portugal.

468-4 American Drama. The rise of the theater in America, with readings of plays, chiefly modern. Prerequisite: 309a or 309b.

471-8 (4,4) Shakespeare. (a) Comedies and histories, (b) tragedies and non-dramatic works. May be taken separately. Prerequisite: completion of second-level GSC requirements.


485-4 Problems in the Teaching of English. Aims, methods, materials, tests, programs, and other aspects of English instruction in the high school.

486-2 to 8 Workshop in High School English. Intensive study in lectures, laboratory, conferences, to arrive at agreement on the teaching of English in high school. Curriculum, materials, methods, aims. Directed by competent authorities in the field.


488-9 (3,3,3) Methods of Teaching English as a Foreign Language. (a) Classroom techniques, (b) laboratory methods, (c) preparation of materials. Restricted to English as a foreign language and must be taken in a,b,c sequence.

490-4 Advanced Composition. Expository writing. Prerequisites: completion of second-level GSC requirements, junior standing.

492-4 Professional Writing II. Must be taken in a,b sequence. Prerequisite: 392 or consent of instructor.

495-8 (4,4) Literary Criticism. (a) History of criticism: ideas and techniques from Aristotle to the end of the 19th century, (b) modern criticism: recent critics and critical attitudes, and practice in writing criticism.

496-6 Readings in English. For English students only. Departmental approval required. No more than 4 hours may be taken in any one quarter.

500-4 Materials and Methods of Research in English.

501-4 Old English Grammar.

502-4 Beowulf.

504-4 Advanced English Syntax.

505-4 Contrastive Linguistic Structures.

506-4 or 8 Studies in Chaucer.

509-4 or 8 Studies in Middle English Literature.

511-4 or 8 Studies in the Renaissance.

513-4 or 8 Studies in 17th Century Literature.

514-4 or 8 Studies in Restoration and 18th Century Literature.

518-4 to 8 Studies in English Literature, 1885–1914.

519-4 or 8 Studies in Contemporary British Literature.

520-4 or 8 Studies in Romantic Writers.

521-4 or 8 Studies in Victorian Poetry.

524-4 or 8 Studies in the Metaphysical Poets.

531-4 or 8 Studies in American Colonial Period.
Course Descriptions

532-4 or 8 Studies in American Transcendentalism.
534-4 or 8 Studies in Early 19th Century American Writers.
536-4 or 8 Studies in Later 19th Century American Writers.
537-4 or 8 Studies in 20th Century American Writers.
538-4 or 8 Problems in American Literature.
540-4 Studies in Linguistics. (Historical and Dialectal.)
543-4 or 8 Studies in Victorian Nonfiction Prose.
555-4 or 8 Studies in the Victorian Novel.
560-4 or 8 Studies in Renaissance Drama.
566-4 or 8 Studies in Shakespeare.
569-4 Seminar in Special Problems of English as a Foreign Language.
579-16 (4 or 8, 4 or 8) Studies in Modern Literature.
580-4 Traditional Themes.
581-12 (4,4,4) Problems in High School English.
585-4 Teaching College Composition.
587-4 Literature for Young People.
597-2 to 4 Readings in Linguistics.
599-2 to 9 Thesis.

Experiment in Higher Education

101a,b,c,d-1 to 18 per quarter, 201a,b,c,d-1 to 18 per quarter University Studies. General education course series for the E.H.E. designed to provide General Studies equivalence credits on the first and second levels. Prerequisite for 201: 101a,b,c,d.

Finance

320-4 Corporation Finance. A study of the principal duties of corporate financial officers and the problems of administrative financial management of business. Topics include planning, budgeting and control, external sources of capital. Prerequisites: Accounting 332, 333; Economics 200, 201.
420-4 Problems in Corporation Finance. Application of principles of finance to specific cases. Development of analytical ability and fuller comprehension of the nature of financial problems as encountered in business and industry by combining specific cases and collateral readings. Prerequisite: 320.
423-4 Commercial Banking Operations. The administration and operation of a commercial bank, including organization structure and asset management. Major problems are analyzed through the study of cases. Prerequisite: 420.
425-4 Investments. A survey of the investment field in theory and practice. Study of the state and federal agencies concerned with regulation of the issuance and exchange of securities in the interest of the investing public. The analysis of the particular types of investment securities and the bases for investment decisions and the management of investment portfolios. Prerequisite: 420.
520-4 Finance.
523-4 Financial Management.
528-4 Seminar in Finance.

Foreign Languages

The student who has completed one year of foreign language in high school usually begins with the first quarter of the first year course which is in General Studies. The student who has completed two years of high school foreign language usually begins with the intermediate course.

Students taking work in any first year college foreign language series should note that the first two terms are not counted as electives toward graduation unless the third term is also completed.
General Foreign Language

399-2 to 6 Readings. Readings in selected works of representative writers in the student's special field of interest. Offered in French, Spanish, German, Russian and Italian. May be taken for one, two, or three quarters. Primarily for students with no foreign language concentration, but may be taken for credit in foreign language concentration with consent. Prerequisites: 250, consent of faculty chairman.

435-4 to 8 Workshop in Elementary School Foreign Language Instruction. Designed to assist elementary school teachers in integrating foreign languages into their teaching program as well as to encourage high school teachers to introduce or supervise foreign languages at the elementary school level. To count as education or foreign languages. Prerequisite: basic language credit.

486-8 (4,4) Materials and Methods for Teaching Foreign Languages. Application of language learning principles to classroom procedures at different levels. Theory and practice of the audio-lingual approach, the language lab, applied linguistics. Required for all majors intending to teach foreign languages. Prerequisite: one quarter of any 300-level course, or consent.

French

123-3 (1,1,1) French Conversation. Conversation and oral drill taken with GSD 123 by students who wish additional oral training; elected only by students enrolled in GSD 123. May be taken separately.

130-6 Elementary Intensive French I. Intensive training in speaking and aural understanding. Open to Deans College students with no previous training in French, or by consent of foreign languages adviser. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment in 131.

131-6 Elementary Intensive French II. Intensive training in reading and writing. Open to Deans College students with no previous training in French, or by consent of foreign languages adviser. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment in 130.

230-6 Intermediate Intensive French I. Continuation of 130. Intensive training in understanding the spoken language and in the oral expression of ideas. Special attention to the role of French culture in world civilization. Prerequisites: 130, 131, concurrent enrollment in 231.

231-6 Intermediate Intensive French II. Continuation of 131. Development of reading comprehension and writing skills. Rapid reading of a variety of more difficult material. Writing of reports on various phases of French literature and culture. Prerequisites: 130, 131, concurrent enrollment in 230.


250-15 (5,5,5) Intermediate Comprehensive French. (a,b) Development of comprehension of the spoken language and oral expression, reading of modern prose selections, simple composition. (c) Extensive reading with discussion in French of reading selections and related compositions. Must be taken in a,b,c sequence. Prerequisite: GSD 123 or two years of high school French, or consent of faculty chairman.

301-12 (4,4,4) French Literature from the 18th Century to the Contemporary Period. (a) Montesquieu, Voltaire, Diderot, Rousseau, and others, with reference to the social, political, and philosophic environment of the 18th century. (b) 19th century romanticism, realism, and naturalism. (c) Representative works of the 20th century with special emphasis on the novel and drama. May be taken separately. Prerequisite: 250 or consent of faculty chairman.

311-9 (3,3,3) French Culture and Civilization. Analysis of significant aspects of French culture designed to improve intercultural understanding and to develop language skills. Oral discussions, readings, written reports, and laboratory practice. May be taken separately. Prerequisite: 250 or consent of faculty chairman.

329-12 (4,4) French Literature from the Middle Ages Through the 17th Century. (a) French literature from La Chanson De Roland to Francois Villon with special reference to the social, political, and cultural development of the Middle Ages. (b) Representative works of the Renaissance: Rabelais,
Montaigne, Marot, Ronsard, and others. (e) Corneille, Racine, Moliere, Pascal and other writers of the 17th century with reference to the political and social environment of the period. May be taken separately. Prerequisite: 250 or consent of faculty chairman.

451-6 (3,3) Advanced French Conversation and Composition. (a) Oral work of a practical nature for advanced students. Prerequisite: 250 or consent of faculty chairman. (b) Rapid grammar review, daily writing practice, controlled composition. Must be taken in a,b sequence.

461-4 French Stylistics. Study of writing style in French and its application to the development of skill in written expression. For those who wish to do advanced work in the principles of French grammar and composition. Prerequisite: 9 hours of 300-level courses or consent of faculty chairman.

499-2 to 9 Readings in French. Readings in selected areas of French language, literature, culture, and civilization. Individual work or small groups under direct supervision of one or more members of the foreign language faculty. Prerequisites: 250, consent of faculty chairman.

500-2 Seminar in Contemporary French Literature.
501-2 to 6 Seminar on a Selected French Author.
507-3 A Study of Romanticism.
510-4 19th Century Realism.
520-4 Graduate Composition and Diction.
544-4 French Language and Culture.
545-3 Applied Linguistics and Remedial Phonetics.
546-3 Professional Preparation.

German

126-3 (1,1,1) German Conversation. Conversation and oral drill taken with GSD 126 by students who wish additional oral training: elected only by students enrolled in GSD 126. May be taken separately.

250-15 (5,5,5) Intermediate Comprehensive German. (a,b) Development of comprehension of the spoken language and oral expression, reading of modern prose selections, simple composition. (c) Extensive reading with discussion in German of reading selections and related compositions. Must be taken in a,b,c sequence. Prerequisite: GSD 126 or two years high school German, or consent of faculty chairman.

254-4 Scientific German. Study of vocabulary and sentence construction as commonly found in German scientific writings. Prerequisite: one year of college German, or equivalent.

311-18 (3,3,3,3,3,3) German Culture and Civilization. Analysis of significant aspects of German culture designed to improve intercultural understanding and to develop language skills. (a) Beginnings to the Reformation. (b) The Reformation to the new Empire (1871). (c) Empire, Weimar Republic, and National Socialism. (d) The post-war years: collapse and renaissance. (e) Cultural life in the new Federal Republic. (f) The other German-speaking areas after 1945. May be taken separately. Prerequisites for a,b,c: German 250 or equivalent; for d,e,f: one quarter of any 300-level German course or equivalent.

313-12 (4,4,4) German Literature Before Romanticism. (a) The Old High German and Middle High German periods. (b) From the Ackermann in Bohmen to Johann Christian Gunther. (c) German literature from 1700 to the death of Schiller. May be taken separately. Prerequisite: 250 or consent of faculty chairman.

316-12 (4,4,4) German Literature from Romanticism to Modern Times. (a) Introduction to the background, personalities and works of the period from 1798 to Heine. (b) The leading 19th century realists from Drost-Hulshoff to Fontaine including the novel and drama of the period. (c) German literary masterpieces from naturalism to the present. May be taken separately. Prerequisite: 250 or consent of faculty chairman.

351-6 (3,3) Advanced German Conversation and Composition. (a) Oral work of a practical nature for advanced students. Prerequisite: 250 or consent of faculty chairman. (b) Rapid grammar review, daily writing practice, controlled composition. Must be taken in a,b sequence.
401-4 Faust. Analysis of both parts of Goethe's masterpiece, its background, meaning, and impact on world literature together with a general survey of the life and times of the author. Prerequisite: 250 or consent of faculty chairman.

408-4 German Civilization. Intensive study of the German-speaking areas of the world, with emphasis on the anthropological and sociological aspects of their respective cultures (Austrian, German, Swiss, "Reichs-deutsch," etc.); lectures, reports. Prerequisite: senior standing in German language.

413-3 German Linguistics. Introduction to comparative German linguistics tracing relationships among German languages on the basis of phonology, morphology, and syntax. Prerequisite: senior standing in German language.

451-6 (2,2,2) Seminar. Integration of the specialized major courses and the development of a comprehensive view of the major field in terms of its relationship to the growth of Western Civilization.

499-2 to 9 Readings in German. Readings in selected areas of German language, literature, culture, and civilization. Individual work or small groups under direct supervision of one or more members of the foreign language faculty. Prerequisites: 250, consent of faculty chairman.

500-2 Seminar in Contemporary Literature.

501-2 to 6 Seminar on a Selected German Author.

506-2 Romanticism I.

507-2 Romanticism II.

509-4 (2,2) Old High German.

512-3 19th Century German Novel.

513-3 Twentieth Century German Novel.

514-3 Seminar in Folklore.

Greek

499-24 (4,4,4,4,4) Readings in Ancient Greek. (a) Selected readings designed to develop basic lexical and structural competence. (b) Continuation of a. (c) Study of a selected masterpiece of Greek literature. (d) Masterpieces in history. (e) Poetry. (f) Philosophy. A,b,c must be taken in sequence; d,e,f may be taken separately. Prerequisite for a,b,c: one year of college study of another foreign language, or the equivalent, or consent of instructor; for d,e,f: a,b,c or consent of instructor.

Italian

144-3 (1,1,1) Italian Conversation. Taken with GSD 144 by students who wish additional oral training; elected only by students enrolled in GSD 144. May be taken separately.

250-15 (5,5,5) Intermediate Comprehensive Italian. (a,b) Development of comprehension of the spoken language and oral expression, reading of modern prose selections, simple composition. (c) Extensive reading with discussion in Italian of reading selections and related compositions. Must be taken in a,b,c sequence. Prerequisite: GSD 144 or two years high school Italian, or consent of faculty chairman.

499-2 to 9 Readings in Italian. Readings in selected areas of Italian language, literature, culture, and civilization. Individual work or small groups under direct supervision of one or more members of the foreign language faculty. Prerequisites: 250, consent of faculty chairman.

Latin

499-24 (4,4,4,4,4) Readings in Latin. Basic principles of the Latin language taught through reading selections from classical, mediaeval, and Renaissance Latin. For students specializing in Romance languages, English, history, or philosophy. (a) The Human Comedy: Aesopic fables by Odo, Phaedrus, Petronius, epigrams of Martial, humorous tales of shrewish women, and rogues from classical and mediaeval literature. (b) Loyalty and Love: Cicero on patriotism, on friendship; epitaphs; Apuleius: Love and the Soul; lyrics from Ovid, Catullus, Petrarch, Boccaccio. (c) Historical Selections: Joseph and his Brethren (the Vulgate); Alexander, King Lear (Geoffrey of Monmouth), Charlemagne (Einhard), Joan of Arc (Aeneas Silvius). Science and Discovery: Pliny's Natural History, Roger Bacon, Columbus' report on America, scientific method (quarrel of the seventeenth century). Philosophy:
A lcuin on inductive logic; Quintilian on education; Seneca on stoicism; Cicero on immortality. (d) Classical: Comedy by Plautus, selections from Livy's and Tacitus' histories; satire of Horace, Martial, and Juvenal, selections from philosophic works of Cicero, lyric and epic poetry. (e) Mediaeval: Romances, miracle plays, Dante's De Monarchia, selections from the Church Fathers, historical annals, religious and secular poetry. (f) Neo-Latin: Selections from the following translators into Latin of Greek authors: Valla's Iliad, Herodotus, and Thucydides; Ficino's Plato; Guarino's Plutarch; selections from religious writers: Melancthon, Beze, Zwingli, Hammer of Witches; writers on international law: Grofius; science: Copernicus, Galileo, Kepler, Linnæus, Harvey; Mathematics: Newton, Leibnitz, Pascal; and literary selections, prose and poetry; Falengo's Maccaroui, a,b,c must be taken in sequence; d,e,f may be taken separately. Prerequisite for a,b,c: one year of college study of another foreign language, or the equivalent, or consent of instructor; for d,e,f: a,b,c or two years high school Latin or consent of instructor.

Russian

136-3 (1,1,1) Russian Conversation. Conversation and oral drill taken with GSD 136 by students who wish additional oral training; elected only by students enrolled in GSD 136. May be taken separately.

250-15 (5,5,5) Intermediate Comprehensive Russian. (a,b) Development of comprehension of the spoken language and oral expression, reading of modern prose selections, simple composition. (c) Extensive reading with discussion in Russian of reading selections and related compositions. Must be taken in sequence. Prerequisite: GSD 136 or two years of high school Russian, or consent of faculty chairman.

499-2 to 9 Readings in Russian. Readings in selected areas of Russian language, literature, culture, and civilization. Individual work or small groups under direct supervision of one or more members of the foreign language faculty. Prerequisites: 250, consent of faculty chairman.

Spanish

140-3 (1,1,1) Spanish Conversation. Conversation and oral drill taken with GSD 140 by students who wish additional oral training; elected only by students enrolled in GSD 140. May be taken separately.

250-15 (5,5,5) Intermediate Comprehensive Spanish. (a,b) Development of comprehension of the spoken language and oral expression, reading of modern prose selections, simple composition. (c) Extensive reading with discussion in Spanish of reading selections and related compositions. Must be taken in sequence. Prerequisite: GSD 140 or two years of high school Spanish, or consent of chairman.

301-12 (4,4,4) Spanish Literature from the Medieval Period Through Romanticism. (a) Spanish literature from the 12th to the 18th century; the epic, El-Cantar De Cid, ballads, lyric poetry, chronicles and other prose works. (b) Representative works of the 16th and 17th centuries: Cervantes, Tirso de Molina, Lope de Vega, and others. (c) Romanticism in Spanish literature during the 18th and 19th centuries: Espronceda, Duque de Rivas, Jose Zorilla, and others. May be taken separately. Prerequisite: 250 or consent of faculty chairman.

304-8 (4,4) Modern Spanish Literature. (a) Spanish literature of the 19th century as influenced by trends of European thought of the period: Galdos, Bazan, Benavente, and others. (b) Spanish literature of the 20th century with emphasis on the novel, essay, and poetry: Unamuno, Ortego y Gasset, Garcia Lorca, and others. May be taken separately. Prerequisite: 250 or consent of faculty chairman.

311-9 (3,3,3) Spanish Culture and Civilization. Analysis of significant aspects of Spanish culture designed to improve intercultural understanding and to develop language skills. Oral discussions, readings, written reports, and laboratory practice. May be taken separately. Prerequisite: 250 or consent of faculty chairman.

351-6 (3,3) Advanced Spanish Conversation and Composition. (a) Oral work of a practical nature for advanced students. Prerequisite: 250 or consent of faculty chairman. (b) Rapid grammar review, daily writing practice, controlled composition. Must be taken in a,b sequence.
375-9 (3,3,3) Spanish-American Literature. (a) Colonial Spanish-American literature. The main writers of the Spanish-American colonial period until independence. (b) Writers and movements of the post-colonial period until the first World War. (c) Spanish-American literature from the first World War until the present. Prerequisite: 250.

415-3 Spanish Phonetics. Analysis of the sounds of Spanish and their manner of production; intonation; levels of speech; oral practice. Prerequisite: 250 or graduate standing or consent of faculty chairman.

451-6 (2,2,2) Spanish Seminar. Integration of the specialized major courses and development of a comprehensive view of the major field in terms of its relationships to the growth of Western Civilization.

461-4 Spanish Stylistics. Study of writing style in Spanish and its application to the development of skill in written expression. For those who wish to do advanced work in the principles of Spanish grammar and composition. Prerequisite: 9 hours of 300-level courses.

499-2 to 9 Readings in Spanish. Readings in selected areas of Spanish language, literature, culture, and civilization. Individual work or small groups under direct supervision of one or more members of the foreign language faculty. Prerequisites: 250, consent of faculty chairman.

Romance Philology

410-4 Romance Philology I. Survey of phonology, morphology, and syntax changes in Romance languages in general; special attention to the developments in French and Spanish for students with concentration in these fields. Prerequisite: senior standing in Romance language.

Foundations of Education

355-4 Philosophy of Education. The philosophical principles of education and the educational theories and agencies involved in the work of the schools. Prerequisite: Counselor Education 305.

431-4 History of Education in the United States. Theory and practice of formal education in the United States since the seventeenth century in the perspective of contemporary issues.

490-4 to 12 International Study in Comparative Education. Selected aspects of national systems of education examined in their social matrix. By means of direct observation, conferences, lectures, or seminars, the student is helped to gain a mature understanding of other cultures and subcultures, to evaluate critically American educational patterns in light of alternatives, and to develop fresh curricular approaches in the area of intercultural understandings through an examination of other cultural patterns. May be repeated for credit with permission of instructor.

500-4 Research Methods in Education.

501-4 Sociological Foundations of Education.

502-4 Comparative Education.

503-4 Political Foundations of Education.

504-4 History of Western Education.

505-4 Contemporary Educational Theory.

520-4 The School and the Urban Community.

554-4 Philosophic Inquiry and Educational Issues.

563-4 Seminar in Philosophy of Education.

575-2 to 4 Individual Research.

General Business Administration

140-4 Introduction to Business. An overview of the basic nature of business
in an essentially market-disciplined economic system. Emphasis on the interdisciplinary nature of business and the broad administrative principles governing organized human endeavor. Introduction to business and economic terminology and to the case method of developing analytical ability.

340-4 Organization and Decision-Making. Development of understanding of organizational behavior and decision theory and of analytical skills through case analysis and discussion. Examination of processes of group formation and development, conformity and direction, influence and decision-making, problem solving, role specialization and differentiation, status and social power distribution, satisfaction, and goal internalization and commitment. Prerequisites: 140, GSB 201a-c.

341-4 Organizational Problems. Application of the concepts, understanding, and techniques to major categories of recurring organizational problems faced by complex business units and described in case situations. Features such as position specifications, authority structures, territorial imperatives, performance measurements, and procedures involving compensation, communication, and employee selection and promotion. Designing organizational patterns to meet specific situational needs. Prerequisite: 340.

342-4 Contracts—Agency Law. Study and discussion of the terminology, definitions, and principles of contract law applicable to the contractual problems in the operation of a business, including the relevant provisions of the uniform commercial code. The application of the principles of agency law by the entrepreneur in operating his firm, and his legal liability to his agency and third parties with whom he deals.

440-4 The Legal Environment of Business. Varied facets of the external and internal legal environments within which business firms operate. Use of cases and readings which describe and analyze the legal framework supporting, facilitating, and guiding everyday business decisions. Common law, statutory law, administrative law as they affect business environment. Prerequisite: 140.

441-3 Business Policy. Development of a top-management view leading to the formulation of general policies to be followed by the organization. Determination of objectives, the development of plans for their achievement, organizing administrative personnel to carry them out, implementation of programs, measurement of results, and the reappraisal of objectives, plans, and action-patterns in the light of evolving situations. Prerequisites: 341, 440.

449-1 to 4 Independent Study in Business Administration. An investigation of topical areas in greater depth than regularly titled courses permit. Individual or small group readings and projects. Prerequisite: consent of instructor and faculty chairman.

526-4 Managerial Economics.
540-4 Concepts of Managerial Performance.
541-4 Business and Its Legal Environment.
543-4 The Administrator.
544-4 The Methodology of Business Research.
545-4 The Social Framework of Business.
548-4 Seminar in Managerial Performance.
549-4 Corporate Policy Formulation and Administration.
559-4 Seminar in Marketing.
593-4 Seminar in the Operational Aspects of the Firm.
599-2 to 9 Thesis.

Geography

GSB 203b-4 American Politics in the World Environment.
GSA 210-4 The Fossil Origins of Man.
302-4 Introduction to Physical Geography. A study of the earth's physical surface, world distribution patterns of the physical elements, their relationship to each other, and their importance to man. Field trip and laboratory work.
304-4 Introduction to Economic Geography. Study of the spatial distribution and interaction of economic activities. Introduction to locational theory. Prerequisite: GSB 203b.
GSB 305-3 Urban Environmental Problems.
306-4 Introduction to Cultural Geography. An overview of the geographic viewpoint in the study of the human occupancy of the earth. Aspects of population, settlement, and political geography, and a generalized survey of major world cultural areas.
308–3 Introduction to Geographic Methods. Designed to introduce the geographic methods of integrating physical, economic, and cultural elements in the study of areas. Cartographic and quantitative techniques utilized.

310–8 (4,4) Introduction to Cartographic Methods. Properties of maps and air photos, their uses and sources; map symbols, map projections, and map construction. Introduction to the use of quantitative techniques as applied in geographic study. Laboratory.

GSA 312–3 Conservation of Natural Resources.
GSA 322–3 Introduction to Rocks and Minerals.
GSA 330–3 Weather.
GSA 331–3 Climate.
GSB 351a–3 Geographic and Cultural Background of Developing Africa.
GSB 354–3 Industrial Economic Geography.

400–4 The Earth in Space. Planetary and stellar composition and structure; energy sources and arrangements of the universe as to position, size, dimensions, age, origin, and evolution. Prerequisite: GSA 356.

401–4 The History of the Earth. Methods and problems of interpreting geologic history. Physical history of continents (emphasis on North America) in terms of rocks, orogenies, and history of development and evolution of organisms and their adaptation to various environments. Prerequisite: GSA 110b.

402–10 (4,3,3) Physical Geography I. (a) Soils, (b) climate, (c) water. Prerequisite: GSA 110a.

403–8 (4,4) Physical Geography II. (a) Geomorphology. (b) Physiography. Prerequisite: GSA 110.

404–10 (4,3,3) Urban Geography and Ecology. (a) Urban Geography and Ecology. (b) Industrial Location. (c) Economic Development. Prerequisite: 304.

405–7 (4,3) Location of Economic Activities II. (a) Marketing and location theory. (b) Transportation. Prerequisite: 304.

406–7 (4,3) Cultural Geography I. (a) Population. (b) Settlement Geography. Prerequisite: 306.

407–7 (4,3) Cultural Geography II. (a) Political geography. (b) Historical geography.

410–8 (4,4) Quantitative Methods in Geography. Statistical and computer research techniques for geographers.

416–8 (4,4) Cartography. Instruction and practice in (a) thematic mapping, (b) planimetric mapping. Prerequisite: 310a.

417–3 Air Photo Interpretation. Techniques in the use of air photos as source material for research in the physical and social sciences. Laboratory. Prerequisite: 310a or consent of instructor.

424–4 Regional Problems in Conservation. The distribution, use, and interrelationship of the resources of the U.S. and the conservation techniques applied to them. Field study of selected cases.

425–12 (4,4,4) Photogrammetry.

450–3 to 15 Travel Study Course. Enrichment through travel, supervised study, and readings on areas visited.

461–7 (4,3) Regional Geography of Anglo-America. (a) Present day United States and Canada. (b) Specific concentration on certain areas and topics.

462–7 (4,3) Regional Geography of Europe. (a) A general survey of the area. (b) Special concentration on a region and topics.

463–7 (4,3) Regional Geography of Mediterranean Lands and Southwestern Asia. (See 462.)

464–7 (4,3) Regional Geography of Soviet World. (See 462.)

465–7 (4,3) Regional Geography of Africa. (See 462.)

466–7 (4,3) Regional Geography of Asia. (See 462.)

467–7 (4,3) Regional Geography of Latin America. (See 462.)

468–7 (4,3) Advanced Regional Geography: Oceania. (See 462.)

470–20 (4,4,4,4) Urban Planning. (a) History of planning, (b) planning codes and ordinances, (c) housing and community facilities, (d) planning problems, (e) planning internship. Prerequisite: 308.

471–8 (4,4) Regional Planning. (a) Regional planning, (b) location of urban and regional economic activity. Prerequisite: 470a.

472–2 to 12 Planning Internship. Work experiences in various planning agencies, both public and private, located anywhere in Illinois or nearby states. Seniors and graduate students are screened for these internships. Prerequisite: senior or graduate standing.
Course Descriptions

475-4 to 8 Methods of Field Geography. Application of geographic field techniques.
480-4 Workshop in the Teaching of Geography. The geographic approach to man's activities in various cultural, economic, and political geography problems. Skills, techniques, and visual materials essential to the teaching of geography. Prerequisite: 8 hours of geography or a teacher of geography.
490-1 to 2 (8 total) Tutorial in Geography. Individual and small group conferences with staff members to examine geographic concepts.
500-4 Geographic Techniques I.
501-4 Geographic Techniques II.
511-4 Philosophy of Geography.
515-4 to 6 Field Course.
520-2 to 8 Seminar in Physical Geography.
521-2 to 8 Seminar in Economic Geography.
522-2 to 12 Seminar in Regional Geography.
523-4 Seminar in Cartography.
524-2 to 8 Seminar in Cultural Geography.
527-2 to 8 Seminar in Urban and Regional Planning.
530-2 to 10 Independent Studies in Geography.
570-4 Philosophy, Theory, and Practice of Planning.
571-4 (2,2) Environmental Aspects of Planning.
572-8 (4,4) Quantitative Planning Research.
573-8 (4,4) Urban Renewal.
574-10 (4,4,2) Urban Planning Design Studio.
575-4 (2,2) Urban Planning Analysis.
576-2 to 8 Planning and Design Seminar.
577-2 to 8 Seminar in Urban Problems.
599-2 to 9 Thesis.

Government

200-4 Introduction to Political Science. A general introduction to the study of politics with emphasis on contemporary theories for ordering political systems, the institutions of government and their processes, and the social roots of political behavior.

GSB 318-6 (3,3) American State and Local Government.
320-4 Introduction to Public Administration. A study of principles and problems of administrative organization and co-ordination, personnel and fiscal management, regulatory administration, and public responsibilities of administrative agencies. Prerequisite: GSB 203a.
321-1 to 6 Readings in Government. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

340-12 (4,4,4) American Political Institutions. (a) The American Chief Executive. A review of the legal, political, and administrative responsibilities of the chief executive in national, state, and local political units in the United States, with emphasis on the national level. (b) The American Legislative Process. An investigation of the legislative organization and processes in Congress and state legislatures. (c) The American Judicial System. A survey of the nature, purposes, and limitations of law as administered and interpreted by courts. The development, organization, and operation of the American judicial system with emphasis on the federal level. Prerequisite: GSB 203a.

345-8 (4,4) American Political Parties and Interest Groups. (a) A study of the historical development of American political parties. (b) An analysis of contemporary American political parties and interest groups. Prerequisite: GSB 203a.

350-12 (4,4,4) The Political Systems of Major European States. (a) A comparative study of the British and German political systems. (b) An analysis of the French and Italian political systems. (c) An examination of the organization and operation of the Soviet political system. Prerequisite: 200.

355-16 (4,4,4) Political Systems of Major Non-European States. (a) Latin America. An examination of the political systems of five representative states: Mexico, Brazil, Ecuador, Cuba, and Uruguay. (b) Asia. An analysis of four major political systems: China, Japan, India, and Indonesia. (c)
AfricA. A survey of African political systems. (d) Near and Middle East. A study of the major nation-states.

370-4 Introduction to International Relations. The nation-state system, diplomatic practice, problems of national interest, power, ideology, and conflict; strategy and instruments of foreign policy. Prerequisite: GSB 203a.

410-8 Quantitative Methods in Political Science. Statistical and computer research techniques for political scientists. (Same as Geography 410 and Sociology 410.)

421-4 Public Personnel Administration. An analysis of problems of recruiting, retaining, and developing public service employees and related topics such as political neutrality, motivation, security, and manpower planning. Prerequisite: 320.

422-4 Public Financial Administration. A survey of the problems encountered in the administration of public financial resources, including budgeting, accounting, auditing, and fiscal and monetary policy. Prerequisite: 320.

423-4 Comparative Public Administration. An introduction to the administrative organization and practice of selected Western and non-Western nation states. Prerequisite: 320.

424-4 Administrative Law. A study of the principles of administrative law in the United States with special emphasis on the law of public officers and on legal procedure for the enforcement of bureaucratic responsibility. Prerequisite: 320.

426-4 Public Administration and Public Policy Formation. An analysis of the role of formal organizations in contemporary society with an emphasis on decision-making in government administrative organizations. A treatment of internal and external forces affecting the policies and structure of operations in these organizations. Prerequisite: 320.

429-4 Topics in Public Administration. An intensive study of an administrative problem or process. Primarily for government students with advanced standing. May be repeated for total of 8 hours credit when content differs and consent of faculty chairman is received. Prerequisite: 320.

445-12 (4,4,4) American Political Behavior. (a) American Voting Behavior. Survey of studies of American elections emphasizing the psychological, sociological, and political-legal bases of voting behavior. (b) Personality and Politics in the United States. A survey of research findings concerning the relationship of psychological and sociological characteristics to the political process. (c) Public Opinion, Propaganda, and the Mass Media in the United States. A survey of research findings concerning the relationship of communications content and communications media to the political process. Prerequisite: GSB 203a.

448-4 Intergovernmental Relations in the United States. An introduction to the relationships—political, legal, fiscal, administrative, etc.—between and/or among the national, state, and local governments. Prerequisites: GSB 203a, GSB 318 or consent of instructor.

449-4 Topics in American Politics. An intensive examination of one significant facet of the American political system. Primarily for government students already having had considerable course work in the area. May be repeated for total of 8 hours credit when content differs and consent of faculty chairman is received. Prerequisite: GSB 203a.

456-4 Topics in Comparative Politics. A selective and detailed study of a major question of relevance to students of comparative politics. May be repeated for total of 8 hours credit when content differs and consent of faculty chairman is received. Prerequisite: 350 or 355.

472-8 (4,4) International Organizations. (a) General International Organizations. Description and analysis of both past and contemporary general international organizations, with special emphasis on the principles, structure, decision-making processes, operations, and problems of the United Nations and its related agencies. (b) Regional International Organizations. Examination and comparative analysis of the foundations, nature, and functioning of contemporary regional organizations, their relationship to the United Nations System, and their role in world politics. Attention is focused on such bodies as NATO, the Warsaw Pact, the OAS, SEATO, the Commonwealth, the Arab League, the Organization for African Unity, the European Communities, Comecon, and Lafta. Prerequisite: 200.
473-12 (4,4,4,4) Foreign Politics of Major Powers. (a) American Foreign Policy. Institutional framework and decision-making processes of American foreign policy; idealist and realist schools of thought; the national interest in historic and geographic perspective. (b) Soviet Foreign Policy. Analysis of objective strategy, and tactics of Soviet foreign policy, with emphasis on the combination of conventional and unconventional instruments including role of Communist parties. (c) Foreign Policies of Western European States. Analysis of foreign policies of the major European powers, with emphasis on structural changes incident to the two world wars and the dissolution of colonial empires. Prerequisite: 370.

479-4 Topics in International Relations. A detailed study of a selected topic. Primarily for government students with advanced standing. May be repeated for total of 8 hours credit when content differs and consent of faculty chairman is received. Prerequisite: 370.

481-8 (4,4) Descriptive Political Theory. (a) Contemporary Systematic Political Theory. Intensive study of major contemporary attempts to devise a general systems theory of politics. (b) Contemporary Political Analysis. The character of scientific inquiry as it relates to the discipline of political science. Prerequisite: 200.

484-12 (4,4,4) History of Western Political Theories. Various topics are employed as analytical tools in the chronologically successive examination of certain theories in the history of Western political thought. (a) The theories of Plato, Aristotle, the early and middle Stoa, Cicero, Augustine, and Aquinas. (b) The theories of Machiavelli, Bodin, Hobbes, Locke, Montesquieu, Rousseau, Burke, and Bentham. (c) The theories of Publius, Hegel, Comte, Mill, Marx, Green, Kropotkin, Sorel, the Fabians, and John Dewey. Prerequisite: 385.

486-3 Workshop on Teaching the American Political Heritage. The major concepts and topics of the American political heritage including myth, symbol, signal, natural rights, limited government, libertarianism, totalitarianism, and socialism; and methodological tools which aid communication of those topics to elementary and secondary students in palatable and comprehensive form.

487-6 (3,3) American Political Theory. A chronological examination of leading American political thinkers. The concepts and topics of political thought in the United States are examined in relation to both the political milieu of their given periods as well as the manner in which they contributed to a developing policy. (a) From Puritan thought to Alexis de Tocqueville. (b) From Calhoun to the present. Prerequisite: 385.

489-4 Topics in Political Theory. A comprehensive examination of the works of one major political thinker and the treatment of one major topic or idea by selected political thinkers. Primarily for government students with advanced standing. May be repeated for total of 8 hours credit when content differs and consent of faculty chairman is received. Prerequisite: 385.

495-12 (4,4,4) Constitutional Law. (a) A study of the development of American constitutional law chiefly through judicial opinion. Emphasis is placed on the analysis of federalism and the distribution of powers. (b) A study of government and the rights of property. Special attention is directed to tension between the public welfare and private rights, the extent of government power to regulate property rights, and state versus federal power over commerce and taxation. (c) A study of the nature and extent of civil rights and liberties in the United States. Special attention to freedom of speech, press, and association, separation of church and state, equal protection of the laws, rights of persons accused of crime. Prerequisite: GSB 203a.

496-4 American Judicial Behavior. Introduction to the methods, goals, and limitations of behavioral research on American courts and judges. Attention given to the impact of technology on the judicial process. Prerequisite: 340c.

500-4 Scope and Method of Political Science.

514-3 Studies in Asian History and Politics.

521-1 to 12 Readings in Government.

522-4 Organization Theory and Public Administration.

529-2 to 9 Seminar in Public Administration.

545-2 to 9 Seminar in American Politics.

555-2 to 9 Seminar in Comparative Politics.

575-2 to 9 Seminar in International Relations.

585-2 to 9 Seminar in Political Theory.

590-2 to 9 Seminar in American Public Law.

595-2 to 6 Individual Research.
Health Education

205-4 Principles and Foundations of Health Education. Introduction to philosophy and history of health education as well as functions of the school health department and voluntary agency interaction in the health education program. Prerequisite for all 300-level courses and above.

300-3 Communicable Disease. A study of the communicable diseases with emphasis on control and principles of prevention, and application of these principles to the individual school and community.

302-4 Driver Education and Training. Preparation of the college student for teaching driver education and training in the secondary school. Prerequisite: a valid driver's license.

313-4 Introduction to Safety Education. Preparation for safety education in the public schools. Concerned with safety as a social problem, development of safety skills, accident causes, teacher liability, and research in the field.

334-4 First Aid. Red Cross First Aid Course with lectures, demonstrations, and practical applications. Red Cross Instructor's Certificate given.

350-4 Methods and Materials in Elementary Health Education. Designed to show the prospective teacher fundamental processes, techniques, and material aids involved in elementary school health teaching.


400-4 Health Appraisal of School Children.

415-4 Workshop in Driver Education and Traffic Safety.

443-4 Methods and Materials in Driver Education.

445-2 Driver Simulation. For in-service and pre-service teachers and supervisors of driver and traffic safety education. A program enabling teachers to instruct a large number of students in correct driving procedures and orient students to emergency situations too hazardous to duplicate on the highway. Prerequisite: 443s.

460-4 Methods and Materials in Secondary School Health Education.

461-4 Workshop in Health Education.

470-3 Workshop in Sex Education for Elementary Teachers. (See Elementary Education 470.)

471-4 Organization and Administration of School Health.

480s-4 Workshop in Safety Education.

525s-4 Organization, Administration, and Supervision of Safety Education.

History

100-3 Survey of Ancient Civilization. Ancient Period to 1000 A.D.

GSB 101-8 (4,4) Survey of Western Tradition.

102-4 Survey of Asian Civilization. An introduction to the history of East Asia from the earliest times to the twentieth century. Emphasis on China and Japan.

GSB 300-9 (3,3,3) History of the United States.

306-9 (3,3,3) History of Rome. (a) The Republic. (b) The Western Empire. (c) The Eastern Empire. Prerequisite: 100 or equivalent.

309-4 The Negro in America. The role of the Negro in America from the 17th century to the present with emphasis on the period since 1865.

312-4 Eastern Europe: 1815-1918. An analysis of the rise of nationalism with emphasis on Germany and Italy and of the problems of the Austro-Hungarian monarchy. Prerequisites: GSB 101b,c.

316-9 (3,3,3) History of Africa. (a) Africa south of the Sahara from prehistoric to colonial times. (b) Africa south of the Sahara from colonial times to the present. (c) Africa north of the Sahara. Emphasis on the lands, people, and states from Islamic times to the present.

317-6 (3,3) The Westward Movement in American History. (a) To 1845. (b) 1845 to the present. The land policies, immigrations, settlements, and exploitation of the American lands since the first European settlements.

326-3 History of the Arab-Israeli Conflict. The origins and developments of relations between the Arab World and Israel.
Course Descriptions

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332-9 (3,3,3) Medieval History. (a) Early Middle Ages, 500-1000. (b) High Middle Ages, 1000-1300. (c) Late Middle Ages, 1300-1500. Prerequisite: sophomore standing.

338-6 (3,3) History of Greece. (a) Hellenic history. (b) 401-133 B.C. Prerequisite: sophomore standing.

341-9 (3,3,3) History of Religion in Western Civilization. A study of religious institutions, ideas, and practices in Western civilization and the relationship to society. (a) Ancient period to 12th century. (b) 12th century to present in Europe. (c) United States. May be taken separately or in any sequence. Prerequisite: GSB 101b,c.

342-6 (3,3) History of Canada. (a) French period to Dominion status (1867). (b) Modern Canada since 1867. The origins, and political, economic, and social development of the modern Canadian state.

345-9 (3,3,3) History of Latin America. (a) Colonial Latin America. (b) Independent Latin America. (c) Latin America in World Affairs. May be taken separately or in any sequence.

345-4 History of Chinese Civilization. A study of the march of Chinese civilization from prehistoric times to the present, stressing social structure, government institutions, and intellectual movements.

347-10 (3,3,3) History of the Far East. (a) Introduction to 1800. (b) 1800-1945. May be taken separately or in either sequence. Prerequisite: GSB 300b or consent of instructor.

352-9 (3,3,3) History of Canada. (a) Colonial Latin America. (b) Independent Latin America. (c) Latin America in World Affairs. May be taken separately or in any sequence.

354-6 (3,3) History of Canada. (a) French period to Dominion status (1867). (b) Modern Canada since 1867. The origins, and political, economic, and social development of the modern Canadian state.

365-4 History of Chinese Civilization. A study of the march of Chinese civilization from prehistoric times to the present, stressing social structure, government institutions, and intellectual movements.

367-6 (3,3) History of the Far East. (a) Introduction to 1800. (b) 1800-1945. May be taken separately or in either sequence. Prerequisite: GSB 300b or consent of instructor.

372-9 (3,3,3) History of Russia. (a) 900-1801—The Early Empire. (b) 1801-1914—The Late Empire. (c) Since 1914—War, Revolution, and Soviet Russia. Prerequisite: GSB 380-6 (3,3) East Europe.

401-8 (4,4) History of the South. (a) The Old South. (b) The New South. An intensive study of the social, economic, political, and cultural developments of the South.

410-2 to 5 Special Readings in History. Supervised reading for students with sufficient background. Registration by special permission only. Offered on demand. Prerequisites: minimum 4.0 average in history, consent of chairman.

412-9 (3,3,3) Intellectual History of the U.S. (a) 17th century. (b) 18th century. (c) 19th century. Prerequisite: GSB 300a,b,c.

415-12 (4,4,4) Early Modern Europe. (a) Renaissance. (b) Reformation. (c) Age of Absolution and Enlightenment. Prerequisite: GSB 101b,c.

417-16 (4,4,4) Advanced English History. (a) Constitutional and Legal History to 1485. (b) Tudor England, 1485-1603. (c) Stuart England, 1603-1714. (d) The Empire-Commonwealth. Prerequisite: GSB 101b,c.

420-4 The French Revolution. A sketch of the passing of feudalism in France, the background and development of the revolutionary movement, and the Napoleonic period. Prerequisite: GSB 101b.

422-12 (4,4,4) History of the Near East. (a) The formation of Islamic civilization. 500-945 A.D. (b) Medieval Islamic civilization. 945-1789 A.D. (c) The Modern Near East. 1789 to the present. Prerequisite: GSB 101b,c.

425-6 (3,3) American Colonial History. Founding of the American colonies and the development of their institutions to 1763. Prerequisite: GSB 300a.

426-4 The Revolution and the Constitution. A study of the conflicting forces which produced the American Revolution, led to the creation of the federal union, and shaped the early republic. Prerequisite: GSB 300a.

428-4 The Age of Jackson. Origins, background, and development of that phase of American democracy associated with the Jacksonian era. The political, social, and economic history of the years 1815-1844 considered in detail. Prerequisite: GSB 300a.

430-9 (3,3,3) Late Modern Europe. (a) Age of Revolution, 1815-1880. (b) 1880-1918. (c) Since 1918. Age of Dictatorships. Prerequisite: GSB 101c.

435-12 (3,3,3) Advanced American History. (a) 1865-1896. (b) 1896-1919. (c) 1919-1939. (d) 1939 to present. Prerequisite: GSB 300 a,b,c.

437-6 (3,3) American Military History. (a) The development of American military institutions and their place in American society to 1914. (b) The increasing power and influence of the military establishment in an era of global conflict. Prerequisite: GSB 300.
440-9 (3,3,3) History of American Diplomacy. (a) To 1913. (b) 1913 to 1945. (c) Recent problems in diplomacy. Prerequisite: GSB 300 a,b,c.
445-3 The Russian Revolutions: 1900-1930. A study of the revolutions and civil war of 1917-1921, within the context of the problems which Russia encountered under the Tsarist regime, the Tsarist government’s efforts to solve them, and the extent to which the Soviet government continued or changed Tsarist policies. Delineation of the relationship between Russian and Communist elements in shaping Russian Communism.
446-3 The Grand Duchy of Moscow, 1450-1613. Economic, political, and social relations in the emerging Russian state; foreign affairs and Muscovite expansion; Russia, the Renaissance, and the Reformation. Prerequisite: GSB 101b or equivalent.
447-3 Problems in Russian Social and Cultural History. An overview of Russian cultural history concentrating on such problems as the schism and the Old Believers, the mir, definition of the role of the autocrat, the police, and law in Russian society. Prerequisite: one course in Russian studies.
451-6 (3,3) A Survey of Historical Writing. (a) Classical and European historiography. (b) American historiography. Prerequisite for a: GSB 101b,c; for b: GSB 300c.
452-3 Historical Research and Thesis Writing. (For students with history concentrations.) The rules of historical research studied and applied to a definite topic. Prerequisite: junior standing.
453-6 (3,3) History of Modern France. (a) An in-depth study of the problem of nineteenth century France which led from an empire to a democratic republic. (b) A study of France in the twentieth century. Prerequisite: GSB 101c.
454-3 Biography in American History. Outstanding leaders and their contributions to the history of the United States. Attention to historical writers who specialize in biography. Prerequisite: a course in U.S. history.
456-8 (4,4) Recent German History. The economic, political, and social history of Germany in the nineteenth and twentieth centuries. Prerequisite: GSB 101c.
458-8 (4,4) History of Science. (a) Science and civilization to 1500 A.D. (b) Western science since 1500 A.D. Prerequisite: GSB 101b,c.
460-9 (3,3,3) Social and Intellectual History of the Middle Ages. (a) 500-1000. (b) 1000-1250. (c) 1250-1500. Prerequisite: GSB 101b.
470-3 History of Brazil. The history of Brazil from the fall of the Empire until the present.
471-6 (3,3) History of Mexico. (a) 19th century. (b) 20th century. Significant political, economic, diplomatic, social, and cultural aspects of Mexican life from independence to modern Mexican life.
473-6 (3,3) The Caribbean Area. (a) Island States of the Caribbean. (b) Central American Area.
474-3 United States-Mexican Relations.
477-8 (4,4) American Economic History. Aspects of American economic history from (a) the colonial period to 1860 and (b) from the Civil War to 1929, with special attention to recent econometric studies of the American growth. Prerequisite: GSB 300.
500-3 to 9 History Seminar.
501-3 Problems in Modern Eastern Europe.
510-2 to 5 Readings in History.
511-3 Studies in the Middle Ages.
512-3 Studies in Nineteenth Century Europe.
513-4 Problems in Ancient History.
514-3 Studies in Asian History and Politics.
515-3 Current United States History and Problems.
519-4 The Age of Jefferson.
530-4 City-States of the Italian Renaissance.
540-4 American Reform Movements.
545-3 Problems in Russian History.
555-3 New Viewpoints in American History.
554-4 Problems in 19th Century America.
557-3 Origins, Rise, and Fall of Nazi Germany.
575-9 (3,3,3) Studies in Latin American History.
599-1 to 9 Thesis.
Course Descriptions

Honors Hours

101, 201, 301, 401-12 (1 to 4) Academic Affairs. Special and pertinent activity, designed and supervised by carefully selected faculty members, suited to advance the educational development of a Deans College student. (e.g. work on a specific project, progress through a set of assigned readings, preparation of a major paper, etc.)

Humanities

301-3 to 4, 302-3 to 4, 303-3 to 4 Humanities Honors. Prerequisite: completion of the second-level General Studies courses and invitation of the Humanities Honors Program Committee. Accepted in lieu of third-level GSC requirement.

Human Services

101-12 (4,4,4) Orientation to Human Services. A seminar on human problems in American society, focusing on the interrelated topics of poverty, education, employment, delinquency, crime, health, and welfare. Occupations pertinent to the alleviation of these problems are explored. Field trips to social agencies and institutions. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

Instructional Technology


403-4 School Library Functions and Management. Effective library services in relation to the educational objectives of elementary and secondary school programs: organization, supervision, finance, housing, equipment, standards, and evaluation.

405-4 Library Materials for Children. Study of the aids, methods, and criteria for the selection and use of books and other instructional materials for children in the elementary schools. Open to juniors with consent of instructor.

406-4 Library Materials for Adolescents. A study of the aids, methods, and criteria for the selection and use of books and other instructional materials for students in the high school. Open to juniors with consent of instructor.


410-4 Public Library Administration. Administration of municipal, county, and regional libraries, both large and small, with emphasis on meeting the needs of different types of communities.

413-4 Cataloging of Non-Book Materials. The classification, cataloging preparation, and circulation of all types of non-book material such as films, filmstrips, slides, realia, etc. Prerequisite: 308.

417-4 Audio-Visual Methods in Education. Selection and utilization of instructional materials in the learning environment, elementary through adult levels. Audio and visual materials and procedures are emphasized with some attention given to bibliographies and reference books for teachers.

420-4 School Library Activities and Practice. Supervised practice and observation integrated with instruction in typical activities of school librarianship: storytelling, publicity, developing units of library instruction, and work with students. Prerequisites: 308, 403, 405.

422-4 Book Selection. Principles for selection and evaluation; use of standard selection aids, reviews and annotations, including policies governing the building and maintenance of the collection.

430-2 Basic Audio-Visual Maintenance Techniques. Basic instruction in simple maintenance techniques required to keep audio-visual equipment operating in instructional situations. Useful in media centers without services of an audio-visual technician. Laboratory type course with short lectures.
440-2 Photography for Teachers. Techniques of picture-taking and the preparation of color slides of community resources for use in classroom instruction and for school public relations.

445-4 Preparation of Teacher-Made Audio-Visual Materials. Laboratory practice in the preparation of bulletin boards, opaque materials, models, slides, recordings, feltboards, and other graphic materials. Prerequisite: 417 or consent of instructor.


457-4 Radio and Television in the Classroom. Educational programs and their value to the teacher in the classroom. Sample tapes of radio programs and kinescopes are used.

458-4 The Medium of the Motion Picture. A study of the full range of expression by motion pictures including the documentary, theatrical, educational, experimental, and industrial films. Representative films are screened.

470-4 Programmed Automated Instruction. The principles and practices of writing both linear and intrinsic types of programmed instruction with emphasis on pictorial and performance branches. Individual experience in planning and producing programs.

510-4 Mass Communications in Education.

514-4 Survey of Research and Development in Instructional Materials.

530-4 History of Books and Libraries.

546-4 Integration of Audio-Visual Materials in the Classroom.

547-4 School Film and Filmstrip Production.

548-4 Supervision and Administration of an Audio-Visual Program.

549-4 Visual Learning.

554-4 Administration of an Instructional Materials Center.

560-4 Seminar in Instructional Materials.

576-4 to 8 Problems in Instructional Materials.

**Journalism**

101-3 Journalism and the Day's News I. The role of the press in modern society by surveying contemporary newspapers and magazines and how they cover the day's news; interpretation of the day's events in response to information and commentary from the print media; attention to the development of the newspaper and other media in America.

102-3 Journalism and the Day's News II. Further studies of press performance in covering the day's news; interpreting current events. Prerequisite: 101.

103-3 News. Study of the newspaper story with experience in writing and rewriting news; the fundamentals of copyreading.

201-8 (4,4) News Writing and Editing. Advanced practice in reporting and writing the news; preparation of copy for publication in local media; copy editing; introduction to typography and makeup. Two-hour laboratory session required. Prerequisite: 103.

210-6 (3,3) Introduction to Photojournalism. Experience with cameras used in journalism; darkroom techniques, including developing, enlarging, special processes; a study of the elements of good news and feature photography; weekly assignments covering news stories with camera; exercises in photo editing; legal aspects of photography. Still photography, black and white, some with color. Prerequisite: 103.

212-2 Editing of Photographs and Artwork. The assignment of illustration for newspaper and magazine stories; the evaluation of photographs and artwork; the selection, the editing, and the production of such artwork; the study of esthetics of photography combined with practical exercises in editing and displaying it. Prerequisite: 210a.

245-4 The Contributions of Journalism to Literature. A study of the newspaper and magazine writings of such American authors as Ernest Hemingway, Mark Twain, William Cullen Bryant, Theodore Dreiser, and Stephen Crane; a study of the contemporary press for instances where writing exceeds everyday standards and may approach the status of literature; a look at history to determine where journalists—writers, photographers, cartoonists—have contributed to literature and art.

303-4 News Editing. Advanced copy editing, makeup, production techniques for newspapers and magazines; stress on simulating newsroom of professional
Course Descriptions

Journalism

Publication; the role and performance of editors; creative editing. Includes one 3-hour laboratory session. Prerequisites: 103, 201.

320-4 Depth Reporting and Writing. Reporting contemporary events, problems, and issues in greater depth than required in 103 and 201; studying techniques for writing the long news story; interpretive and investigative reporting; analyzing and backgrounding the news; planning, reporting, and writing the series of articles. Prerequisite: 201 or Television-Radio 302.

321-4 Public Affairs Reporting. Covering the courts and the affairs of city, county, and state government; practical assignments in news coverage of governmental agencies and of court trials; a study of stories of socioeconomic nature, such as urban renewal, the poverty program; local politics. Seminar techniques are used. Prerequisite: 201 or Television-Radio 302.

330-3 Editorial Writing. The work and responsibility of the editor and editorial writer with emphasis upon editorial writing and thinking. Editorial problems, methods, policies, and style.

340-4 The Law of Journalism. Legal limitations and privileges affecting publishing, fair comment, criticism, contempt of court, right of privacy, copyright, and legal provisions affecting advertising.

345-4 History of Journalism. Development of American journalism with emphasis upon the struggle for freedom of the press, leading editors, outstanding newspapers and periodicals.

352-8 (4,4) Magazine Article Writing and Production I, II. The nature of magazine operation as it applies to the staff member and the free lance writer; studies of non-fiction magazine articles with submission by students of articles for publication; experience in magazine editing and production. Prerequisite: 103, 391, or consent of instructor.

355-4 Business and Industrial Publications. The role of trade, company, and institutional newspapers and magazines; how they function, how they are staffed, and how they are produced; relationship of management and administration to editorial policies. Articles are written by students for submission to these specialized publications. Prerequisites: 103, consent of instructor.

361-3 Contemporary Readings in Journalism. In a seminar, students read new books (published within the year) about journalism and discuss responses to them; written responses required; final paper required of student. May be repeated for 6 hours credit. Prerequisite: concentration in journalism.

362-1 to 4 Independent Studies in Journalism. Selecting an area of journalism for reading and research, presenting a final written report to a faculty member who approves the plan for study and agrees to be consultant to the student. May be repeated for a total of 8 hours credit. Includes task force reporting teams. Prerequisite: concentration in journalism.

370-4 Principles of Advertising. Advertising fundamentals in relation to modern business activities; economic and social aspects, research, media, appeals, production, schedules. Prerequisite: GSB 103b.

375-4 Advertising Copywriting. Processes and practices in the preparation of copy and layouts in the production of advertising for the print media. Prerequisite: 370 or Television-Radio 303.

391-3 Feature Writing. How to plan and write newspaper features and special articles.

402-2 to 8 Journalism Practicum. Study, observation, and participation in publication of the campus newspaper, and/or participation in a comparable professional setting, with the number of credit hours to be determined by agreement of the instructor and the student's adviser in his concentration. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

410-4 Internship in Journalism. Professional experience with local media in the various phases of journalism, under joint supervision of members of the journalism faculty and of the media. May be repeated to maximum of 16 hours credit. Prerequisites: upperclass standing in journalism, consent of director of journalism.

415-4 Senior Seminar in Journalism: Communication in the World of the Future. A study of such topics as the new journalism—fact or myth?; the underground press and its effect on society; space-age communications systems; automation and its effects on publications. Prerequisite: upperclass standing in journalism.

424-2 or 3 Workshop in High School Publications. A short course for prospective and in-service teachers to give them practical experience in reporting, writing, editing, and producing publications fitted to the high school.
426—4 High School Publications. Designed for prospective teachers of journalism and mass communications and advisers to publications, as well as for in-service teachers. The role of the school newspaper, editorial leadership and responsibility, reporting and writing school news, production techniques, the journalism or mass communications curriculum, experience producing a publication; preparing course outlines.

435—4 Seminar in Publications Management. A study of advertising, business, and circulation phases of newspaper and magazine production with the aid of guest speakers and instructors; observation of professional techniques and operations; assignments in solving management problems. Prerequisite: upper-class standing.

480—1 to 3 Special Problems in Journalism. Students and/or faculty initiate a significant topic drawn from journalism; members of the class undertake investigation of the topic, making final reports in oral or written form. May be repeated to include 8 hours credit. Prerequisite: junior standing in mass communications or consent of instructor.

481—4 Practicum in Specialized Reporting. Specific practical experience with local media in areas of specialized reporting, such as sports, science, education, critical writing for mass media, technical writing, investigative journalism. May be repeated with consent of adviser. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

482—3 or 4 Special Studies in Photojournalism. Students and faculty choose an area in photojournalism for special study (i.e. photo essay, special reproduction techniques) and then combine theory and experience to solve problems in that area. May be repeated to include 8 hours credit. Prerequisites: 201, consent of instructor.

483—4 Critics and Philosophers of Journalism. Study and evaluation of the commentaries of Marshall McLuhan, Will Irwin, Daniel Boorstin, Harold Innis, and other individuals, past and present, who have offered criticism and theory about print media, and their successes and failures.

Management Science

311—4 Statistical Analysis for Business Decisions. A continuation of statistical concepts as applied to business, including analysis of variance, correlation and regression analysis, stochastic processes, and probability distributions. Prerequisites: 380, GSD 114d.

313—4 Introduction to Quantitative Methods. Introduction to modern mathematical concepts and methods applicable to business decisions including matrix algebra, linear programming, and elementary calculus. Prerequisites: 311, GSD 114a.

315—4 Probabilistic Decision Methodology. The study of business problems under conditions of uncertainty. Inventory, queuing, and other models are studied using analytical and simulation techniques. Prerequisites: 311, 313. 380—4 Management Systems I. A study of organizational decision making within the concept of systems with emphasis on information flows, decision centers and the application of data processing techniques. A major portion of the course is student development of an information, decision-making, and control system for a specific small-scale business enterprise. Prerequisite: GBA 140.

381—4 Management Systems II. A study of the complexities involved in the simultaneous integration of several sub-systems. Teams of students design company or corporate-wide management operating systems. Prerequisite: 390.

382—4 Management Systems Simulation. Presentation of theoretical and practical aspects of simulation techniques in the evaluation of design and control of management systems. Construction of simulation models to evaluate the effectiveness of a systems model. Prerequisites: 315, 381.

480—4 Integrated Management Systems. The study of organizations from a total systems concept—integrated decision, physical, and information systems. Prerequisite: 382.

489—1 to 4 Independent Study in Management Science. An investigation of topical areas in greater depth than regularly titled courses permit. Individual or small group readings or projects. For qualified seniors. Prerequisite: consent of instructor and faculty chairman.

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513-4 Deterministic Models in Decision-Making.
518-4 Seminar in Probabilistic Models.
580-4 Management Systems.
583-4 Advanced Management Systems.
588-4 Seminar in Management Systems.
592-4 Seminar in Managerial Systems.

Marketing

370-4 Consumer Behavior. An interdisciplinary approach to the analysis and interpretation of consumer buying habits and motives and the resultant purchases of goods and services. The purchaser's psychological, economic, and sociocultural actions and reactions are stressed as they relate to a better understanding of consumption. Prerequisites: GSB 103a,b, GSB 201c.
371-4 Principles of Marketing Management. An introductory survey of the problems encountered by the marketing executive and the analytical and evaluative systems available which can be used to improve his operating efficiency. Emphasis is placed on the use of marketing management factors in the areas of markets, products, distribution, price, and promotion. Prerequisite: 370.
452-4 Physical Distribution Management. A systematic, integrated treatment of problems of managing the flow of raw materials, parts, semi-manufactured and finished goods from their sources to the ultimate consumer. Stress on the application and logic of quantitative decision tools to the problems of spatial relationships of plant capacity and storage facilities and their connecting transportation linkages. Prerequisites: 470, Management Science 315.
470-4 Marketing Research. A development of the concepts necessary for understanding and performing research in the area of marketing. The basic procedures and theories underlying research are investigated, evaluated and applied to marketing decision making. Market, advertising, and sales research. Prerequisites: 571, Management Science 311.
471-4 Advertising Policy and Management. Advertising strategy, planning, and research and their relationship to other marketing tools. Emphasis on problems faced by marketing and business executives in administering the advertising effort. Prerequisite: 470.
472-4 Sales Policy and Management. An examination of the organization of the sales effort and of functions of salesmen and sales managers (including all echelons from the general marketing managers to the territory salesmen). Problem areas such as sales department organization, recruitment of salesmen and their motivation and supervision, design and administration of sales territories, appraisal of salesmen's performance. Prerequisite: 470.
473-4 Advanced Marketing Management. Development of the student's ability to identify marketing problems, investigate alternative solutions, and render decisions. Should be the final marketing course taken by the undergraduate marketing major. Prerequisite: senior standing.
474-4 Retail Management and Promotion. Functions, organization, and management of retail enterprises; impacts of recent and contemporary forces. Detailed study of merchandising and promotional activities. Retailing careers and appropriate preparation. Designed for teachers of Distributive Education and applies toward state Distributive Education certification. Prerequisite: 370.
479-1 to 4 Independent Study in Marketing. An investigation of topical areas in greater depth than regularly titled courses permit. Individual or small group readings and projects. For qualified seniors. Prerequisite: consent of instructor and faculty chairman.
570-4 Marketing Concepts.
573-4 Marketing Policies.
578-4 Seminar in Marketing.

Mathematics

101-4 Fundamental Mathematics. Basic notions of sets; number systems and their algebraic properties and some computational aspects; ordering of real
numbers, inequalities, and absolute value; intuitive geometry; relations, variables, and functions. Individual instruction given as needed until completion of intermediate algebra. Ten lecture and laboratory hours per week. May not carry credit toward some degrees. Graded on pass-fail basis only.

150-8 (4,4) Elementary Calculus and Analytic Geometry. Elementary differential and integral calculus with analytic geometry and applications. Includes the definite integral and differentiation of transcendental functions. Must be taken in a,b sequence. Prerequisite: GSD 114c.


250-4 Calculus and Analytic Geometry. Continuation of 150. Differential and integral calculus, applications, infinite series. Prerequisite: 150b.

305-4 Applied Mathematics for the Physical Sciences. (a) Ordinary differential equations, Laplace transforms, second order linear differential equations with singular points, special functions. Prerequisite: 250.

310-4 The Teaching of Elementary Mathematics. (For elementary education concentrations only.) A professional treatment of the subject matter of arithmetic methods and a study of trends and current literature on the teaching of arithmetic. Prerequisite: GSD 112-9.

311-4 The Teaching of Secondary Mathematics. A study of the nature and objectives of the secondary mathematics curriculum. Stress on the means of introducing new ideas into the high school program. For students preparing to be certified teachers of secondary mathematics. Does not count toward a mathematics concentration for Bachelor of Arts degree students. Prerequisites: 321, Secondary Education 315.


350-8 (4,4) Multivariable Calculus. Linear algebra, vector calculus, functions of several variables, the differential and integral calculus, directional derivatives, maxima and minima, gradient, divergence and curl, line and surface integrals, Green's theorem, Stoke's Theorem, and integrals independent of path. Prerequisite: 250.

395-2 to 12 Readings in Mathematics. Supervised reading in selected subjects. Prerequisites: 12 hours of 300- or 400-level mathematics, 4.0 average in mathematics and consent of chairman.

400-3 History of Mathematics. An introduction to the development of major mathematical concepts. Particular attention to the evolution of the abstract concept of space, to the evolution of abstract algebra, to the evolution of the function concept, and to the changes in the concept of rigor in the development of mathematics from 600 B.C. to the present time. Prerequisite: 250.

405-8 (4,4) Applied Mathematics for the Physical Sciences II. (a) Fourier series and boundary value problems, solution of partial differential equations with singular points, special functions. (b) Tensor analysis, complex variables, Green's function, integral equations. May not be used for graduate credit in mathematics. Prerequisite: 350.

410-16 (4,4,4,4) Statistical Analysis. For students in fields using statistical methods but not required to take calculus. Includes (a) elements of probability, estimation, and testing hypotheses; (b) the general linear model (multiple linear regression, analysis of variance, analysis of covariance) and non-parametric statistics; (c) design of experiments; (d) sample survey techniques. May not be used to satisfy requirements for a mathematics concentration. Three lectures and two laboratory hours per week. Must be taken in either a,b,c,d or a,b,d,c sequence. Prerequisite: GSD 114a.

413-4 Solid Analytic Geometry. An algebraic study of equations of the first and second degree in three variables, with applications to geometry. Systems of planes; equations of lines in symmetric and parametric form. Spheres, cylinders, surfaces of revolution. Matrix algebra; real orthogonal and symmetric matrices. Coordinate transformations; orthogonal similarity. Quadratic forms and quadratic surfaces; invariants; principal axes and planes. Prerequisite: 350a.

415-4 Non-Euclidean Geometry. An introduction to hyperbolic and elliptic plane geometry and trigonometry. Emphasis on the nature and significance of geometry and the historical background of non-Euclidean geometry. Prerequisite: 250.
420-6 (3,3) **Fundamental Concepts of Algebra.** Introduces abstract algebraic structures including groups, rings, fields, and vector spaces. Must be taken in a,b sequence. Prerequisite: 321.

421-9 (3,3,3) **Linear Algebra.** A thorough study of vector spaces and linear mappings. Special attention to two and three dimensional Euclidean spaces. Basic to advanced work in mathematics, pure or applied. Must be taken in sequence. Prerequisite: 321 or consent of instructor.

425-3 **Theory of Numbers.** Topics in elementary number theory, including properties of integers and prime numbers, divisibility. Diophantine equations, and congruence of numbers. Prerequisites: 321, 350.

426-6 (3,3) **Applied Logic and Algorithms.** Sets, relations, and mappings; Boolean algebras; the propositional calculus; algorithms and computing machines; the first order predicate calculus; formal languages. Prerequisites: 225, consent of instructor.

430-4 **Projective Geometry.** Introduction to the fundamental concepts of projective geometry. Topics usually include the study of conics, polar systems of conics, homogeneous coordinates, cross-ratio, harmonic sets, duality, projectivities, and involutions. Prerequisite: 321 or consent of instructor.

433-3 **Theory of Point Sets.** General properties of sets; topology of plane sets; closed sets and open sets in metric spaces, homeomorphisms and continuous mappings, connectedness. Prerequisites: 350, 6 hours in courses numbered 300 or higher.

440-2 to 4 **Modern Algebra for Teachers.** An introduction to algebra as a logical system, including groups, rings, and fields. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

442-2 to 4 **Survey of Geometry.** A survey of geometry, including projective geometry, topology, etc. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

445-2 to 4 **Fundamental Concepts of Calculus.** A careful study of the basic concepts of calculus offered as part of the special graduate program for secondary school teachers. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

446-2 to 10 **Structure of Mathematics.** Designed to assist experienced teachers in extending their understanding of mathematics. (a) Elementary School Mathematics, (b) Junior High School Mathematics. Does not count credit toward a mathematics concentration. Prerequisites: experience in teaching, consent of instructor.

447-4 **The Structure of Secondary School Mathematics.** Designed to assist experienced secondary school teachers in extending their understanding of mathematics. May not be taken for credit after credit has been received for 446 and does not count toward a mathematics concentration. Prerequisite: experience in secondary teaching and consent of instructor.

452-9 (3,3,3) **Advanced Calculus.** Fundamental concepts of analysis: limits, continuity, differentiation, and integration. Major topics include partial differentiation, vector analysis, Riemann-Stieltjes integrals, multiple integrals, infinite series, improper integrals, uniform convergence, Fourier series, and line and surface integrals. Must be taken in a,b,c sequence. Prerequisite: 350.

455-9 (3,3,3) **Advanced Mathematics for the Physical Sciences.** Introduction to various topics such as complex variable theory with applications, operational calculus (Laplace and other transforms), vector field theory, and partial differential equations. May be taken separately or in any sequence. Prerequisites: 305, 350.

458-6 (3,3) **Finite Mathematics.** An introduction to topics in finite mathematics such as logic, sets, probability, linear algebra, and Markov chains. Designed for students preparing for high school teaching and for advanced students in the behavioral sciences. Prerequisite: 250.

460-4 **Modern Geometry.** Advanced topics in Euclidean geometry by the synthetic method. Topics include the nine-point circle, Simson line, theorems of Ceva and Menelaus, coaxial circles, harmonic sections, poles and polars, similitude, and inversion. Prerequisite: 20 hours of college mathematics.

472-9 (3,3,3) **Operations Research.** Linear system problems, linear programming and network problems; probabilistic systems, queueing and inventory theory; digital simulation; time dependent processes, single and multi-channel time series analysis. Prerequisites: 225, 350a.

473-9 (3,3,3) **Computer Science.** (a) Introduction to assembly level programming. Digital computer structures, characteristics, and number systems; operations, coding, systems programming. (b) Introduction to basic compiler theory. Method of formal language definition, parsing, Polish string notation, and
hierarchy of operators. (c) Optimization techniques. Specific operational compiler examples, class projects. Prerequisites: 225, 250.

474-6 (3,3) Introduction to Digital Systems Design. (a) Elementary number systems, boolean algebra, hardware logic design and minimization techniques. (b) Digital computer fundamentals and input/output techniques, systems design and analysis. Prerequisites: 225, 250.

475-9 (3,3,3) Numerical Analysis. Introduction to approximation methods including finite differences and interpolation; numerical differentiation and quadrature; least squares approximation; numerical solution of linear and nonlinear systems; numerical integration of systems of ordinary and partial differential equations. Emphasis upon error analysis throughout. Must be taken in a,b,c sequence. Prerequisites: 225, 305.

483-9 (3,3,3) Introduction to Mathematical Statistics. A mathematical development of the elements of statistical theory. (a) Probability distributions, generating functions, and limit theorems. (b) Statistical inference, estimation, tests of hypotheses, general linear hypotheses. (c) Design of experiments and special topics—a mathematical model approach. Must be taken in a,b,c sequence. Prerequisite: 350.

501-9 (3,3,3) Real Variables.

505-9 (3,3,3) Theory of Ordinary Differential Equations.

510-4 Foundations of Mathematics.

520-9 (3,3,3) Modern Algebra.

523-9 (3,3,3) Simulation Theory, Applications, and Languages.

524-9 (3,3,3) Linear, Non-Linear, Dynamic Programming.


527-9 (3,3,3) Probabilistic Models.

530-6 (3,3) Point Set Topology.

536-3 Differential Geometry.

540-4 Groups and Linear Transformations.

545-4 Intermediate Analysis for High School Teachers.

550-1 to 10 Seminar.

551-9 (3,3,3) Functional Analysis.

555-9 (3,3,3) Complex Variables.

575-9 (3,3,3) Advanced Topics in Numerical Analysis.

576-9 (3,3,3) Advanced Topics in Applied Mathematics.


595-1 to 10 Special Project.

599-1 to 9 Thesis.

Music

001-3 (1,1,1,0) Bands. (a) Symphonic Band, (b) University Band, (c) Stage Band, (d) Instrumental Laboratory. May be taken in any sequence. Any part may be repeated. Prerequisite: a,c by audition; b,d by consent of instructor.

002-7 (1,1,1,1,1,1) Choral Ensembles. (a) Collegiate Singers, (b) University Chorus, (c) Male Chorus, (d) Women's Glee Club, (e) Southern Illinois University Community Choral Society, (f) Madrigal Singers, (g) Concert Chorale. May be taken in any sequence. Any part may be repeated for twelve quarters. Prerequisite: auditions for a,f,g.

005-1 University Symphony Orchestra.

010-6 (1,1,1,1,1,1,1) Class Applied Music. Offered in all areas of applied music except organ, harpsichord, and harp. Includes minimum instruction required for passing proficiency examinations in piano and voice. Offer practical training in basic principles of playing instruments of orchestra and band. Introductory techniques and methods for teaching instrumental and choral groups in elementary and secondary schools. May be taken in any sequence.

a. Strings
b. Woodwinds
c. Brass
d. Percussion
e. Piano
f. Voice

105-12 (4,4,4) Theory of Music. Fundamentals of music through sight singing, dictation, written and keyboard harmony. Must be taken in a,b,c sequence. Prerequisite: piano proficiency or concurrent enrollment in 010e.

106, 206-15 (5,5,5) Technics and Literature of Music Practice. Theoretical
and historical study of music of all periods from plainsong and folksong to the present; performance and analysis of music within a historical framework which forms the basis for ear-training, sight-reading, conducting, and composition. Five class periods weekly plus laboratory and drill sessions. Prerequisite: piano proficiency or concurrent enrollment in 010c.

141-0 Recital Class.
165-3 (1,1,1) Piano Practicum. Keyboard harmony, sight reading, score reading, transposition, analysis at keyboard, improvisation, and harmonic examination of keyboard forms and techniques. May be repeated for credit up to 3 hours.

200-3 Fundamentals of Music. Rudiments of music for those with little or no musical background. Recommended as a course preliminary to 300 (not for music concentrations). May be taken concurrently with 010c.

205-9 (3,3,3) Theory of Music. Advanced harmonic techniques, modulation, altered chords, chromatic harmony, counterpoint, and introduction to contemporary harmonic principles. Must be taken in sequence. Prerequisite: 105c.

206-15 (5,5,5) Techniques and Literature of Music Practice. (See 106.)

240-2 or 4 Private Applied Music. (See 140.)

300-3 Music Education—Elementary. (For non-music concentration only.) Teaching music in the elementary grades. Prerequisite: 200 or equivalent.

301-9 (3,3,3) Music Education. (a) Music in the elementary school curriculum, grades K-6. Analysis of instructional materials, development of rhythmic and melodic expressions, creative, instrumental, listening activities. Creating a musical environment in the classroom. (b) Junior high school: Curriculum, organization, and administration of choral, instrumental, and general music classes; resource units; the adolescent voice. (c) Senior high school: Curriculum, organization, and administration of choral, instrumental, and general music classes. May be taken in any sequence. For music concentration only.

307-4 Recreational Music. For those interested in the less formal approach to music and for prospective leaders for recreational activities.

309-9 (3,3,3) Orchestration. The techniques of writing for orchestral instruments. Must be taken in a,b,c sequence. Prerequisite: 205c.

312-9 (3,3,3) Composition. Original composition in the smaller forms. Must be taken in sequence. Prerequisite: 205c or consent of instructor.

318-6 (3,3) Conducting. (a) General: Fundamental conducting patterns, size of beats, use of each hand; conducting experience with laboratory groups both choral and instrumental; discussion and study of musical terminology. (b) Choral and Instrumental: Continued conducting experience through laboratory group; study of rehearsal techniques, balance, blend, and the relationship of parts to the total ensemble; evaluation and analysis of literature suitable for school groups of all levels of ability. Must be taken in a,b sequence.

325-9 (3,3,3) Analysis. Analysis of the important musical forms and styles. Must be taken in sequence. Prerequisite: 205c.

340-2 or 4 Private Applied Music. (See 140.)

355-4 (1,1,1,1) Chamber Music Ensembles. (a) Brass, (b) Woodwinds, (c) Strings, (d) Percussion. May be taken in any sequence. Any part may be repeated for 12 quarters. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.
357-9 (3,3,3) Music History and Literature.
358-3 Jazz. Jazz forms and styles: development, illustrations, and performances.
365-1 Piano Ensemble. Piano four hands, two pianos; piano and voice; piano and other instruments. May be repeated for credit at discretion of instructor.
401-3 Psycho-Physiology of Music. The essential human capacities, their relationship to musical potentials and development as well as with the acoustical foundations of the world of music.
411-9 (3,3,3) Music Literature. (a) Symphonic Literature. Development of the symphony and the symphonic poems to 1900. (b) Choral Literature. The literature of the larger vocal forms such as the cantata and oratorio to 1900. (c) Chamber Music Literature. Chamber music literature from the Renaissance to the present.
412-9 (3,3,3) Composition. Original composition in the larger forms for various media. Must be taken in sequence. Prerequisite: 312 or consent.
413-9 (3,3,3) Piano Literature. A survey of the entire spectrum of repertory for piano; methods of teaching the techniques of such literature. Taught in sequence. Prerequisite: 340k.
420-1 Music Education Practicum. A shop-laboratory course dealing with the selection, adjustments, maintenance, and repair of musical instruments.
440-2 or 4 Private Applied Music. (See 140.)
442-9 (3,3,3) Counterpoint. (a) Sixteenth-century counterpoint; (b) eighteenth-century counterpoint; (c) larger contrapuntal forms with emphasis on fugue. Prerequisite: 205c.
451-3 Teaching General Classroom Music.
453-4 to 6 Workshop in Common Learnings in Music.
460-6 (2,2,2) Practicum in Opera. Skills, techniques, and literature used in the performance and production of operatic scenes, chamber operas, and operattas. Prerequisite: audition.
461-9 (3,3,3) Teaching Techniques and Materials. (a) Methods, (b) materials, (c) observation and teaching. Designed to meet the needs of applied students in which the problems of private studio teaching and college-level teaching are discussed. Must be taken in a,b,c sequence. Prerequisite: 340k.
462-2 Teaching Techniques and Materials for the Advanced Student.
465-3 Development and Teaching of Strings. Place and function of string education in the elementary and secondary schools. Techniques of heterogeneous and homogeneous string teaching. Techniques of heterogeneous string teaching. Developing and sustaining interest in the string program. Resource aids. May be repeated for a total of 9 hours credit. Prerequisite: senior standing.
481-2 to 6 Readings in Music Theory.
482-2 to 6 Readings in Music History and Literature.
483-2 to 6 Readings in Music Education.
499-1 to 3 Independent Study. The capable student engages in original investigations with faculty specialists. May be repeated for credit. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.
501-3 Introduction to Graduate Study in Music.
502-9 (3,3,3) History and Analysis of Musical Style.
514-2 to 6 Collegium Musicum.
515-3 20th Century Literature.
518-3 Pedagogy of Music Literature.
519-9 (3,3,3) Vocal Pedagogy and Literature.
520-3 American Music.
522-3 Seminar: Music History and Literature.
535-3 Contemporary Idioms.
540-2 or 4 Private Applied Music. (See 140.)
550-8 (4,4) Organization and Administration of the Music Education Program. (a) elementary, (b) secondary.
553-6 (3,3) Seminar in Materials and Techniques. (a) choral. (b) instrumental.
554-3 Seminar in Instrumental Materials and Techniques.
556-3 Advanced Conducting.
560-2 to 6 Seminar in Music Education.
566-1 or 2 Instrumental Ensemble.
567-1 or 2 Vocal Ensemble.
599-3 to 9 Thesis.
Course Descriptions

Nursing Courses on the 300 level are open only to those students who are concentrating in nursing.

280-12 (4,4,4) Nursing and Community Health. (a) A survey of professional nursing and the nurse’s role in community health. Observation in a variety of community agencies. (b) Fundamental skills basic to all clinical nursing. Administering beginning patient-centered nursing care to patients in community clinical facilities. (c) Basic principles and skills related to the fields of pathology and pharmacology. Through a problem-solving process, students plan and administer patient-centered nursing care in clinical facilities in the community.

301-8 Maternal and Newborn Nursing. Developing a concept of family-centered care for mothers and newborns. The aspect of nursing necessary to provide effective care throughout the maternity cycle—antepartum, intrapartum, puerperium, and care of the newborn. Opportunities to participate in prenatal care in a clinic setting. Concurrent clinical laboratory within an appropriate setting. Prerequisite: 280c.

302-8 (4,4) Nursing of Children. Developing a concept of family-centered care for infants and children. Planning nursing care based upon the developmental needs of the child as a person, and the problems confronting him and his family. (a) The needs of the child with respiratory embarrassment; inflammatory reaction; and circulatory impairment. (b) The needs of the child with metabolic disturbance; change in body image; and disturbance of consciousness.

303-8 (4,4) Medical-Surgical Nursing. The nursing intervention and underlying scientific principles relevant to the care of the adult during illness. (a) The care of the adult having a problem maintaining gaseous exchange, maintaining transportation of material to and from cells, and maintaining body defenses. (b) The care of the adult having a problem maintaining metabolism, maintaining body image, and maintaining consciousness. Prerequisite: junior standing.

304-2 Social Forces in Nursing. A study of nursing at the present time in relation to historical and other influences upon it, and the implications for its future developments.

350-8 (4,4) Medical-Surgical Nursing. (a) The care of the adult having a problem maintaining locomotion and maintaining absorption of nutrients and elimination of waste. (b) The care of the adult having a problem maintaining perception and maintaining generative function. Prerequisite: senior standing.

360-8 (4,4) Psychiatric Nursing. (a) Understanding psychiatric nursing premises in: developing basic skills in observing and interpreting behavior; communicating effectively and establishing meaningful relationships with others. (b) Understanding and effectively meeting needs of patients manifesting various behavioral disturbances in living.

370-8 (4,4) Community Health Nursing. Gaining greater depth of knowledge as well as breadth of experience in professional nursing for the senior student. The period of practice in the actual community affords the student an opportunity to synthesize and to apply previous learnings in all areas of nursing as she works with families and community groups in the community setting. (a) Family health supervision and care of the sick in the home with emphasis on the process and methods. (b) A continuation of (a) with emphasis on settings other than family health service, although students carry their assigned families for the two quarters. Occupational and school health nursing, working with groups, and study of the community.

382-6 Leadership in Nursing. The need for responsible leadership in nursing. Basic principles of administration and supervision as means of developing effective relationships within health and nursing teams and other institutional and community situations.

384-2 Senior Seminar. Study in areas of nursing which present certain professional, national, and international challenges. Prerequisite: senior standing.

385a,b,c,d-1 to 4 Independent Study. Student projects and study carried out under guidance in investigation of a problem in an area of interest. A maximum of 3 hours may be taken in one quarter. Prerequisites: consent of instructor and dean, closed class card.
Personnel and Industrial Relations

450—4 Personnel Administration. The functions of the personnel department in an organization; organization for personnel administration; factors affecting the efficiency of personnel; the managerial responsibility for effective personnel administration; personnel practices including recruitment, selection, employment, orientation, evaluation, transfer, promotion, dismissal, grievances, the personnel-centered approach contrasted to the task-centered approach. Case discussion and reports on selected topics assist in developing the varied responsibilities of the personnel function. Prerequisite: General Business Administration 340.

451—4 Labor Relations Law and Collective Bargaining. An analysis of labor relations legislation and the complex interrelations of management, employees, and labor unions, as well as of collective bargaining contracts, their scope, enforceability, and significance to labor relations. Cases and reports are incorporated. Prerequisite: General Business Administration 340.

452—4 Advanced Problems in Personnel Administration. Analysis of special problems of personnel administration in periods of rapid technological change. Case problems and reports are used to emphasize such pertinent areas as wage and salary administration, automation, unemployment, training, productivity, and the administration of technical and scientific personnel. Prerequisite: 450.

453—4 Advanced Problems in Industrial Relations. Exploration and development of labor, management, and government relations. A study of conflict and harmony between them as individual units and as a totality. Emphasis is placed on the internal grievance procedure and the roles of the National Labor Relations Board, Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, arbitrators, and other tripartite bodies in Industrial Relations. Cases and reports are incorporated. Prerequisite: 451.

Philosophy

200—4 Introduction to Philosophy. Survey of the traditional branches and problems of philosophy, such as religion, metaphysics, epistemology, ethics, political theory, aesthetics, and history.

300—4 Introduction to Metaphysics. Presentation of answers to the most general problems of existence. An attempt to unify all scientific approaches to reality through the laying down of common principles.

301—4 Philosophy of Religion. An analysis of problems in the psychology, metaphysics, and social effects of religion. The nature of mystical experience, the existence of God, and problems of suffering, prayer, and immortality.

302—4 World Religions. A historical and comparative study of the principal religions of the world. Particular attention is given to such non-Christian faiths as Hinduism, Buddhism, and Islam.

306—4 Introduction to Phenomenology. An introduction to the dominant movement in contemporary continental philosophy. Attention to the central works of representative thinkers, e.g., Husserl, Heidegger, Sartre, Merleau-Ponty, and Ricoeur, in order to expose the problems, doctrines, and methods which characterize phenomenology as a mode of philosophizing. Prerequisite: sophomore standing.

307—4 Advanced Philosophy of Science. A critical exploration of the connections between scientific and nonscientific modes of knowing, the logical structure of scientific accounts, and the modifications of our views of the world resulting from such scientific theories as the theories of relativity and quantum mechanics. Prerequisite: consent of instructor or one of the following courses —GSA 363a or b, GSC 363a or b.

308—4 Introduction to Philosophical Analysis. An introduction to the dominant movement in contemporary philosophy in English speaking countries. Attention to the central works of representative thinkers, e.g., G. E. Moore, Bertrand Russell, Gilbert Ryle, and Ludwig Wittgenstein, in order to explain the problems, doctrines, and methods which characterize analytic philosophy as a mode of philosophizing. Prerequisite: sophomore standing.

342—4 Social and Political Theory. Philosophical analysis of social values and their expression in governmental organization.
345-4 The Aesthetics of Film. An examination of the major genres of film and film theory. Prerequisite: completion of third-level GSC requirements.

355-4 Philosophy of Education. Survey of theories of education and their relationships to educational policies and practices, as elucidated by the great teachers. Satisfies the education requirement, Educational Administration 355.

360-4 Philosophy of Art. The significance of art as a human activity, its nature and standards as seen in the problems of criticism, and the relation of art to other forms of knowledge.

GSC 360-6 (3,3) Arts and Ideals in Famous Cities.

GSA or GSC 363-6 (3,3) Philosophy of Science.

GSC 375-3 Ethics.

376-4 Advanced Ethics. An investigation of problems raised in modern discussions of individual and social morality. Prerequisite: GSC 375.

385-20 (4,4,4,4) History of Western Philosophy. (a) Greek and Roman. (b) Medieval and Renaissance. (c) Classical Modern (17th and 18th centuries). (d) 19th Century. (e) 20th Century.

386-4 American Philosophy. A survey of American philosophic thought from colonial days to the present, with emphasis on such recent thinkers as Peirce, James, Royce, Dewey, and Santayana.

393-4 Introduction to Theory of Knowledge. A study of the various kinds of knowledge, of the foundations of knowledge in thought and perception, and of the rational and empirical elements constituting the structure of knowledge.

402-4 Hindu Thought. A historical survey of Indian philosophy from the Upanishads to Vedanta. Prerequisite: 302.

403-4 Buddhist Thought. An investigation of Buddhist philosophy from Theravada through Zen. Prerequisite: 302.

430-4 Symbolic Logic. Use of symbols as tools for analysis and deduction. Study of truth tables, Boolean Expansions, propositional calculus and quantifiers, logic of relations, and their functions in logistic systems.

450-4 Philosophy of History. Classical and contemporary reflections on the nature of history and historical knowledge as the basis for dealing with the humanities.

484-12 (4,4,4) History of Western Political Theory. (Same as Government 484.) (a) Ancient and Medieval. (b) Renaissance and Early Modern. (c) Recent. May be taken separately.

490-2 to 12 Special Problems. Seminar for qualified seniors and graduate students to pursue specific topics in depth. Varied content. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

495-2 to 12 Independent Readings. Independent study in philosophy on a tutorial basis. Prerequisite: consent of instructor and chairman.

502-4 (2,2) Methods of Teaching Philosophy.

520-4 Practicum in Teaching Philosophy in the Community College.

531-4 Plato.

533-4 Aristotle.

545-4 Rationalism.

546-4 Empiricism.

565-4 Logic.

565-4 Ethical Theory.

572-4 Seminar in the History of Philosophy.

575-4 Seminar in the Problems of Philosophy.

Physical Education

025-0 Orientation.

303-12 (4,4,4) Homokinetix. (a) Structural and functional basis of human movement; analysis of systems and system integration. (b) Physiological and physical principles essential to motor activity. (c) Analysis of selected motor activities; typical and atypical patterns of movement; applications of kinesiological principles to specific instructional problems. Must be taken in a,b,c sequence. Prerequisite: GSA 204.

305-3 Physical Education for the Atypical Student. The recognition of physical deviations and the provisions of special or modified physical education or recreational activities for such students. Prerequisite: 303.

312-2 to 6 Playground Leadership. (Field Experiences).

323-3 (1,1,1) Officiating Techniques. Study of rules and their interpretation;
requirements for ratings given by the United States Field Hockey Association and the Division for Girls' and Women's Sports. Officiating practice required. 
(a) Fall: field hockey and soccer. (b) Winter: basketball. (c) Spring: volleyball and softball.

341-3 Principles of Physical Education. The scientific foundations of physical education based on accepted principles of psychology, physiology, sociology, biology, educational method, philosophy, anatomy, kinesiology, and related areas.

348-3 Camp and Community Leadership. Fundamentals of scouting, camping, and counseling. A weekend camping trip required.

349-2 Camping Education. Designed to give the potential camp counselor an understanding of the camp; its physical set-up, equipment and necessary routines; its personnel, purpose, traditions, and possibilities.

350-4 Methods and Materials for Teaching Physical Education Activities in the Elementary School. The organization and conduct of the program, program planning, evaluation of materials, observation and practice in creative rhythms, singing games, folk dancing, and games of low organization. (Required for elementary education.)

352-2 History and Physical Education. A study of the background and development of physical education.

354-3 Organization and Administration of Physical Education and Athletics. The organization and conduct of the total program of physical education including interscholastic athletics based upon accepted educational policies and practices. Emphasis on problems of administration.


356-4 Organization and Administration of Community Recreation. The social, economic, and governmental structure of the community; establishing the community recreation program; problems of facilities, equipment, finance, promotion; selecting and supervising personnel; integration with associated programs.

370-4 Tests and Measurements in Physical Education. Measurements as an aid in determining student needs, curriculum construction, teaching effectiveness, and the attainment of educational objectives. Includes the selection, administration, and interpretation of tests.

376-3 Emergency Care and Prevention of Athletic Injuries. The theoretical and practical methods of preventing and treating athletic injuries. Techniques of taping and bandaging, emergency first aid, massage, use of physical therapy modalities.


382-4 Methods and Materials in Secondary Schools. Preparation of teachers and supervisors for group management related to recreational activities. Emphasis on proper class arrangements for maximum teaching effectiveness. Considerable attention to appropriate teaching material.

383-2 Outdoor Group Games. Prepares student to develop outdoor group game activities. Emphasis on correct techniques, fundamentals, strategy, and evaluation procedures. Stresses lead-up approach to group activity. Includes practical experiences. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

384-2 Rhythmic Activities. Deals with all phases of the rhythmic program, teaching techniques, analysis of problems, evaluation techniques. Includes experience in working with children. Prerequisite: GSE 117a,b,f.

385-2 Indoor Group Games. Basic indoor activities of the elementary school program. Stress on correct techniques, fundamentals, strategy, and evaluation procedures. Emphasizes lead-up approach to group activity. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

387-2 Developmental Skills. Stresses basic developmental skills that should be included in physical education program for the elementary school. Emphasis upon progression from gross skills to refined skills. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

388-2 Self Testing Activities. Prepares the student to develop programs of self testing skills. Stresses knowledge of problems, techniques, materials, safety factors, and evaluation procedures. Includes experience with children. Prerequisite: GSE 118s.
Section of Physical Education.

389-4 Affiliation in Physical Education. Observing and assisting instructor in planning, scheduling, and conducting a physical education program by working in area schools. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

390-3 Evaluation Techniques in the Elementary School Physical Education Program. A study of methods and concepts in measuring a child's growth and development and physical fitness index with emphasis on analyzing various skill tests and their application to the child.

402-4 Organization and Administration of Intramural and Extramural Activities. Planning intramural programs of sports. Planning and co-ordinating extramural activities commonly associated with physical education.

404-4 Workshop in Dance for In-Service Teachers. Includes history of dance, values of dance, interpretation of music for dance, teaching techniques and facilities, and fundamental dance movements leading to knowledge and command of dance skills.

420-4 Physiological Effects of Motor Activity. The general physiological effects of motor activity upon the structure and function of body organs; specific effect of exercise on the muscular system.

427-4 Physical Education and Recreation for the Handicapped. (Same as Special Education 427.) Characteristics of handicapped children as they affect the feasibility of physical education and recreation activities. Values of specific activities for certain types of children, and methods and materials for teaching physical education and recreation skills. Emphasis on activities suitable to classroom, home, and institution. Prerequisite: Counselor Education 305.

475-2 to 4 Individual Research. The selection, investigation, and writing of a research paper under the supervision of instructor.

476-2 to 4 Teaching Athletic Skills. Modern techniques of teaching skills, conditioning, and strategies; for prospective physical education teachers and coaches.

500-4 Techniques in Research.

501-4 Curriculum in Physical Education.

502-4 Foundations of Motor Skills.

504-4 Problems in Physical Education.

509-4 Supervision of Health and Physical Education.

525-1 to 6 Readings in Physical Education.

Physics

206-15 (5,5,5) College Physics. Designed to meet premedical requirements and the needs of students majoring in the biological sciences. Laboratory. Must be taken in a,b,c sequence. Prerequisite: GSD 114a.

211-12 (4,4,4) University Physics. A basic course for science, mathematics, and pre-engineering students. (a) Kinematics, dynamics, and statics. (b) Thermodynamics, wave motion, acoustics, optics. (c) Electrostatics, electric current theory, magnetism, and electromagnetic waves. Three lecture and two recitation hours per week. Must be taken in a,b,c or a,c,b sequence. Prerequisite: (a) concurrent enrollment in Mathematics 150a; (b,c) 211a, Mathematics 150a.

212-3 (1,1,1) University Physics Laboratory. Experiments in mechanics, heat, sound, light, electricity, and magnetism. Meets three hours per week. Must be taken in a,b,c or a,c,b sequence. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment in 211.

300a-4 Introduction to Modern Physics. A continuation of 211 covering topics from atomic, nuclear, and solid state physics. Three lectures and two recitation hours per week. Prerequisites: 211, Mathematics 150a.

300b-1 University Physics Laboratory IV. Classical experiments in modern physics; Millikan oil drop, e/m, Franck-Hertz, Foucault velocity of light and black body radiation along with experiments in nuclear physics. Prerequisites: 212, concurrent enrollment in 300a.

301-8 (4,4) Introduction to Classical Mechanics. Statics of a particle, of a rigid body, and of a flexible string; the principle of virtual work, motion of a particle in a uniform and in a central force field, simple harmonic motion, motion of a system of particles, rigid body motion in a plane; non-inertial reference frames; generalized coordinates, Lagrange's and Hamilton's equations of motion; vibrating systems, normal coordinates, and wave motions. Prerequisite for a: 211a,b, Mathematics 250; for b: 301a.

305-8 (4,4) Introduction to Electromagnetic Field Theory. Vector treatment of the theory: electrostatics in vacuum and in matter, steady currents, magnetism, magnetic materials, and electromagnetic radiation. Must be taken in a,b sequence. Prerequisite for a: 211c, Mathematics 250; for b: 305a.

310-4 Physical Optics. Theory of interference and interferometers, Fresnel and Fraunhofer diffraction, Fourier transform theory of diffraction; velocity of light, polarization, electromagnetic theory of light applied to reflection and refraction in isotropic media and anisotropic media; birefringence, optic axis, crystal optics, optical activity; theory of normal and anomalous dispersion, scattering of light by particles; quantum optics, lasers. Prerequisites: 211, Mathematics 250.

311-1 Optics Laboratory. Advanced experiments in geometrical and physical optics. Two laboratory hours per week. Prerequisite: 310 or concurrent enrollment.

320-4 Special Relativity. An introduction to Einstein's Theory of Special Relativity. Develops the notion of space and time and treats relativistic kinematics, dynamics, and electromagnetism. Four lecture hours per week. Prerequisites: 211, Mathematics 250.

375-0 to 6 Seminar. Topics selected from a wide range of physical theories and applications (maximum credit per quarter 2 hours). Prerequisite: consent of instructor. Junior or senior standing recommended.

404-3 Introduction to Statistical Mechanics. A brief treatment of the kinetic theory of gases; introduction of phase spaces and ensemble theory. Shows the connection between mechanical and thermodynamic concepts and obtains a statistical interpretation of thermodynamic processes. Prerequisite: 301, 304, or consent of instructor.

415a-4 Wave Mechanics. Cites the evidence for a need of a new "quantum theory." Considers the Schroedinger equation, and the Born interpretation of the wave function. Develops the theory of quantum harmonic oscillators, the rigid rotator and hydrogen-like atoms. Develops perturbation theory and a description of radiation from atomic systems. Prerequisites: 300a, Mathematics 405.

415b-4 Atomic Physics. Exploits the theoretical considerations developed in 415a by considering their application to the study of atomic and molecular systems. Prerequisite: 415a.

415c-4 Nuclear Physics. A systematic discussion of the properties of the atomic nucleus. Examples of the application of wave mechanics to the study of the nucleus. A consideration of nuclear forces, subnuclear particles, and nuclear models. Prerequisite: 415a.

418-1 to 4 Modern Physics Laboratory. An advanced laboratory course including work with pulsed and continuous lasers and optical detectors, nuclear magnetic resonance, nuclear spectroscopy, vacuum techniques, mass and beta spectroscopy, semiconductor physics. Prerequisite: 300 or consent of instructor.

419-8 (4,4) Introduction to Theoretical Physics. Discussion and application of a variety of mathematical techniques to problems selected from the area of theoretical physics. (a) Treatment of solutions of the homogeneous partial differential equations of theoretical physics in the presence of boundaries. (b) Treatment of inhomogeneous equations and the comparison of the eigenvalue problem in a matrix representation with that in the function space representations. Prerequisites: 300a, Mathematics 305a.

420-2 to 5 Special Projects. Each student is assigned to a definite investigative topic. Adapted to advanced undergraduate students. Prerequisite: 8 hours of physics courses above 300.

435-3 Plasma Physics. Basic equations and conservation laws; first order orbit theory with applications to static and dynamic problems; small amplitude plasma waves; hydromagnetic shocks; collision effects; diffusion across a magnetic field; stability; coupling of plasmas and radiation. Prerequisite: 305a,b.

445-8 (4,4) X-Ray Crystallography. (a) Symmetry elements, development of space groups, reciprocal space, geometrical theory of diffraction, determination of lattice parameters, Fourier representations of periodic structure. (b) Production of X-rays, kinematical theory of X-ray diffraction, diffraction techniques, factors affecting the intensity of reflections, extinction contrast meth-
ods, introduction to the dynamical theory. Must be taken in a,b sequence. Prerequisite: 300.

450-4 Introduction to Solid-State Physics. A study of the fundamentals of solid-state physics including classification of solids, interatomic and intermolecular forces, lattice energies, specific heats, lattice dynamics, free electron theory of metals, lattice defects, color centers, luminescence, magnetic materials, radiation damage, transport in ionic crystals. Fermi-Dirac statistics, Fermi distribution, and semiconductors. Prerequisites: 300a, 305.

530-9 (3,3,3) Electromagnetic Theory.
531-9 (3,3,3) Quantum Mechanics.
540-3 Nuclear Physics.
560-3 Statistical Mechanics.
570-3 Solid State Physics.
575-1 to 4 Graduate Seminar.
580-3 to 6 Selected Topics in Physics.
590-1 to 9 Research in Physics (Thesis).

Production

460-4 Production Management. Analysis of the basic functions of manufacturing firms. Students work on a project of their choice in conjunction with the lectures and class discussions. Topics include blueprint reading, equipment and tools, plant layout, product flow, materials handling, quality control, cost control, production control, methods engineering, product engineering, inventory control, the use of PERT, and financial concepts as related to production management. Several plant visits are conducted during the course. Prerequisite: General Business Administration 340.

461-4 Methods Design and Work Measurement. Design of work systems, methods, and the techniques employed in the measurement of work. Emphasizes current philosophy underlying improvement of work methods and procedures used to measure work performed. The course covers four major areas: methods design, standardizing the operation, work measurement, and training the operator. A number of projects correlating with the course material are assigned. Prerequisite: 460.

462-4 Production Planning and Control. Analyzes and describes the recurrent problems of managing the flows of materials, services, and information produced in response to changes in market demand. Emphasizes the top-level decisions necessary to plan and control operations so that customers are served on time and penalty costs are minimized, as well as the decisions made by middle and first line managers in regard to scheduling and controlling, purchasing, production, and distribution. Selected decision-making techniques are analyzed and evaluated from the production manager’s point of view. Prerequisite: 460.

463-4 Advanced Production Management. Examines the operating decisions that confront the managerial and supervisory production personnel of large, medium, and small-scale manufacturing firms using a variety of production processes. Emphasizes decision-making leading to the solution of production operating problems, and to the formulation of plans of action. Assigned cases provide a view of the types of decisions involved in planning, organizing, coordinating, integrating, and controlling resources so that production goals may be realized. Prerequisites: 460, 461, 462.

Psychology

211-8 (4,4) Principles and Methods of Psychology. An introduction to the experimental methods utilized in the study of behavior. (a) The application of methods to the study of sensation, perception, and learning; (b) The analysis and interpretation of psychological data. Lecture and laboratory. Prerequisite: GSB 201c.

301-4 Child Psychology. A study of the biological and psychological development of the child from birth through puberty, and of relevant research methods and results. Prerequisite: GSB 201c.

303-4 Adolescent Psychology. Examines the physical and psychological devel-
ponent of the adolescent, and the relevance of childhood development to adolescent problems. Prerequisite: GSB 201c.

304-4 Psychology of Maturity and Old Age. A consideration of psychological factors in later maturity and old age and their concomitant problems, both individual and societal. Prerequisite: GSB 201c.

305-4 Introduction to Personality Dynamics. Exploration of human motivations, personality patterns, and ways of coping with the stresses of modern life. Prerequisite: GSB 201c.

307-4 Social Psychology. Introduction to the study of the individual's interaction with his social environment. Considers problems of social learning, attitude formation, communication, social influence processes, and group behavior. Prerequisite: GSB 201c.

311-4 Experimental Psychology: Learning. Investigates the processes governing behavioral change. Emphasizes experimental studies of conditioning, memory, and forgetting. Laboratory work includes the design and conduct of experiments with humans and animals. Lecture and laboratory. Prerequisite: 21a,b.

312-4 Experimental Psychology: Perception. Investigates the variables influencing an organism's stimulation by his environment. The structure and operation of the sense organs as well as complex perceptual phenomena are examined in lectures and laboratory. Prerequisite: 311.

313-4 Experimental Psychology: Motivation. An examination of both biological and social variables influencing the activation, direction, and maintenance of behavior. Laboratory work examines the effects of motivation upon behavior. Lecture and laboratory. Prerequisite: 311.

314-4 Experimental Psychology: Comparative and Physiological. An examination of the physiological and phylogenetic variables affecting behavior. The laboratory involves work with different types of organisms emphasizing physiological concomitants of behavior. Lecture and laboratory. Prerequisite: 311.

320-4 Industrial Psychology. A study of the functions of psychology as a science and as a profession in contemporary business and industry. Prerequisite: GSB 201c.

404-4 Theories of Perception. An examination of the different theories concerned with an organism's sensory contact with his environment. Physiological, social, and organizational theories of perception. Prerequisite: 312 or consent of instructor.

406-4 Learning Processes and Applications. An examination of processes by which behavior is acquired, changed, or extinguished; an application of learning principles developed in the learning laboratory. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

407-4 Theories of Learning. A consideration of the major contemporary learning theories and their relation to experimental data. Prerequisite: 311 or consent of instructor.

408-4 Theories of Motivation. An examination of instinct theories, biological drives, emotions, social motives, and psychodynamic theories as they contribute to a comprehensive psychology of motivation. Prerequisite: 313 or consent of instructor.

409-4 History and Systems. Study of the important antecedents of contemporary scientific psychology. Considers issues, conceptual developments, and research advances, and presents the major schools and systems. Prerequisite: advanced standing or consent of instructor.

420-4 Experimental Analysis of Behavior. An examination of the principles of respondent and operant conditioning in human and animal behavior. Lecture and laboratory. Prerequisite: GSB 201c.

421-4 Psychological Tests and Measurements. Principles of psychological measurement, including errors of measurement, techniques for estimating reliability and validity, techniques of test construction, and problems in assessment and prediction. The laboratory includes the use of selected instruments. Lecture and laboratory. Prerequisite: 211b or consent of instructor.

431-4 Psychopathology. Classification, description, etiology and treatment of the disorders of personality organization and behavioral integration. Observations in a state mental hospital setting. Prerequisite: 305 or consent.

432-4 Mental Hygiene. An integration of psychological knowledge and principles concerning factors and conditions affecting the individual which tend to facilitate or determine health.

440-4 Theories of Personality. A review and critical evaluation of major personality theories and their supporting evidence. Prerequisite: 305 or consent of instructor.
451-4 Advanced Child Psychology. An examination of concepts, methods, and problems of human development with consideration of both the psychological and psychosocial aspects. Prerequisite: 301 or 303 or consent of instructor.

461-4 Advanced Social Psychology. Examines current areas of interest in the study of social behavior: language behavior, communication, social influence, attitude change, interpersonal perception, etc. Emphasis is on the individual in the social context. Prerequisite: 307 or consent of instructor.

465-4 Group Dynamics and Individual Behavior. Examination of research and theory in the area of small-group interaction. Examines such topics as group structure and function, group problem-solving, leadership, etc. Prerequisite: 307 or consent of instructor.

471-4 Work Methods and Measurement. A study of the analysis and evaluation of jobs and the measurement of work performances by the use of standard time tables. Prerequisite: 320 or consent of instructor.

473-4 Personnel Psychology. Psychological methods in selection, placement, evaluation, and criterion development. Emphasis is on principles and techniques with some examples of application to decision making in business and industry. Prerequisite: 320 or consent of instructor.

474-4 Psychology of Employee Relations. A study of job satisfaction and morale, psychological aspects of labor relations, industrial counseling, social and organizational variables as they affect psychological climate in employee relations. Prerequisite: 320 or consent of instructor.

479-4 Psychology of Industrial Conflict. Consideration of social and psychological factors underlying controversies between workers and management. Prerequisite: 320 or consent of instructor.

495-1 to 8 Seminar: Selected Topics. Varied content. To be offered from time to time as need exists and as faculty interest and time permit. Prerequisite: consent of instructor and chairman.

501-12 (4,4,4) Proseminar in General Psychology.

512-4 Sensory Processes.

514-6 (4,4) Physiological Psychology.

517-4 Human Performance.

520-4 Research Design & Inference I.

521-4 Research Design & Inference II.

522-4 Research Design & Inference III.

530-4 Personality Theory and Dynamics.

531-2 to 4 Advanced Psychopathology.

537-4 Counseling and Psychotherapy.

541a-4 Psychodiagnostics I.

541b 2 to 4 Psychodiagnostics I.

543-6 (4,2) Psychodiagnostics II.

552-4 Experimental Child Psychology.

553-4 Seminar in Clinical Child Psychology.

556-2 Psychological Treatment of the Child.

561-4 Social Influence Processes.

564-4 Communication and Group Behavior.

571-4 Industrial Motivation and Morale.

586-4 Psychology of Early and Middle Adulthood.

590-1 to 16 Readings in Psychology.

591-1 to 36 Research in Psychology.

595-1 to 18 Practicum in Psychology.

598-2 Ethical and Professional Problems in Psychology.

599-1 to 9 Thesis.

Rehabilitation

480-2 Introduction to Rehabilitation. A survey of historical and legal developments in rehabilitation agencies, with particular emphasis on current theories and trends.

512-4 to 4 Vocational Developments and Occupational Choice.

516-2 Selection, Placement, and Follow-up.

531-2 Vocational Appraisal.

541-2 Medical Aspects of Rehabilitation.
561-2 Psycho-Social Aspects of Disability.
580-1 to 6 Practicum in Rehabilitation Services.
585-4 Practicum in Rehabilitation Counseling.
589-0 to 12 Internship in Rehabilitation.

Science and Technology

390-1 to 15 Science and Technology Honors. Honors work in the biological sciences, chemistry, mathematics, or physics. Entrance by invitation of the Science and Technology Honors Program Committee. Prerequisite: junior or senior standing.

400-3 Concepts of Classical Physics. Classical physics from a phenomenological point of view and at a level which does not require a previous course in the calculus. Primarily for teachers of the physical sciences; subject matter is related to texts and materials available in the teachers' own schools.

401-10 (3,5) Classical Mechanics. A systematic treatment of mechanics which assumes only a modest background in algebra. Emphasis on those concepts which historically were defined for mechanical systems but which have proven important in all areas of physics.

402-4 Modern Physics. The development of physics in this century. For teachers of the physical sciences. Emphasis on the phenomena which led to the formulation of quantum theory in the twenties. Includes a qualitative discussion of atomic and nuclear physics. Prerequisite: 400 or Physics 206.

403-6 (3,3) Experiments and Techniques of Physics. Students perform experiments and consider equipment for teaching physics at the pre-college level. Lectures on experimental techniques.

406-10 (5,5) Mathematical Physics for Teachers. Mathematical topics from trigonometry, analytical geometry, the calculus and applied mathematics with regard to their usefulness in describing physical concepts such as work, power, energy, and potential.

412-9 (3,3,3) Physical Science Curriculum. A study of the secondary school physical science curriculum and instructional methods, including evaluation of curricular materials and specialized equipment. Prerequisite: 401 or Physics 206.

415-1 to 6 Instructional Innovation for the Physical Sciences. A variety of subject matter is considered with regard to its order of presentation in a course, the type of plausibility arguments most successful in a "derivation," the types of demonstrations most appropriate to the subject matter, and the relation of laboratory work to the lecture content.

421-4 Basic Concepts of Chemistry. A general background in chemistry. A body of chemical principles with emphasis on the existence, size, structure, and bonding of atoms. Four lecture hours per week.

501-3 Physics and Physicists.
502-4 The Structure of Matter and the Nucleus.
505-9 (3,3,3) Concepts of Electricity and Magnetism.
510-3 Physical and Geometrical Optics.
511-2 Optics Laboratory.

Secondary Education

315-4 Secondary Methods. Study and discussion in various types of procedures used for effective classroom teaching. The problem approach and unit method are stressed. Prerequisites: Counselor Education 305, Foundations of Education 355.

352-8 to 16 Secondary Student Teaching. Practice of teaching in junior and senior high school subjects in the student teacher’s area of concentration. The application of theory to practice as it applies to the teacher’s responsibility in the secondary education classroom and the school as a whole. These experiences to be arranged under the direction of a University supervisor in cooperation with a qualified and experienced public school teacher.

407-4 The Middle and Junior High School. Designed to help prospective middle and junior high school teachers understand the background and present status of these schools. The development, population, curriculum purposes, and methods of the schools with a major emphasis on curriculum.
440-3 to 4 Teaching Reading in High School. A foundation course in how to teach reading in junior and senior high school: developmental and corrective reading programs, appraisal of reading abilities; methods and materials of instruction. Prerequisite: Counselor Education 305.

480-4 Backgrounds of Urban Education. (See Educational Administration 480 and Elementary Education 480.)

487-4 Teaching the Natural Sciences in Secondary Schools. Objectives of science education; instruction methods and techniques appropriate for teaching science; desirable equipment, audio-visual aids, and instructional materials; development of a course outline and at least one instruction unit.

488-4 Teaching Social Studies in Secondary Schools. Objectives, scope and sequence of curriculum, methods of teaching different courses and age groups, materials and evaluation. Prerequisite: 315.

505-4 Improvement of Reading Instruction.

507-2 to 4 Readings in Reading.

508-4 Recent Issues and Trends in Secondary Education.

509-4 to 8 Practicum in Reading.

510-4 The Analysis of Instruction.

513-4 Materials and Methods for the Assessment of the Disabled Reader.

514-4 Organization and Administration of Reading Programs.

515-4 Community College Practicum.

518-2 to 4 Supervision of Student Teachers.

520-4 The School and the Urban Community.

521-12 (4,4) Diagnosis and Correction of Reading Disabilities.

533-2 to 12 Practicum in Urban Education.

555-4 Improvement of Instruction in the Middle and Junior High School.

560-4 Concepts and Principles of Curriculum Development.

562-4 Secondary School Curriculum.

565-4 The Community Junior College.

566-4 Strategy Problems in Community College Teaching.

567-12 (4,4,4) Teaching Competencies and Their Application.

570-4 Student Activities in the Secondary School.

575-2 to 4 Individual Research.

580-4 Research Seminar in Urban Education.

581-4 Research Seminar in Secondary Education.


596-5 to 9 Field Study.

599-3 to 9 Thesis.

Social Welfare

380-4 Social Welfare as a Social Institution. Interdependence of social, cultural, political, and economic factors in the history, theory and practice of social welfare, with special reference to development of the social work profession in response to welfare problems. Prerequisite: GSB 103a or Sociology 301 or consent of instructor.

383-4 Introduction to Interviewing. Theory and practice of interviewing as a means of gaining information, and of understanding and imparting the same. Focus is on the interview as a tool in social work, but principles are generally applicable. Prerequisite: GSB 103a or Sociology 301 or consent of instructor.

481-4 Processes in Social Work. Theory, rationale, and practice of casework, group work, social welfare organization, and the roles of supervision, administration, and research in relation to each. Case material study and discussion with field observation and practice. Prerequisite: Sociology 312 or 321 or consent of instructor.

482-8 (4,4) Social Work in Selected Agencies. Study of representative literature on casework in family, psychiatric, medical, school, military, child welfare, and correctional settings, and others. Case material study and discussion with field observation and practice. Prerequisite: 481.

Sociology

301-4 Social Theory and Methods of Inquiry. An examination of the rela-
tions between theory construction and research methods. Problem identification, hypothesis formulation, research design and report writing.

306-4 Social Control. The means and principles of social controls; social institutions as factors in control; techniques of directing social action. Prerequisite: 301 or GSB 103a or consent of instructor.

312-4 Research Methodology and Data Analysis. Principles of research design; methods of data collection and data analysis. Prerequisite: 301 or GSB 103a or consent of instructor.

320-4 Race and Ethnic Relations. Racial and cultural contacts and conflicts; causes of prejudice; status and participation of minority groups; national and international aspects of racial, ethnic, and minority problems.

321-4 The Individual and Society. The process of socialization in infancy, childhood, and adolescence; development of habits; attitudes, sentiments; emergence of the self; integration of the individual and society.

322-4 Propaganda and Public Opinion. Techniques and characteristics of propaganda; methods of measuring public opinion. Prerequisite: 301 or GSB 103a.

323-4 Community Organization. An examination of the determinants of social organization; intensive analysis of institutional configurations, social stratification, and systems of social control; review of significant writing. Prerequisite: 301.

324-4 Industrial Sociology. Social organization and processes within the formal and informal structure of the industrial unit; research and experimental materials concerning social determinants of morale, status, and role of the worker. Prerequisite: 301 or GSB 103a.

325-4 Urban Sociology. The rise, development, structure, culture, planning, and problems in early and modern cities. Prerequisite: 301 or GSB 103a.

326-4 Local Urban Problems. General examination of urban problems as they exist in the local community. Problems of welfare, race, city government, federal program administration, with emphasis on the city of East St. Louis, Illinois.

327-4 Population and Migration. Characteristics of population, problems of growth, composition, distribution differential fertility, international and internal migration. Prerequisite: 301 or consent of instructor.

328-4 Sociology of Education. Methods, principles, and data of sociology applied to the school situation; relation of the school to other institutions and groups. Prerequisite: 301 or GSB 103a or consent of instructor.

329-4 Community Organization. Factors involved in community organization; types, aims, and objectives; community analysis; individual case study of specific community.

330-4 Criminology. The nature of crime; criminal statistics; causal factors; theories and procedures in prevention and treatment. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

331-4 Sociology of Religion. Function of religious institutions in society and their relationship to other major social institutions; role in social control and group solidarity. Prerequisite: 301 or GSB 103a.

332-4 Social Organization. An examination of the determinants of social organization; intensive analysis of institutional configurations, social stratification, and systems of social control; review of significant writing. Prerequisite: 301.

333-4 Community Organization. Factors involved in community organization; types, aims, and objectives; community analysis; individual case study of specific community.

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337-4 Population and Migration. Characteristics of population, problems of growth, composition, distribution differential fertility, international and internal migration. Prerequisite: 301 or consent of instructor.

338-4 Sociology of Education. Methods, principles, and data of sociology applied to the school situation; relation of the school to other institutions and groups. Prerequisite: 301 or GSB 103a or consent of instructor.

339-4 Workshop in Inter-Group Relations. Designed to provide theoretical and practical understanding of the cultural, social, and psychological factors associated with inter-group tension. Participants concentrate their efforts on problem-solving activities related to their occupational, professional, or civic interests. Resource and consultative staff from the academic areas of education, psychology, sociology, and social work. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

340-4 Current Sociology. A survey of important trends in contemporary sociology and social thought and an examination of the social organization of sociology as a profession. Prerequisite: 312 or 321 or consent of instructor.

405-4 Current Sociology. A survey of important trends in contemporary sociology and social thought and an examination of the social organization of sociology as a profession. Prerequisite: 312 or 321 or consent of instructor.

406-4 Social Change. An examination of the processes of social change in the modern world; culture lag and conflict of norms; individual and social problems arising from conflicting systems of social values and cultural norms. Prerequisite: 312 or 321 or consent of instructor.

410-8 (4,4) Quantitative Methods in Sociology. Statistical and computer re-
search techniques for sociologists. (Same as Geography 410 and Government 410.) Prerequisite: 312 or 321 or consent of instructor.

414-4 *Complex Organizations.* Analysis of formal and informal organizations. Theories of function and structure, with reference to the work of Weber, Barnard, Simon, and others. Comparative analysis of various kinds of organizations: factories, schools, prisons, hospitals, churches, voluntary associations. Pressures toward equilibrium and change. Prerequisite: 312 or 321 or consent of instructor.

420-4 *Social and Cultural Aspects of the Afro-American Experience.* An examination of the experiences of black people in America; a comparison of the African cultural modes of their origin and the essentially European cultural modes black people encounter in America; the economic, political, and social factors in past and current Afro-American history. Prerequisite: 312 or 321 or consent of instructor.

424-4 *Collective Behavior.* The behavior of people in large groups; collective interstimulation and emotions; crowds, audiences, and publics; mass stimuli and mass response. Prerequisite: 312 or 321 or consent of instructor.

425-4 *Social Psychology of Interpersonal Relations.* The study of how group situations and interpersonal relations affect beliefs, behavior, and personality; the development of concepts, attitudes, and values; theories of motivation, perception, and cognition as related to social processes. Prerequisite: 312 or 321 or consent of instructor.

427-4 *Sociology of Deviance.* Comparative theoretical orientations to the study of deviance; the relationship between deviant and conforming behavior; deviance as a social product; the effect of societal reaction on deviance and the development of deviant subcultures; selected deviances. Prerequisite: 312 or 321 or consent of instructor.

433-4 *Urban Social Problems.* A focus on some of the major social problems found in contemporary urban life. Of particular concern are the problems of race relations, poverty, ghettoization, urban decay, urban education, and political structures and responses. Includes both micro and macro analyses of the urban situation. An attempt to relate the structural conditions of American urban life to the problems that are conventionally viewed as personal troubles or characteristic of particular groups. Prerequisite: 312 or 321 or consent of instructor.

434-4 *The Urban Family.* The family is studied as (1) an institution and (2) the origination of personal values and attitudes. Special attention to social reform in relationship to problems of families in the city. Prerequisite: 312 or 321 or consent of instructor.

435-4 *Social Inequality.* Social inequality with respect to status, income, and power as these vary among societies. Factors affecting the degree of inequality in a society and the consequences of inequality and social class on individuals and societies. Prerequisite: 312 or 321 or consent of instructor.

436-4 *The Social Structure of the United States.* An examination of the social structure of the United States with special attention to the structures of government, the military, and the economy. Prerequisite: 301 or consent of instructor. Prerequisite: 312 or 321 or consent of instructor.

437-4 *Social Structure of Latin America.* Analysis of social structures and processes including the major social institutions, demographic characteristics, agrarian reform, racial and ethnic groups, stratification, and urbanization. Special attention to sociocultural change in contemporary societies and to Brazil as a case study.

438-4 *Sociology of Occupations.* Natural history and institutional aspects of occupations in our society, cultural context of occupations in both primitive and modern society, preparation for jobs, human values in work, promotion and discharge, mobility, retirement. Prerequisite: 312 or 321 or consent.

439-4 *Medical Sociology.* An analysis of the sociological factors in illness and health and the role of medicine and the health professions in modern society. Prerequisite: 301 or consent of instructor.

451-4 *Social Thought: The Sociological Movement.* The rise and development of sociological reasoning as a response to the Industrial Revolution. Prerequisite: 312 or 321 or consent of instructor.

453-4 *Social Movements.* A sociological study of modern social movements; social and cultural backgrounds, forms of expression and organization; social structure of social movements, their role and function in modern society. Prerequisite: 312 or 321 or consent of instructor.
460-4 Sociology of Punishment. Theoretical and methodological aspects of the study of punitive behavior in everyday life encounters and situations. Analysis of interpersonal relations in a given social area with reference to unсанctioned punishment of human beings. Prerequisites: 312 or 321 or consent of instructor, 372.

478c-4 Urban Planning. (See Geography 470.)

472-4 Treatment and Prevention of Crime. Principles of penology; history of punishment and prisons; criminal law, police function, criminal courts; the prison community; the juvenile court and related movements. Prerequisite: 372 or consent of instructor. Prerequisites: 312 or 321 or consent of instructor, 372.

474-4 Crime and the Legal Process. An analysis of the administration of criminal law in America. The emergence of legal norms, law enforcement, prosecution, trial and sentencing, with consideration of the impact of legal sanctions on deviant behavior. Prerequisites: 312 or 321 or consent of instructor, 372.

484-4 Marriage Counseling. Survey and analysis of the field of marriage counseling; assessment of current practices and techniques; case studies and supervision. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

485-6 Community Programs for the Prevention of Juvenile Delinquency. Analysis of delinquency prevention in community programs administered by various agencies. A critique of existing programs and development of experimental programs. The roles of professional workers pertinent to such programs is delineated with special reference to the public school administration, counselor, the social workers, the court, probation officers, and police. Prerequisites: 312 or 321 or consent of instructor.

501-4 Survey of Sociological Theory.

504—4 Seminar in American Sociology.

506—4 Seminar in Contemporary Sociological Theory.

519—4 Methodological Foundations of the Social Sciences.

520—4 Special Topics.

521—4 Seminar in Social Psychology.

525—4 Methods of Field Research.

534—4 Seminar in Intergroup Relations.

536—4 Seminar in Bureaucracy.

538—4 Seminar in Industrial Sociology.

542—4 Seminar on the Family.

567—4 Seminar in the Sociology of Deviance.

578—4 Advanced Criminology.

595—2 to 6 Individual Research.

596—2 to 12 Readings in Sociology.

599—2 to 9 Thesis.

Special Education

351d—8 Elementary Student Teaching. The practice of teaching, under the immediate supervision of a critic teacher and the general supervision of a University instructor. Involves lesson preparation and planning of instruction.

354—8 Elementary Student Teaching. Student teaching in elementary grades. Regular student teaching experience coordinated with special education experience. Prerequisite: concurrent registration with 353.


410b—4 Problems and Characteristics of the Mentally Retarded. Objectives, curriculum, methods, and materials of instruction for slow learners. Emphasis upon the principles of learning as they can be applied to this group. Observations. Prerequisite: Counselor Education 305 or Psychology 301 or 303.

410c—4 Problems and Characteristics of the Gifted Child. Designed to help teachers in the identification of, and programming for, gifted and talented children. Prerequisite: Counselor Education 305 or Psychology 301 or 303.
410f-4 Problems and Characteristics of the Socially Maladjusted Child. Definition and characteristics of the socially maladjusted, as related to problems of identification and classroom practice. A developmental approach to causes and to recommended practice at pre-school, elementary, and secondary levels. Prerequisite: 414.

410g-4 Problems and Characteristics of the Learning Disabled Child. Study of the child with a wide discrepancy between ability and achievement, accompanied by serious educational maladjustment. Emphasis on definition, identification, diagnosis, individualized remedial programs, and placement. Prerequisite: 414.

411-4 Assessment and Remediation of Learning Disabilities. Special tests and remedial programs designed for children with specific learning disabilities of a perceptual or coordination nature and who may demonstrate related adjustment problems. Prerequisites: 410a or g, 414.

413a-4 Directed Observation of the Emotionally Disturbed. Taken concurrently with 410a. Provides student observation and participation in individual work with emotionally disturbed children.

413b-4 Directed Observation of the Educable Mentally Handicapped. Taken concurrently with 410b. Provides student observation and participation in individual work with educable mentally handicapped children. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

413c-4 Directed Observation of the Gifted. Taken concurrently with 410c. Provides student observation and participation in individual work with gifted children. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

414-4 The Exceptional Child. Physical, mental, emotional, and social traits of all types of exceptional children. Effects of handicaps in learning situations. Methods of differentiation and techniques for rehabilitation. Individual case studies used; observations and field trips. Prerequisites: Counselor Education 305, Psychology 301 or 303.

420a-4 Methods and Materials for Children with Learning and/or Behavioral Problems. Methods and materials needed in teaching children with learning and/or behavioral problems in special education programs. Prerequisites: 410a, g, consent of instructor.

420b-4 Methods and Materials in the Education of the Educable Mentally Handicapped. Offered in conjunction with practice teaching. Methods and materials needed in teaching educable mentally handicapped children.


427-4 Physical Education and Recreation for the Handicapped. (See Physical Education 427.)

428-4 Speech Correction for the Classroom Teacher. (Same as Speech Pathology and Audiology 428.) Etiology and therapy of common speech defects. Open to in-service teachers and administrators, seniors, and graduate students in education.

430-4 Behavior Modification in Special Education. The application of learning theory to the management of behavior in retarded, emotionally disturbed, and other exceptional children. Prerequisites: 414, Psychology 420.

470-4 Secondary School Programs for Exceptional Children. Organizational, administrative, and curricular aspects of programs for exceptional children at the secondary level. Emphasizes adjustments needed because of intellectual, behavioral, physical, or learning disabilities. Stresses work-study programs. Prerequisites: 410, 420.

491a-4 Seminar: Emotionally Disturbed.

491b-4 Seminar: Educable Mentally Handicapped.

491c-4 Seminar: Gifted.

496-4 Readings and Independent Study in Special Education. Study of a highly specific problem area in the education of exceptional children. Open only to selected seniors and graduate students. Prerequisites: 414, consent of staff.

498-4 Seminar: Selected Topics in Special Education. Special education concepts, teaching strategies, or current concerns to various educational personnel. Prerequisite: consent of faculty chairman.

501-4 Special Research Problem.

513-4 Organization, Administration, and Supervision of Special Classes.

517-4 The Atypical Child and Social Agencies.
Speech

104-4 Training the Speaking Voice. Designed for those students who desire to improve their voice and articulation. Prerequisite: GSD 103.
224-4 Communicative Reading. Study of and practice in the analysis of literature and its oral communication to an audience.
301-4 Persuasion. Psychological principles involved in influencing individuals and groups.
302-8 (4,4) Campus and Community Speech Practicum. In-class analysis of, preparation for, and evaluation of various speaking experiences on campus and in the community. Emphasis on out-of-class participation before campus groups, area churches and schools, service clubs, etc. Can be taken out of sequence with consent of instructor. Prerequisite: GSD 103.
303-4 Business and Professional Speaking. Speaking needs of business and professional people. Technical reports and lighter types of speaking included in the types studied. Primarily for adult and extension classes.
309-1 Forensic Activities.
406-4 Teaching Speech in Secondary Schools. Philosophy of speech education, and effective teaching of speech through curricular and extra-curricular work. Prerequisite: 16 hours of speech.
407-8 (4,4) History of American Public Address. Critical studies of American speakers; selected speakers and speeches which reflect the dominant social and political ideas in American history. A lecture, reading, and discussion course. May be taken separately.
408-4 Psychology of Speech. Nature and development of speech, its basic psychology, and the part speech plays in personality development.
417-4 Contemporary Public Address. A critical study of speakers and speeches selected to present the characteristic ideas of leading social and political developments in national and international affairs since 1918. A lecture, reading, and discussion course.
418-4 British Public Address. Critical study of British speakers to c. 1920. Selection of material is governed both by men and the issues that moved men throughout British history.
427-4 Secondary School Forensic Program. Coaching and organizational methods for extracurricular and curricular forensic programs in school and college. Prerequisite: 406 or equivalent.
429-4 Experimental Studies in Oral Communication. Survey, analysis, and criticism of experimental approaches to the study of oral communication, with practice in planning and conducting experimental studies.
441-4 Teaching Speech in Elementary Schools. Oral language development in children, analysis of their speech needs, and methods of teaching speech in elementary schools, with emphasis on speech improvement and development of basic speech skills.
449-4 General Semantics. Means of changing implications so that language, in spoken or written form, describes the life facts.
500-4 Survey of Classical Rhetoric.
504-4 Modern Rhetorical Theory.
510-4 Seminar: Persuasion and Social Control.
511-4 (2,2) Teaching the College Speech Course.
525-4 Seminar: Speech Education.
530-1 to 4 Research Problems.
532-4 (2,2) Areas and Techniques of Research in Speech.
599-2 to 9 Thesis.
Course Descriptions

Speech Pathology and Audiology

100-0 to 2 Speech Clinic. Designed for students with speech and hearing deviations who need individual help.

200-4 Phonetics. Instruction in the use of phonetic symbols to record the speech sounds of midland American English, with emphasis on ear training, and a description of place and manner of production of these sounds.

203-4 Introduction to Speech Science. An introduction to the science of general speech including the history of research in the field and significant experimental trends in the future. Open to all students.

212-4 Disorders of Articulation and Language Development. Designed to acquaint the student with articulatory speech defects and disorders of language development. Diagnostic and therapeutic techniques stressed. Prerequisite: 200 or concurrent registration.

312-4 Language Development. The development of speech and language including the social, psychological, emotional, and intellectual development necessary for normal oral communication.


318-4 Voice and Cleft Palate. Voice disorders including cleft palate. Prerequisite: 212 or consent of instructor.

319-4 Stuttering. Deals with diagnostic and therapeutic techniques for the understanding and treatment of stuttering. Prerequisite: 212 or consent of instructor.

400-1 to 4 Independent Study in Speech Correction and Audiology. Activities involved are investigative, creative, or clinical in character. May be repeated up to 6 hours of credit. Prerequisites: graduate standing, consent of instructor.

405-4 Clinical Practice in Speech Pathology and Audiology. Diagnostic and therapeutic procedures in speech pathology and audiology; record keeping and preparation of reports. One hour of class per week and two hours of clinical activity for each hour of credit. May be repeated up to 12 hours of credit. Prerequisites: 200, 212.

406-4 Techniques and Interpretation of Hearing Tests. Principles and techniques of testing the hearing and interpreting those tests in terms of the individual’s needs.

409-4 Research Techniques and Instrumentation in Speech Science. A presentation of the research techniques used in speech science. Experimental projects using laboratory equipment, as well as study of instruments for speech and hearing research, their design and application.

412-4 Cerebral Palsy. An investigation of the etiology, problems, and therapy of cerebral palsy. Prerequisite: 212 or consent of instructor.

414-4 Anatomy and Physiology of Speech and Hearing Mechanisms.

415-4 Aphasia. An investigation of the etiology, problems, and therapy of aphasia. Prerequisite: 412 or consent of instructor.

416-4 Introduction to Audiology. A basic orientation to the professional field of audiology, its history, and its goals. Basic acoustics; the phylogeny, anatomy, and physiology of the human ear; and significant pathologies of the ear. Prerequisite: 406.

419-4 Communication Problems of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing. Objectives and techniques for the teaching of lip reading, speech conservation, and auditory training. Prerequisite: 406 or consent of instructor.

420-4 Advanced Clinical Audiology. Principles and procedures for advanced audimetric testing, advanced problems in bone conduction measurements, in evaluation of loudness recruitment, in topodiagnostic audimetry, and non-organic hearing loss. Practical techniques include speech audimetry, Bekesy audimetry, conditioned pure tone electrodemal audimetry, and use of the Zwilocki Acoustic Bridge. Prerequisite: 416.

428-4 Speech Correction for the Classroom Teacher. (See Special Education 428.)

515-1 to 4 Readings in Speech Pathology.

519-4 Seminar in Language.

521-4 Seminar in Articulation.
522-16 (4,4,4,4) Seminar in Organic Speech Problems.
529-8 (4,4) Seminar in Stuttering Behavior.
531-4 Seminar in Advanced Phonetics.
532-4 Seminar in Audiology.
535-4 Seminar in Supervision and Administration of Speech Pathology and Audiology Programs.

Television-Radio

100-4 Process and Effects of Mass Communication. Lecture. Examination of the theories, processes, and effects of the mass media in society. Interrelationships of the media.

200-4 Survey of Broadcasting. Lecture. The history of broadcasting, network structure, the industry as a part of American business, the Federal Communications Commission, and related areas.

201-4 Broadcast Continuity Writing. A study of the fundamentals of radio and television continuity writing including commercial copy, talks, interviews, music, and feature programs.

202-4 Broadcast Performance. A skills course. Provides extensive studio practice in all forms of broadcast talent, including both commercial and voice-over announcing, on-camera host experiences for talk, and/or public affairs presentations. Preparation of own material for studio presentation. One lecture, four hours laboratory per week, intensive practice in studios.

251-3 Survey of Broadcasting. The history of the American system of broadcasting including the industry network structure, and local station organization and economics. Various systems of foreign broadcasting.

252-4 Television Laboratory. A skills-content course designed to acquaint the student with basic television equipment and principles of studio operation. Emphasis on the production of laboratory programs with students participating in various jobs involved in studio production. Prerequisite: consent.

273-3 Fundamentals of Radio Program Production. Techniques of producing and directing various types of radio programs with emphasis on the creative use of sound effects and music. Matters of timing, pacing, perspective, and microphone techniques.

274-5 Basic Television Production. Use of equipment and basic techniques in production of television programs of all types. Three-hour lectures, one four-hour laboratory per week.

300-5 Radio Production. A skills-content course. Production of programs for WSIE-FM, and/or participation in preparation of programs for other broadcast agencies. Intensive use of tools of broadcasting. Work with faculty, staff, and students in planning and producing programs. One lecture-critique session, four laboratory hours per week.

301-5 Television Production. A skills-content course. The use of scenic design and set construction, properties, lighting, special effects, graphics, costuming, make-up, and acting for television. Each student produces no less than a thirty-minute program suitable for presentation on public television. Three lecture-critique sessions, 4-6 hours laboratory per week. Prerequisites: 252, consent of instructor.

302a-4 Radio News. The principles and philosophy of radio news. Instruction and exercises in writing news copy for radio, including broadcast on WSIE. Emphasis on style, format, and delivery. Recording news events on assignment in the field. Prerequisite: 201.

302b-4 Television News. The principles and philosophy of television news. Emphasis on style and format, news program structuring and editing. Examines newsfilm, develops skills in newsfilm shooting, editing, and writing. Filming and editing news stories on assignment. Prerequisite: 201.

303-4 Broadcast Advertising. Radio and television as advertising media and comparison with other media. Planning a campaign, production techniques, agency relationships, cost factors. Extensive preparation of commercial materials. Merchandising, promotion, interpretation of research. Case studies. Prerequisite: 200 and/or consent of instructor.

356-4 Motion Picture Production for Television. The philosophies, techniques, and equipment used in the production of film for the television medium. Participation in film production learning skills of camera operation, lighting, sound recording, editing, and finishing. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.
Course Descriptions

358-4 Radio Writing. Oral forms of writing for radio, including commercials, features, music scripting, women's and children's programs. Prerequisite: 273.

359-4 Dramatic Writing. A study of basic structure of drama; writing of scenes and analysis of short and long dramatic works. Term project is a play analysis paper or original short play. Individual students are given permission to work in the areas of television, film, or radio. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

390-3 Special Problems in Mass Communications. Special projects, research, and independent reading in mass communications for students capable of individual study under the guidance of a faculty adviser. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

393-3 Radio, Television, and Society. The interrelation of radio and television with social habit patterns and with economic and political systems. International broadcasting. Prerequisite: 251.

400-4 Seminar in Mass Communications. Problem-solving term projects using inter-media approaches. A team-taught course involving many members of the faculty, both in the mass communications area and the faculty at large. Invited professional guests. Prerequisites: consent of instructor, completion of other broadcast concentration courses.

401-4 Criticism in the Public Arts. Television, radio, and film programs as art forms. Comparison and contrast with other of the “lively” and fine arts. Social, moral, aesthetic, and commercial evaluations. Development of critical standards, extensive viewing and hearing programs on videotape, film, and other. Prerequisite: senior standing.

402-4 Seminar in Broadcast Management. Management executives from stations are “guest faculty.” Management responsibility, research goals, use of capital, advertising, public relations, etc. A research paper. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

403-4 Seminar in Educational Broadcasting. Application of broadcasting skills and technology to the dissemination of information in a formal or an informal manner. Intended for those who expect to continue their education on the advanced degree level in educational broadcasting, who plan to enter educational broadcasting, or for teachers who will have responsibilities in the administration or use of the broadcast media as a part of their curriculum. Prerequisite: senior standing or consent of instructor.

404-4 Research in Broadcasting. The application of research techniques to the broadcast media. Evaluation of research. Participation in a research project designed by the class. Three class sessions per week, extensive arranged laboratories. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

405-4 Television Documentary. The filmed and/or taped documentary as a basic programming concept in American television. The use of tools, editing, sound, and videotape recording. Selection of topics, research, planning, budgeting, etc. Group preparation of filmed and/or videotaped projects for television. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

406-4 Special Events. Broadcasting on radio and television of special events. Emphasis on remote broadcasting. Training in the preparation and production of one-time and/or occasional broadcasts. Live, audio, and videotaped program preparation. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

407-4 World Broadcasting. Analysis of foreign systems of broadcasting and comparison with the American system. Broadcasting as an international force in social, economic, and political areas. Problems and developments in space communications, satellite broadcasting, international cooperation.

408-4 Television and Radio Regulations. Federal legislation with emphasis on Communications Act of 1934 and the regulations of the Federal Communications Commission, legal problems in program operations, censorship and editorial selections, copyright, and author-producer relations. Prerequisite: 200 or consent of instructor.

466-6 (3,3) Advanced Practices. Advanced work in any area in which the student has completed all of the formal material or course work. Project work in news, advertising, writing, announcing, and production and direction. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

Theater

100-18 (0,2,4, or 6 per quarter) Theater 100. First year work in theater.
Lecture-studio. Main stage major production and/or studio theater minor production activity.

**GSC 157-5 The Dramatic Media: Theater, Cinema, and Television.**
200-18 (0, 2, 4, or 6 per quarter) Theater 200. Second year work in theater.
Lecture-studio. Main stage major production and/or studio theater minor production activity. Prerequisite: 100.

**224-4 Communicative Reading.**
300-18 (0, 2, 4, or 6 per quarter) Theater 300. Third year (intermediate level) work in theater. Lecture-seminar-studio. Main stage major production and/or studio theater minor production activity. Prerequisites: 100, 200.

**GSC 354-9 (3, 3, 3) History of the Theater.**
400-18 (0, 2, 4, or 6 per quarter) Theater 400. Fourth year (advanced level) work in theater. Seminar-studio. Main stage repertory theater assignment. Prerequisites: 100, 200, 300.

**403-4 Dramatic Theory and Criticism.** Principles and practice of modern dramatic production in the light of modern aesthetic theory. An attempt to formulate an aesthetic judgment of the theater. Prerequisite: graduate standing.

**404-2 Workshop in Dance for In-Service Teachers.** History of dance, values of dance, interpretation of music for dance, teaching techniques and facilities, and fundamental dance movements leading to knowledge and command of dance skills.

**410-3 Children’s Theater.**
**411-4 Playwriting.** The writing of a full-length play, a children’s play, or a historical pageant-drama. May elect to write two one-act plays. Individual conferences supplement class discussion and analysis of student writing.

**412-8 (4, 4) Stage Design.** A design of settings for the stage and other dramatic media. Prerequisite: graduate standing.

**ASSOCIATE DEGREES**

**Child Care Services**

**101-4 Child Care.** An introduction to the development of children from infancy to year seven. Observations in preschool centers and principles of preschool education.

**103-2 Child and Nutrition.** Nutritional needs of the young child. The establishment of good food habits. The individual child and his feeding behavior.

**105-3 Language Arts.** The development of language and cognition in the preschool child. A study of appropriate literature, story telling, and creative dramatics. The presentation of projects in preschool centers and their evaluations. Prerequisite: 101.

**107-2 Health and First Aid.** The physical needs, development, and care of the young child.

**109-5 (2, 3) Personal Interaction.** (a) Analysis of interpersonal relations with an emphasis on the role development in preschool centers of teachers, directors, and aides within the educational facility. (b) Analysis of interpersonal relations with an emphasis on teacher-parent and teacher-community interaction. Must be taken in a,b sequence.

**111-2 Audio-Visual Aids.** The study of films, filmstrips, and other materials suitable to the preschool child and the development of skills in operating audio-visual equipment. Artistic preparation and display of materials for children and parents.

**115-2 Art and Music.** Creative arts materials suitable for the preschool child and methods of presentation. Appropriate musical instruments and experiences. Development of projects; their presentation and evaluation in preschool centers.

**117-6 (3, 3) Science and Nature.** (a) Introduction to general knowledge in biological and natural sciences that the student must know to develop experiences for the child under seven. (b) The development of projects in the natural and physical sciences appropriate to the young child; their presentation and evaluation in preschool centers. Must be taken in a,b sequence.
203-3 Parent and Community. Through contacts, both individual and group, the student experiences ways of working with the parents of children under seven. Some focus is given to the relationship of community agencies to educational centers and parents. Prerequisites: 101, 109, or consent of adviser.

207-4 Administration of Preschool Centers. Policy and ethics of the preschool center, selection of personnel, records and record keeping, the purchase of appropriate equipment, toys and materials, state regulations and licensing. Prerequisite: consent of adviser.

209-4 Preschool Practicum. Field experience in a preschool center combined with total program planning and child guidance. Prerequisite: sixth quarter standing or consent of adviser.

211-4 Socially Disadvantaged Child. Sociology of the disadvantaged and special needs of the preschool child.
Faculty

Business Division

Accounting

Professors Vern Vincent, Ph.D.; Stuart White, A.M., J.D.
Associate Professors James Eaton, Ph.D.; Irwin Jarett, Ph.D. (Chairman);
Richard Milles, M.S.C., C.P.A.
Assistant Professors Peter Goulet, Ph.D.; Burton Nissing, M.S., C.P.A.
Instructor Larry Dann, M.B.A., C.P.A.

Business Administration

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M.S.

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Faculty

Education Division / 175


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Air Force ROTC

Adjunct Assistant Professors Lt. Colonel James F. Eberwine; Major Edward G. Blahous.
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